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CLASS OF 1862

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Dartmouth College

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1858—1909

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# Dartmouth College

## Sketches of the Class of 1862

BY

HORACE STUART CUMMINGS

1909

2c

WASHINGTON, D. C.  
GEO. E. HOWARD PRESS  
1909



1862 29

CLASSMATES:

The Class of 1862 never had any class organization while in college, and has had no meeting, organization, secretary, or records since graduation.

All we have known of each other since leaving college has been by rumor and by casual intercourse.

Believing it would be a pleasure to us who are living to know in detail the lives of our classmates, I undertook the labor of collecting the necessary information, and, as the result of much time, more patience, and nearly four hundred letters and communications, I am able to present to you this volume, which, I hope, may be pleasant reading to all.

The facts and dates are given as reported to me, and I hope they may be found correct.

I am indebted to Professor Eastman, of the Scientific Class, for aid in collecting the sketches of the graduates of the Chandler School.

I especially thank those of the class who have aided me by their prompt replies, and those who have given me information concerning others.

With a sincere wish for the prosperity of "1862," I remain,

Yours truly,

HORACE STUART CUMMINGS.

Washington, D. C.,

June 15, 1884.

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By the purest accident, this second Class Book of '62 goes to the printer exactly twenty-five years after I wrote the above note.

This second book required the writing of more letters than the first, and, even so, the information is not as complete in some instances as I wish it were.

To my indebtedness to many of the class has to be added that to many others. All whose aid has been asked have responded courteously.

On account of the impairment of my eyesight, it has been impracticable for me either to read or write, and this has made the compilation of the book involve much more care, labor, and time than I anticipated.

I hope that this new edition will prove accurate in its statements, and that it will bring pleasure to those who are living and to the friends of those who are gone, and, if so, I shall feel repaid for the time and anxiety that I have expended upon it.

With the best wishes for the Class of 1862, I am,

Most sincerely yours,

HORACE STUART CUMMINGS.

June 15, 1909.



FACULTY AND INSTRUCTORS

OF

**Dartmouth College**

**1858-1862**

REV. NATHAN LORD, D.D.

*President*

DIXI CROSBY, M.D.

*Professor of Surgery, Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women and Children*

REV. ROSWELL SHURTLEFF, D.D.

*Professor Emeritus of Moral Philosophy and Political Economy*

EDWARD ELISHA PHELPS, M.D., LL.D.

*Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic and  
Pathological Anatomy*

HON. ISAAC FLETCHER REDFIELD, LL.D.

*Professor of Medical Jurisprudence*

ALBERT SMITH, M.D.

*Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics*

ALPHEUS CROSBY, A.M.

*Professor Emeritus of the Greek Language and Literature*

IRA YOUNG, A.M.

*Appleton Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy. [Died 1858.]*

OLIVER PAYSON HUBBARD, M.D.

*Hall Professor of Mineralogy and Geology, and Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy*

REV. CLEMENT LONG, D.D., LL.D.

*Professor of Intellectual Philosophy and Political Economy*

REV. SAMUEL GILMAN BROWN, D.D.

*Evans Professor of Oratory and Belles Lettres*

EDWIN DAVID SANBORN, A.M.

*Professor of Latin, Etc. [Resigned 1859.]*

REV. DANIEL JAMES NOYES, D.D.

*Phillips Professor of Theology*

EDMUND RANDOLPH PEASLEE, M.D.

*Professor of Anatomy and Physiology*

JOHN SMITH WOODMAN, A.M.

*Professor of Civil Engineering*

REV. JOHN NEWTON PUTNAM, A.M.

*Professor of the Greek Language and Literature*

JAMES WILLIS PATTERSON, A.M.

*Professor of Mathematics, 1858-60; Astronomy and Meteorology from 1860*

REV. HENRY FAIRBANKS, A.M.

*Appleton Professor of Natural Philosophy from 1859*

REV. CHARLES AUGUSTUS AIKEN, A.M.

*Professor of the Latin Language and Literature from 1859*

JOHN RILEY VARNEY, A.B.

*Professor of Mathematics from 1860*

WILLIAM ALFRED PACKARD, A.M.

*Professor of Modern Languages from 1860*

WALBRIDGE A. FIELD, A.M.

*Tutor Mathematics (1858)*

CHARLES HENRY BOYD, A.B.

*Tutor Mathematics (1859-60)*

SAMUEL AUGUSTUS DUNCAN, A.B.

*Tutor of the Latin and Greek Languages from 1860*

WARREN ROBERT COCHRANE, A.B.

*Tutor of Mathematics (1861)*

OLIVER PAYSON HUBBARD, A.M.

*Librarian*

DANIEL BLAISDELL, A.M.

*Treasurer*

## FRESHMEN

| <i>Name</i>                   | <i>Residence</i>         | <i>Room</i>       |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Allen, Galen.....             | Acworth.....             | Mr. Watson's      |
| Bailey, William Frederic..... | Jaffrey.....             | Mrs. Corey's      |
| Barton, Ira McLaughlin.....   | Newport.....             | Mr. J. Dudley's   |
| Brown, Calvin Smith.....      | Seabrook.....            | W. H., 13         |
| Chase, Levi Gilbert.....      | Loudon.....              | W. H., 7          |
| Clark, Daniel Campbell.....   | Orford.....              | Mr. Corey's       |
| Clark, James Adams.....       | Franklin.....            | Miss McMurphy's   |
| Clement, Charles Russell....  | Woodstock, Vt.....       | Miss Freeman's    |
| Collins, William Z.....       | Darien, Ga.....          | Mr. Richardson's  |
| Crane, Amos Waters.....       | Toledo, Ohio.....        | Mr. Pinneo's      |
| Cross, Oliver Lyford.....     | Northfield.....          | Miss McMurphy's   |
| Cummings, Horace Stuart...    | Exeter.....              | Hanover Hotel     |
| Davidson, Milon.....          | Acworth.....             | Mr. Watson's      |
| Davis, David Franklin.....    | Nottingham.....          | Hanover Hotel, 13 |
| Eveleth, Frederic Wood....    | Fitchburg, Mass.....     | W. H., 15         |
| Fairbanks, William Paddock..  | St. Johnsbury, Vt.....   | Mr. G. W. Dewey's |
| Fellows, Stark.....           | East Weare.....          | Mr. Osgood's      |
| Folsom, David.....            | Derry.....               | Mr. Clifford's    |
| French, James.....            | Hartford, Vt.....        | Dr. Hill's        |
| Gage, Nathaniel Parker.....   | North Hampton.....       | Miss Hawkins'     |
| Gates, Clarence Dyer.....     | Cambridge, Vt.....       | Mr. Walker's      |
| Gleason, Edgar.....           | Thetford, Vt.....        | Mr. Gove's        |
| Goodwin, Octavius Barrell...  | Dayton, Me.....          | Mr. Walker's      |
| Haynes, David Arthur.....     | Alexandria.....          | Mr. Osgood's      |
| Hubbard, Grosvenor Silliman.. | Hanover.....             | Prof. Hubbard's   |
| Hunt, Simeon.....             | Seekonk, Mass.....       | W. H., 7          |
| Johnson, William Edward...    | Woodstock, Vt.....       | Miss Freeman's    |
| Lake, Arthur Sewall.....      | Loudon Centre.....       | Prof. Sanborn's   |
| Lamprey, Henry Phelps.....    | Concord.....             | Mr. Clement's     |
| Leonard, Orville Rinaldo....  | Rochester, Vt.....       | Miss McMurphy's   |
| Marden, Henry.....            | New Boston.....          | Dr. Shurtleff's   |
| McLeran, Benjamin.....        | Barnet, Vt.....          | D. H., 19         |
| Merrill, Noah Lane.....       | Hopkinton.....           | Mr. Haskell's     |
| Milligan, John Wesley.....    | Braddock's Field, Pa.... | Mr. Walker's      |
| Milligan, Joseph Robert....   | Braddock's Field, Pa.... | Mr. Walker's      |
| Morrill, George Washington..  | East Weare.....          | Miss Freeman's    |
| Morris, Samuel Jones.....     | Rockville, Pa.....       | Mr. Walker's      |

| <i>Name</i>              | <i>Residence</i> | <i>Room</i>      |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Noyes, Gilman*           | Atkinson         | Miss Everett's   |
| Palmer, Charles Myron    | Orfordville      | Miss Freeman's   |
| Palmer, Edwin Franklin   | Waitsfield, Vt.  | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Parker, Retire Hathorn   | Exeter           | Miss Hawkins'    |
| Patch, George Bela       | Hartford, Vt.    | Mr. Clement's    |
| Peck, William Henry      | Lyndon, Vt.      | Mr. Pinneo's     |
| Pember, Jay Read         | Randolph, Vt.    | Tontine          |
| Potter, Alvah Kimball    | East Concord     | Dr. Shurtleff's  |
| Putnam, Samuel Porter    | Pembroke         | Mr. Haskell's    |
| Somes, Arthur Hubbard    | Manchester       | W. H., 13        |
| Stevens, John Sanborn    | Hardwick, Vt.    | Miss Hawkins'    |
| Symmes, Algernon Sydney  | Ryegate, Vt.     | Mr. Watson's     |
| Town, Chauncey Warriner  | Montpelier, Vt.  | Mr. Walker's     |
| Walker, Augustus Chapman | North Barnstead  | Mr. Richardson's |
| Warren, John Sidney      | Wolfboro         | Mr. Pelton's     |
| White, Randall Hobart    | Peru, N. Y.      | T. H., 15        |

FRESHMEN: 53

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\*Partial course

## SOPHOMORES

| <i>Name</i>                   | <i>Residence</i>     | <i>Room</i>       |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Allen, Galen.....             | Acworth.....         | Tontine, 12       |
| Allen, James Franklin.....    | Hopkinton.....       | Hanover Hotel, 24 |
| Bailey, Frederic William..... | Jaffrey.....         | Mrs. Powers'      |
| Banfield, Joshua Stuart.....  | Dover.....           | Mr. Powers'       |
| Bouttelle, David Emory.....   | Tully, N. Y.....     | Mr. Osgood's      |
| Brown, Calvin Smith.....      | Seabrook.....        | T. H., 13         |
| Chase, Charles W.....         | Meredith.....        | Mr. Osgood's      |
| Chase, Howard Malcolm.....    | Stratham.....        | T. H., 15         |
| Chase, Levi Gilbert.....      | Loudon.....          | W. H., 21         |
| Clark, James Adams.....       | Franklin.....        | T. H., 22         |
| Clement, Charles Russell....  | Woodstock, Vt.....   | D. H., 14         |
| Collins, William Z.....       | Darien, Ga.....      | W. H., 11         |
| Crane, Amos Waters.....       | Toledo, Ohio.....    | D. H., 20         |
| Cross, Oliver Lyford.....     | Northfield.....      | Mr. Carter's      |
| Cummings, Horace Stuart...    | Exeter.....          | W. H., 13         |
| Davidson, Milon.....          | Acworth.....         | Tontine, 14       |
| Davis, David Franklin.....    | Nottingham.....      | Major Tenney's    |
| Dudley, Jason Henry.....      | Hanover.....         | Mr. Dudley's      |
| Emerson, Luther Wilson.....   | Candia.....          | Tontine, 10       |
| Eveleth, Frederic Wood.....   | Fitchburg, Mass..... | Mr. Powers'       |
| Farr, George.....             | Littleton.....       | Gates House, 3    |
| Fellows, George Marshall....  | New Hampton.....     | W. H., 19         |
| Fellows, Stark.....           | East Weare.....      | Mr. Richardson's  |
| Folsom, David.....            | Derry.....           | Mr. Wainwright's  |
| French, James.....            | Hartford, Vt.....    | Dr. Hill's        |
| Gage, Nathaniel Parker.....   | North Hampton.....   | W. H., 13         |
| Gates, Clarence Dyer.....     | Cambridge, Vt.....   | Gates House, 7    |
| Gill, George Fuller.....      | Exeter.....          | T. H., 24         |
| Goodwin, Octavius Barrell...  | Dayton, Me.....      | Mr. Haynes'       |
| Haynes, David Arthur.....     | Alexandria.....      | W. H., 19         |
| Hobbs, George Frank.....      | Wakefield.....       | Mrs. Corey's      |
| Hubbard, Grosvenor Silliman.. | Hanover.....         | Prof. Hubbard's   |
| Hunt, Simeon.....             | Seekonk, Mass.....   | W. H., 21         |
| Ingraham, Andrew.....         | New Bedford, Mass... | Mr. Dow's         |
| Johnson, William Edward....   | Woodstock, Vt.....   | D. H., 14         |
| Kingsbury, Josiah Weare....   | Tamworth.....        | T. H., 15         |
| Lake, Arthur Sewall.....      | Loudon Centre.....   | Prof. Sanborn's   |
| Lamprey, Henry Phelps.....    | Concord.....         | Mr. Clement's     |
| Leonard, Orville Rinaldo....  | Rochester, Vt.....   | Mr. Dewey's       |
| Marden, Henry.....            | New Boston.....      | Dr. Shurtleff's   |

| <i>Name</i>                  | <i>Residence</i>       | <i>Room</i>       |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| McKowen, John.....           | Jackson, La.....       | Mr. Watson's      |
| McLeran, Benjamin.....       | Barnet, Vt.....        | D. H., 20         |
| Milligan, John Wesley.....   | Braddock's Field, Pa.. | Mr. R. Smith's    |
| Milligan, Joseph Robert..... | Braddock's Field, Pa.. | Mr. R. Smith's    |
| Morrill, George Washington.. | East Weare.....        | Mr. Richardson's  |
| Morris, Samuel Jones.....    | Rockville, Pa.....     | Mr. Walker's      |
| Palmer, Charles Myron.....   | Orfordville.....       | Mr. Walker's      |
| Palmer, Edwin Franklin.....  | Waitsfield, Vt.....    | Mr. Gilman's      |
| Parker, Retire Hathorn.....  | Exeter.....            | Miss Hawkins'     |
| Patch, George Bela.....      | Hartford, Vt.....      | Mr. Clement's     |
| Peck, William Henry.....     | Lyndon, Vt.....        | W. H., 18         |
| Pember, Jay Read.....        | Randolph, Vt.....      | T. H., 24         |
| Potter, Alvah Kimball.....   | East Concord.....      | Mrs. Demman's     |
| Putnam, Samuel Porter.....   | Pembroke.....          | Mr. Haskell's     |
| Richardson, George Lovell... | East Medway, Mass...   | Gates House, 13   |
| Sanborn, John Jay.....       | Charlestown, Va.....   | Mr. Osgood's      |
| Somes, Arthur Hubbard....    | Manchester.....        | T. H., 13         |
| Stevens, John Sanborn.....   | Hardwick, Vt.....      | Mr. Powers'       |
| Symmes, Algernon Sydney*..   | Ryegate, Vt.....       | Tontine           |
| Taylor, George Harvey.....   | Andover, Mass.....     | Miss Freeman's    |
| Tebbetts, John Arthur.....   | Hopkinton.....         | Mr. Haskell's     |
| Tibbetts, Charles Henry....  | Fryeburg, Me.....      | Mr. Haskell's     |
| Town, Chauncey Warriner...   | Montpelier, Vt.....    | Mr. Walker's      |
| Tuck, Edward.....            | Exeter.....            | Prof. Patterson's |
| Walker, Augustus Chapman..   | North Barnstead.....   | Mr. L. Dewey's    |
| Warren, John Sidney.....     | Wolfboro.....          | Mr. Pelton's      |
| White, Randall Hobart.....   | Peru, N. Y.....        | Mr. Gilman's      |
| Wiggin, Augustus Wiswall..   | Wakefield.....         | Mrs. Corey's      |

SOPHOMORES : 68

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\*Deceased

## JUNIORS

| <i>Name</i>                   | <i>Residence</i>        | <i>Room</i>      |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Allen, Galen.....             | Acworth.....            | Tontine          |
| Allen, James Franklin.....    | Hopkinton.....          | D. H., 7         |
| Alvord, Augustus.....         | Bolton, Conn.....       | T. H., 18        |
| Bailey, Frederic William..... | Jaffrey.....            | Mr. Powers'      |
| Banfield, Joshua Stuart.....  | Dover.....              | Mr. Walker's     |
| Bouttelle, David Emory.....   | Tully, N. Y.....        | Major Tenney's   |
| Brown, Calvin Smith.....      | Seabrook.....           | T. H., 16        |
| Chase, Howard Malcolm.....    | Stratham.....           | Major Tenney's   |
| Chase, Levi Gilbert.....      | Loudon.....             | W. H., 21        |
| Chase, Thomas Noyes.....      | West Newbury, Mass..... | D. H., 16        |
| Clark, James Adams.....       | Franklin.....           | D. H., 8         |
| Clarke, Stephen Wells.....    | Pittsfield.....         | Mr. Osgood's     |
| Clement, Charles Russell....  | Woodstock, Vt.....      | D. H., 14        |
| Crane, Amos Waters.....       | Toledo, Ohio.....       | D. H., 18        |
| Cross, Oliver Lyford.....     | Northfield.....         | Mr. Carter's     |
| Cummings, Horace Stuart....   | Exeter.....             | D. H., 9         |
| Davidson, Milon.....          | Acworth.....            | Tontine          |
| Davis, David Franklin.....    | Nottingham.....         | Major Tenney's   |
| Dudley, Jason Henry.....      | Hanover.....            | Mr. Dudley's     |
| Emerson, Luther Wilson.....   | Candia.....             | D. H., 10        |
| Eveleth, Frederic Wood.....   | Fitchburg, Mass.....    | T. H., 20        |
| Farr, George.....             | Littleton.....          | T. H., 18        |
| Fellows, George Marshall....  | New Hampton.....        | W. H., 19        |
| Fellows, Stark.....           | East Weare.....         | Mr. Richardson's |
| Follett, Harmon Dewey.....    | Allegan, Mich.....      | Mrs. Nichols'    |
| Folsom, David.....            | Derry.....              | Mr. Wainwright's |
| French, James.....            | Hartford, Vt.....       | Dr. Hill's       |
| Gage, Nathaniel Parker.....   | North Hampton.....      | W. H., 16        |
| Gill, George Fuller.....      | Exeter.....             | W. H., 24        |
| Goodwin, Octavius Barrell.... | Dayton, Me.....         | Mr. Haynes'      |
| Hobbs, George Frank.....      | Wakefield.....          | D. H., 2         |
| Hubbard, Grosvenor Silliman.. | Hanover.....            | Mrs. Chase's     |
| Hunt, Simeon.....             | Rehoboth, Mass.....     | Mr. Haines'      |
| Ingraham, Andrew.....         | New Bedford, Mass....   | Mr. Dow's        |
| Johnson, William Edward....   | Woodstock, Vt.....      | D. H., 14        |
| Kingsbury, Josiah Weare....   | Tamworth.....           | T. H., 12        |
| Lake, Arthur Sewall.....      | Loudon Centre.....      | Prof. Sanborn's  |
| Lamprey, Henry Phelps.....    | Concord.....            | Tontine, 9       |
| Leonard, Orville Rinaldo....  | Rochester, Vt.....      | Mr. L. Dewey's   |
| Marden, Henry.....            | New Boston.....         | Mr. Walker's     |

| <i>Name</i>                  | <i>Residence</i>       | <i>Room</i>      |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| McKowen, John.....           | Jackson, La.....       | Mr. Coffee's     |
| McLeran, Benjamin.....       | Barnet, Vt.....        | D. H., 18        |
| Milligan, John Wesley.....   | Braddock's Field, Pa.. | Mrs. Chase's     |
| Milligan, Joseph Robert..... | Braddock's Field, Pa.. | Mrs. Chase's     |
| Morrill, George Washington.. | East Weare.....        | Mr. Richardson's |
| Morris, Samuel Jones.....    | Rockville, Pa.....     | D. H., 11        |
| Palmer, Charles Myron.....   | Orfordville.....       | Mr. Walker's     |
| Palmer, Edwin Franklin.....  | Waitsfield, Vt.....    | Mr. Gilman's     |
| Patch, George Bela.....      | Hartford, Vt.....      | D. H., 16        |
| Peck, William Henry.....     | Lyndon, Vt.....        | W. H., 24        |
| Pember, Jay Read.....        | Randolph, Vt.....      | T. H., 24        |
| Potter, Alvah Kimball.....   | East Concord.....      | Mr. Cobb's       |
| Putnam, Samuel Porter.....   | Pembroke.....          | Mr. Haskell's    |
| Richardson, George Lovell... | East Medway, Mass...   | W. H., 16        |
| Somes, Arthur Hubbard.....   | Manchester.....        | T. H., 16        |
| Stevens, John Sanborn.....   | Hardwick, Vt.....      | Mrs. Chase's     |
| Taylor, George Harvey.....   | Andover, Mass.....     | Mr. Powers'      |
| Tebbetts, John Arthur.....   | Hopkinton.....         | Mr. Haskell's    |
| Tibbetts, Charles Henry..... | Fryeburg, Me.....      | Mr. Haskell's    |
| Town, Chauncey Warriner...   | Montpelier, Vt.....    | D. H., 11        |
| Tuck, Edward.....            | Exeter.....            | W. H., 17        |
| Walker, Augustus Chapman..   | North Barnstead.....   | Mr. L. Dewey's   |
| Warren, John Sidney.....     | Wolfboro.....          | Mr. Pelton's     |
| White, Randall Hobart.....   | Peru, N. Y.....        | Mr. Gilman's     |
| Wiggin, Augustus Wiswall..   | Wakefield.....         | D. H., 2         |

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JUNIORS: 65

## SENIORS

| <i>Name</i>                   | <i>Residence</i>       | <i>Room</i>      |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Allen, Galen.....             | Acworth.....           | Mr. Gove's       |
| Allen, James Franklin.....    | Hopkinton.....         | D. H., 7         |
| Alvord, Augustus.....         | Bolton, Conn.....      | T. H., 18        |
| Bailey, Frederic William..... | Jaffrey.....           | Observatory      |
| Banfield, Joshua Stuart.....  | Dover.....             | Mr. Gilman's     |
| Bouttelle, David Emory.....   | Tully, N. Y.....       | Major Tenney's   |
| Brown, Calvin Smith.....      | Seabrook.....          | D. H., 17        |
| Chase, Howard Malcolm.....    | Stratham.....          | Major Tenney's   |
| Chase, Levi Gilbert.....      | Loudon.....            | T. H., 19        |
| Chase, Thomas Noyes.....      | West Newbury, Mass.    | Mr. Haskell's    |
| Clark, James Adams.....       | Franklin.....          | D. H., 1         |
| Clarke, Stephen Wells.....    | Pittsfield.....        | Mr. Osgood's     |
| Clement, Charles Russell....  | Woodstock, Vt.....     | T. H., 9         |
| Crane, Amos Waters.....       | Toledo, Ohio.....      | D. H., 15        |
| Cross, Oliver Lyford.....     | Northfield.....        | R. H., 1         |
| Cummings, Horace Stuart....   | Exeter.....            | R. H., 2         |
| Davidson, Milon.....          | Acworth.....           | Tontine          |
| Davis, David Franklin.....    | Nottingham.....        | Major Tenney's   |
| Dudley, Jason Henry.....      | Hanover.....           | Mr. Dudley's     |
| Emerson, Luther Wilson.....   | Candia.....            | R. H., 9         |
| Eveleth, Frederic Wood.....   | Fitchburg, Mass.....   | R. H., 10        |
| Farr, George.....             | Littleton.....         | T. H., 18        |
| Fellows, George Marshall....  | New Hampton.....       | R. H., 10        |
| Fellows, Stark.....           | East Weare.....        | Mr. Page's       |
| Folsom, David.....            | Derry.....             | Mr. Wainwright's |
| French, James.....            | Hartford, Vt.....      | R. H., 6         |
| Gage, Nathaniel Parker....    | North Hampton.....     | R. H., 7         |
| Gill, George Fuller.....      | Exeter.....            | D. H., 17        |
| Goodwin, Octavius Barrell.... | Biddeford, Me.....     | D. H., 6         |
| Hobbs, George Frank.....      | Wakefield.....         | Mr. Cobb's       |
| Hubbard, Grosvenor Silliman.. | Hanover.....           | R. H., 3         |
| Hunt, Simeon.....             | Rehoboth, Mass.....    | Mr. Wainwright's |
| Ingraham, Andrew.....         | New Bedford, Mass....  | Mr. Cobb's       |
| Johnson, William Edward....   | Woodstock, Vt.....     | T. H., 9         |
| Kingsbury, Josiah Weare....   | Tamworth.....          | T. H., 10        |
| Lake, Arthur Sewall.....      | Loudon Centre.....     | Prof. Sanborn's  |
| Lamprey, Henry Phelps.....    | Concord.....           | Tontine, 9       |
| Marden, Henry.....            | New Boston.....        | R. H., 8         |
| McLeran, Benjamin.....        | Barnet, Vt.....        | D. H., 15        |
| Milligan, John Wesley.....    | Braddock's Field, Pa.. | Mrs. Chase's     |

|                              |                        |               |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Milligan, Joseph Robert..... | Braddock's Field, Pa.. | Mrs. Chase's  |
| Morrill, George Washington.. | East Weare.....        | R. H., 5      |
| Palmer, Charles Myron.....   | Orfordville.....       | R. H., 8      |
| Palmer, Edwin Franklin.....  | Waitsfield, Vt.....    | Gates House   |
| Patch, George Bela.....      | Hartford, Vt.....      | Mr. Haskell's |
| Peck, William Henry.....     | Lyndon, Vt.....        | W. H., 24     |
| Pember, Jay Read.....        | Randolph, Vt.....      | T. H., 24     |
| Potter, Alvah Kimball.....   | East Concord.....      | Mrs. Brown's  |
| Richardson, George Lovell... | East Medway, Mass...   | R. H., 7      |
| Somes, Arthur Hubbard....    | Manchester.....        | Mr. Currier's |
| Stevens, John Sanborn.....   | Hardwick, Vt.....      | Observatory   |
| Taylor, George Harvey.....   | Andover, Mass.....     | Mrs. Chase's  |
| Town, Chauncey Warriner...   | Montpelier, Vt.....    | D. H., 11     |
| Tuck, Edward.....            | Exeter.....            | W. H., 17     |
| Warren, John Sidney.....     | Rochester.....         | R. H., 1      |
| White, Randall Hobart.....   | Peru, N. Y.....        | Gates House   |
| Wiggin, Augustus Wiswall...  | Wakefield.....         | D. H., 12     |

SENIORS: 57

# CHANDLER

## SCIENTIFIC DEPARTMENT

### FOURTH CLASS

| <i>Name</i>                  | <i>Residence</i>     | <i>Room</i>      |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Bartholomew, Henry Luzerne.. | Fowler, Ill.....     | Mr. Cobb's       |
| Douglass, Charles Lee.....   | Hanover.....         | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Ferguson, Alfred Harrison... | South Berwick, Me... | Gates House, 13  |
| Fessenden, William Henry...  | Boston, Mass.....    | Mr. Haynes'      |
| Heilge, Charles Curtis.....  | Boston, Mass.....    | Mr. Haynes'      |
| Livingston, Augustus.....    | Lowell, Mass.....    | Mrs. Shattuck's  |
| Morse, James Wellman.....    | New York City.....   | Mrs. Morse's     |
| Potter, Wilkins Updike.....  | Coventry, R. I.....  | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Sanborn, Josiah Bean.....    | Tamworth.....        | Mr. Carpenter's  |
| Staples, John A.....         | Biddeford, Me.....   | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Thompson, Charles William..  | Barnstead.....       | Mr. Wainwright's |
| Wadsworth, Allen Bradford..  | Hiram, Me.....       | Mr. Corey's      |

FOURTH CLASS: 12

## THIRD CLASS

| <i>Name</i>                  | <i>Residence</i>        | <i>Room</i>      |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Aldrich, Wm. H. Harrison...  | North Scituate, R. I... | Mr. Cobb's       |
| Baldwin, William Henry.....  | Nashua.....             | Gates House, 15  |
| Bartholomew, Henry Luzerne.. | Fowler, Ill.....        | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Bingham, Charles Edward....  | Claremont.....          | Mr. Pinneo's     |
| Church, William B.....       | Frankfort, Ky.....      | Mr. Walker's     |
| Darling, George Edward....   | St. Stephen, N. B.....  | Miss Freeman's   |
| Douglass, Charles Lee.....   | Hanover.....            | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Fellows, Charles Melroy....  | Northumberland.....     | Mrs. Corey's     |
| Ferguson, Alfred Harrison... | South Berwick.....      | Mrs. Corey's     |
| Ferris, Valentine Penniman.. | Swanton, Vt.....        | Gates House, 6   |
| Fessenden, William Henry...  | Boston, Mass.....       | Mr. Gove's       |
| Furniss, William Henry....   | Williamsburg, N. Y..    | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Gould, James Payson.....     | Phillipston, Mass....   | Mr. Walker's     |
| Heilge, Charles Curtis.....  | Boston, Mass.....       | Mr. Rand's       |
| Hopkins, John.....           | Gloucester, England..   | Elm Cottage      |
| Livingston, Augustus.....    | Lowell, Mass.....       | L. H., 5         |
| Potter, Wilkins Updike.....  | Coventry, R. I.....     | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Staples, John A.....         | Biddeford, Me.....      | Mr. Pinneo's     |
| Thompson, Charles William..  | Barnstead.....          | Mr. Wainwright's |
| Wadsworth, Allen Bradford..  | Hiram, Me.....          | Mr. Corey's      |
| Welles, Samuel.....          | Glastonbury, Conn....   | Miss Freeman's   |
| Young, Edward Bentley.....   | Reading, Mass.....      | Mr. L. Dewey's   |

THIRD CLASS: 22

## SECOND CLASS

| <i>Name</i>                  | <i>Residence</i>       | <i>Room</i>      |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Baldwin, William Henry.....  | Nashua.....            | T. H., 2         |
| Bartholomew, Henry Luzerne.. | Fowler, Ill.....       | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Darling, George Edward.....  | St. Stephen, N. B..... | L. H., 5         |
| Douglass, Charles Lee.....   | Hanover.....           | Mrs. Douglass'   |
| Eastman, John Robie.....     | Andover.....           | Gates House, 12  |
| Fellows, Charles Melroy..... | Northumberland.....    | Mrs. Corey's     |
| Ferris, Valentine Penniman.. | Swanton, Vt.....       | Gates House      |
| Gould, James Payson.....     | Phillipston, Mass....  | Mr. Powers'      |
| Haskins, Leander Miller..... | Rockport, Mass.....    | Mrs. Corey's     |
| Heilge, Charles Curtis.....  | Boston, Mass.....      | Mr. Rand's       |
| Hopkins, John.....           | Gloucester, England..  | L. H., 5         |
| Potter, Wilkins Updike.....  | Coventry, R. I.....    | Mr. Wainwright's |
| Staples, John A.....         | Biddeford, Me.....     | Mr. Haynes'      |
| Welles, Samuel.....          | Glastonbury, Conn....  | Mrs. Corey's     |
| Young, Edward Bentley.....   | Reading, Mass.....     | Mr. Haskell's    |

SECOND CLASS: 15

## FIRST CLASS

| <i>Name</i>                  | <i>Residence</i>       | <i>Room</i>       |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Baldwin, William Henry....   | Nashua.....            | T. H., 1          |
| Darling, George Edward.....  | St. Stephen, N. B..... | L. H., 5          |
| Eastman, John Robie.....     | Andover.....           | Gates House       |
| Fellows, Charles Melroy..... | Northumberland.....    | Mrs. Corey's      |
| Ferris, Valentine Penniman.. | Swanton, Vt.....       | Gates House       |
| Gould, James Payson.....     | Phillipston, Mass..... | Mr. Powers'       |
| Haskins, Leander Miller..... | Rockport, Mass.....    | Gates House       |
| Heilge, Charles Curtis.....  | Boston, Mass.....      | Mr. Richardson's  |
| Hopkins, John.....           | Gloucester, England..  | Mr. G. W. Dewey's |
| Staples, John A.....         | Biddeford, Me.....     | Mr. Haynes'       |
| Welles, Samuel.....          | Glastonbury, Conn....  | Mr. Haynes'       |
| Young, Edward Bentley.....   | Reading, Mass.....     | Academy, 8        |

FIRST CLASS: 12

# PUBLIC SOCIETIES

## CLASS OF 1862

### THEOLOGICAL SOCIETY

|                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|
| G. Allen       | J. W. Kingsbury  |
| J. F. Allen    | A. S. Lake       |
| A. Alvord      | H. P. Lamprey    |
| J. S. Banfield | H. Marden        |
| H. M. Chase    | B. McLeran       |
| T. N. Chase    | C. M. Palmer     |
| W. Z. Collins  | E. F. Palmer     |
| A. W. Crane    | G. B. Patch      |
| M. Davidson    | A. K. Potter     |
| L. W. Emerson  | G. L. Richardson |
| D. Folsom      | A. H. Somes      |
| J. French      | J. S. Stevens    |
| N. P. Gage     | A. C. Walker     |

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### HANDEL SOCIETY

[1862]

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| D. Folsom       | N. P. Gage    |
| W. H. Fessenden | O. R. Leonard |
| A. C. Walker    |               |

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### SCYLLA BOAT CLUB

[1862]

Boat pulls six oars; built by Reed, of Charlestown

|                                   |                                       |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| C. W. TOWN, <i>First Coxswain</i> | C. R. CLEMENT, <i>Second Coxswain</i> |
| G. W. MORRILL, <i>Purser</i>      |                                       |
| C. S. Brown                       | O. B. Goodwin                         |
| J. A. Clark                       | W. E. Johnson                         |
| O. L. Cross                       | J. W. Milligan                        |
| S. Fellows                        | S. J. Morris                          |
| C. D. Gates                       | S. P. Putnam                          |
| G. H. Taylor                      |                                       |

## SCIENTIFIC DEPARTMENT

## PHILOTECHNIC SOCIETY

[1862]

W. H. Baldwin  
G. E. Darling  
J. R. Eastman  
C. M. Fellows  
V. P. Ferris

J. P. Gould  
L. M. Haskins  
J. Hopkins  
J. A. Staples  
S. Welles

E. B. Young

# SECRET SOCIETIES

OF

## Dartmouth College

CLASS OF 1862

### PSI UPSILON

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Charles W. Chase  | Henry Marden       |
| Stephen W. Clarke | Edwin F. Palmer    |
| Oliver L. Cross   | Retire H. Parker   |
| Luther W. Emerson | Samuel P. Putnam   |
| Arthur D. Haynes  | Edward Tuck        |
| George F. Hobbs   | John S. Warren     |
| Henry P. Lamprey  | Augustus W. Wiggin |

---

### KAPPA KAPPA KAPPA

|                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Levi G. Chase      | John W. Milligan   |
| Thomas N. Chase    | Joseph R. Milligan |
| George Farr        | George W. Morrill  |
| Stark Fellows      | Samuel J. Morris   |
| Simeon Hunt        | George B. Patch    |
| Orville R. Leonard | Chauncey W. Town   |
| John C. McKowen    | Augustus C. Walker |

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### ALPHA DELTA PHI

|                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| James F. Allen      | Benjamin McLeran  |
| Frederick W. Bailey | Charles M. Palmer |
| David E. Boutelle   | Alvah K. Potter   |
| Amos W. Crane       | John J. Sanborn   |
| G. S. Hubbard       | John S. Stevens   |
| Arthur S. Lake      | George H. Taylor  |

## DELTA KAPPA EPSILON

|                    |                      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Augustus Alvord    | Fred. W. Eveleth     |
| Calvin S. Brown    | David Folsom         |
| Howard M. Chase    | Nathaniel P. Gage    |
| James A. Clark     | William E. Johnson   |
| Charles R. Clement | William H. Peck      |
| Horace S. Cummings | George L. Richardson |
| David F. Davis     | Arthur H. Somes      |

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ZETA PSI

|                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Galen Allen        | John A. Tebbetts    |
| Joshua S. Banfield | Charles H. Tibbetts |
| Milon Davidson     | Josiah W. Kingsbury |
| Harmon D. Follett  | J. Read Pember      |
| James French       | Randall H. White    |

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CHANDLER DEPARTMENT

## PHI ZETA MU

|                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| William H. Aldrich | Charles M. Fellows |
| Edward B. Young    |                    |

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SIGMA DELTA PI

|                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| William H. Baldwin  | James P. Gould      |
| H. L. Bartholomew   | Leander M. Haskins  |
| Charles E. Bingham  | Charles C. Heilge   |
| William B. Church   | Samuel Welles       |
| George E. Darling   | John Hopkins        |
| Charles L. Douglass | Augustus Livingston |
| John R. Eastman     | Wilkins U. Potter   |
| Alfred H. Ferguson  | John A. Staples     |
| Valentine P. Ferris | Charles W. Thompson |
| Wm. H. Fessenden    | Allen B. Wadsworth  |

## PHI BETA KAPPA

S. W. Clarke  
H. S. Cummings  
M. Davidson  
S. Fellows  
D. Folsom

G. S. Hubbard  
S. Hunt  
A. S. Lake  
C. M. Palmer  
J. S. Stevens

E. Tuck

# SOPHOMORE SUPPER

CLASS OF '62

HANOVER HOTEL, JULY 20, 1860

MUSIC

MANCHESTER CORNET BAND

|                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| PRESIDENT      | JOHN S. STEVENS     |
| ORATOR         | CALVIN S. BROWN     |
| POET           | GEORGE B. PATCH     |
| VICE-PRESIDENT | OCTAVIUS B. GOODWIN |
| MARSHAL        | JOHN J. SANBORN     |
| TOASTMASTER    | GEO. L. RICHARDSON  |

## COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS

|                  |                      |             |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| SAM. J. MORRIS   | JOHN W. MILLIGAN     | EDWARD TUCK |
| GEORGE H. TAYLOR | GROSVENOR S. HUBBARD |             |

CLASS DAY

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE

JULY 29, 1862

EXERCISES

THE CLASS WILL ENTER THE

COLLEGE CHURCH

AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

DAVID FOLSOM, MARSHAL

DERRY, N. H.

PRAYER BY PROF. J. W. PATTERSON

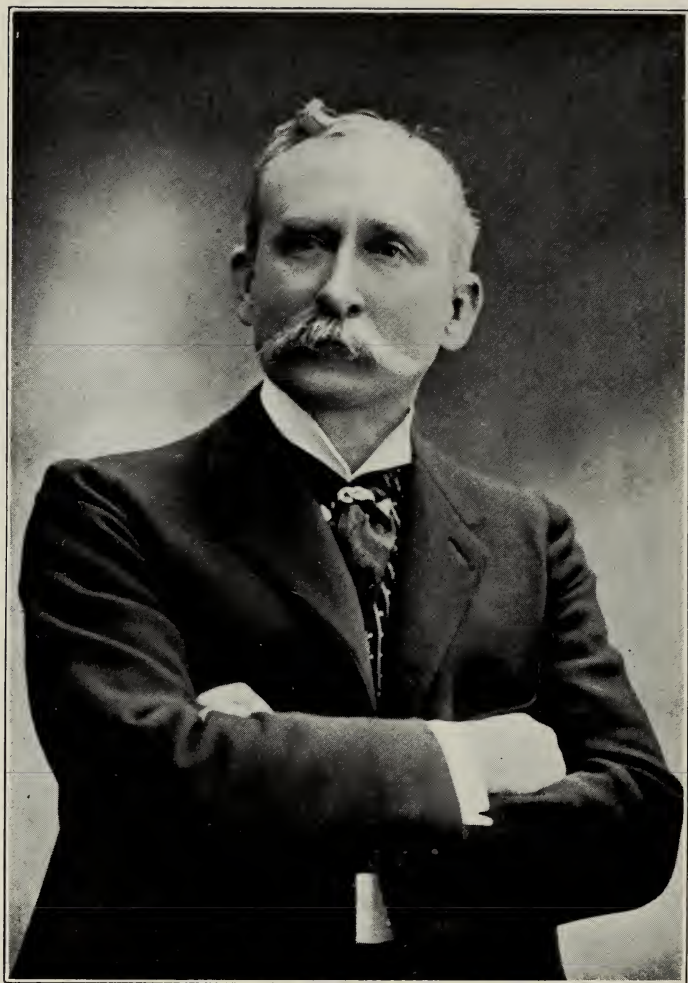
MUSIC

ORATION . . . .

EDWARD TUCK

EXETER, N. H.





EDWARD TUCK, 1862

# ORATION

BY EDWARD TUCK  
EXETER

When we first stood before those college halls, now so familiar, so unromantic, but then invested with the misty fancies which inexperience threw about them, we looked forward, with but a moment's thought, perhaps, to that distant day in the mysterious future, which is now so nearly upon us.

The broad expanse of years which lay between then and now, imagination filled with labors and pastimes widely different from those which an actual experience has revealed. Neither memory nor fancy will venture to paint the pleasant visions of individual attainment with which hope beckoned each of us forward. But we all, I am confident, firmly believed that there was then dawning a period of real acquisition in all the branches of study with which we were to be engaged. We all supposed that we were entering on a course which was certain to be marked from the first by a rapid increase of actual knowledge, and to be crowned in the end by an accumulation of learning, of which the curriculum of study was but an epitome. We looked upon the graduating student as the conscious embodiment of everything comprised in the departments of study, whether that of mathematics, or the languages, or the cabalistic mysteries of metaphysics; that syllogistic art, intended, as we believe, to supersede these common paths of weary thought, and help to reasoning by line and rule; as the embodiment, indeed, of each and all of the various elements of human learning which he had from time to time taken up, and by which he was made, to our minds, that usual result of a collegiate education, a gentleman and a scholar.

Such were our impressions as we stood on the threshold of our college course. From that day to this their original distinctness has been gradually fading away, less perceptibly at first, but ever since with increasing rapidity, and now, alas!

who of us shall be bold to assert, when two days hence, we shall be entitled to call ourselves journeymen in the arts, that we have advanced beyond the alphabet of human learning, in fact, more than in degree? Yet the view of a college education which regards the accumulation of positive knowledge to be its only true end, is very commonly entertained. So far as we regard it in this light, when at times we return in thought to the past and trace down the current of events to the present moment, we must feel sadly conscious of the imperfect fulfillment of these grand expectations once so fondly cherished. In this view, the anticipation has not proved the realization. But it is an error to suppose that education consists in mere acquirement. If that were its only end, to cultivate perception and memory rather than understanding and reason, would be the mission of universities.

But there are gains to be reckoned other than acquisition, other even than that evolution of mental faculties which a university education contemplates. A deeper and clearer insight into the walks of college life reveals sources of benefit which the generality never discern, and which even the observant few fail fully to appreciate.

Without attempting a particular delineation, let us seek to elucidate the general relations of collegiate experience to our growth and improvement *as men*, that we may not lose sight of these less obvious, but no less real advantages.

During the four years just past we have been almost entirely shut up in a little world by ourselves. We have been left free to pass through any mental transitions natural to our age and condition; to frame the general structure of our intellectual tastes, to remodel it as longer experience gave us clearer ideas; to cultivate our moral sentiments as the knowledge of men and things in their various relations has been imparted to us; to improve our social natures by the formation of particular friendships and the general intercourse of every-day association. We have adopted, confidently entertained, and at length cast aside many crude notions which it would have been impossible elsewhere to correct so substantially and so completely. In some of our opinions and dogmas, we have

employed unsuspectingly for a time a currency which the advantages of life here have since shown to be in reality unsound; and it is certainly not too much to hope that in the crucible of college experience a large portion of the dross, of which we must in some way rid ourselves, has been separated from the pure metal and cast aside forever. It was natural for us in the earlier stages of our course to form many ambitious projects of future proficiency in the regular studies, or perhaps in a more general course of reading. As we advanced, these plans, though never entirely abandoned, have yet been modified by progressing experience; and now, when we are about to bid farewell to our *alma mater*, we must acknowledge how much, of what we had hoped to do, we are constrained to leave undone. But this is not all *failure*. If particular aspirations have been defeated, their very defeat may have contributed to a general symmetry of growth rather than to an undue development of any single feature.

“I hold it truth with him who sings  
To one clear harp in divers tones,  
That men may rise on stepping stones  
Of their dead selves to higher things.”

Our college terms have been to us a succession of new phases of life, a series of dissolving views, ever pleasing, ever instructive. Each year has been unlike the preceding, has brought its own mode of life, has had its own class of associations, its own pleasures, interests and incidents. Nothing can be more obvious to any one than the marked alteration which a class undergoes in the transition period of summer, as they throw off the mental attire of the old for that of the new collegiate year. Hardly a man fails of these progressive changes of his inward self, as real and as definite as the changes in departments of study. These have been sources of enjoyment in their novelty and variety, and have contributed, moreover, to an enlargement of ideas and the dissipation of prejudice.

From our present standpoint we can look back on the things detected in a hasty glance, which, with many more that are

forgotten, or the occasion would forbid recounting, have combined to build up that experience which college-bred men will best understand when I call it college life. It is "college life." It is not the life of men, nor even of students outside of college walls, either in individual or social relations, in the code of morals or etiquette, in the mode of thought or the manner of life. Is it, then, the course of study, which our grave teachers have set us conning, and which the world most associates with college life, that makes up this experience? Do these tasks in their appropriate order constitute the graduate? Would the man, who might read alone the old textbooks which we have cast aside, be one of us? The same recitations and examinations being passed, by those of the other sex, would it be possible for Dartmouth to have her

"—sweet girl graduates in their golden hair?"

No; and the answer is in this: That it is not Lardner, and Edwards, and Lyell only that have been educating us. For great as is our debt to books, the thousand scenes of dignified, earnest fireside talk; of pranks and scrapes, indoors and out, *not* dignified; the periods of intense excitement against the maladministration of our rulers, subversive as the occasion taught us to believe, of the foundations of collegiate rights, and liberty; the scheming of this clique or party, its success or overthrow; the influence of earnest men with one hand busily at work that the other may hold the cherished book; of the careless and frivolous men, as well; and all the incidents which only the graduate's patience would suffer me to rehearse; these have had their full share and part in making the men of our own and the men of every class.

But to-day we face the world and are bluntly asked: "What is all this worth?"

We have been so long used to an unbroken routine of coming and going, have led so long each his own peculiar mode of life, while yet looking constantly to one another, and walking side by side, that it seems as if we had been visiting another land and had been subject to other laws and customs than those of our own homes. It is as if our little caravan had

been traveling in a far country during a four years' pilgrimage. All have recollections of the many joys that have played among us, of the gentle breezes which have fanned us as we journeyed. By them our fatigue has been soothed, if perchance the path at any time has been steep and rugged. But ordinarily we have found it easy and smooth, through pleasant windings and over gentle slopes. With different aims and in different spirits we set out upon and performed our journeying. We have not been able to take the country with us, yet some, as they advanced, have gathered precious gems and rich spices, which shall be to them a constant joy and refreshment. They have garnered the grains of fine gold, yea, that which is better than gold, and which the faith and diligence that gathered shall liberally pour out without finding themselves the poorer. Some have been pleased rather to look about themselves, to enjoy the green fields, studded with a succession, never-ending, still beginning, of alluring flowers. They have been content to regard the tranquil beauties of the landscape and the scenery, caring less for tedious research after hidden treasure than for the more facile benefits of travel itself. Others, again, have been just as intent on the journey itself, its successive stages and stations; have ever looked forward with longing eyes to the appointed time of their return. Some of us, in their anxiety to reach the end, have watched too narrowly, perhaps, the finger-posts planted at regular intervals along the path; perhaps, have scanned too laboriously the road-books, we had taken for our direction. It any have plodded along with eyes too downcast, they have failed in a measure to receive the legitimate fruits of the journey. It might seem that these—if such there are—could have done nearly as well to tarry in their own land, and there to study the guides and directions, without joining the little company of travelers.

But to drop the allegory, while confessing our deficiencies in many particulars, I yet assert that our college course in its whole effect has been of the most eminent utility; and, though with the brand of youth upon us, I dare affirm that in amount, if not in kind, of attainment my classmates are all that the

world expects of them. We cannot indulge in the ostentation of wonderful achievement; we cannot say, "Lo here," or "Lo there," for proof of the great things we have done; yet we have had unfolded within us a broader, more liberal, more sympathetic spirit, than if these years had been spent in the real business of life. Benefits so general in their nature, so unappreciable by

"—idle busy men, the restless fry  
That bustle to and fro with foolish haste,"

may seem to some a poor return for the waste of four of life's best years. They demand the display of more palpable acquirement, else they account us unprofitable servants. For this reason, a strong prejudice against collegiate education has been at various times quite prevalent in the public mind. But its real ends and aims have been mistaken. Though we have attained the mastery of no particular branch of study, yet if we can but feel that we have made the seemingly little progress of "learning to learn," we have accomplished that which well repays our time and labor. Term after term and year after year has passed away, and at last we catch a glimpse of the length and breadth, the height and depth of human knowledge, as it towers in the dim distance. The gaze of the most scrutinizing has as yet been only able to scan the exterior and not to penetrate the shrines within. So overwhelming is the contemplation that we seem rather to be lost in our ignorance while nearing the ocean of even man's present knowledge; as the world, in all its magnificence of continents and mountain ranges, dwindles into insignificance when we contemplate the vast infinitudes of the stars in their courses.

Thus, while aware that partial disappointments have attended our college career; while conscious that our early ambitions have failed of consummation, we have yet seen the recompense, as it were, of these disappointments and defeats in that humanizing and liberalizing experience, so healthy and invigorating, to which we have been subject; we have seen, in a word, the essential difference between the reality of collegiate experience and its anticipation, as we pictured it in

our ante-collegiate imaginations. In these respects it has been to us life's introductory chapter. In the sum total of our daily tasks, combined with the experience of constant intercourse with one another, we learned one grand lesson which we are now to apply amid the vicissitudes of real life.

All that has been taught us in regard to the fallibility of our judgments of collegiate labors and occupations; in regard to the failure of collegiate aspirations for attainment and position; in regard to the substitution of a different system of benefits and rewards for that we had at first so confidently expected; all this it behooves us to bear in mind while mapping out from our present point of view the general plan of the future.

As four years ago, we stood on the threshold of merely collegiate life, so we now stand on the threshold of one that imposes more vital responsibilities. While undertaking them, we must first of all be fully aware that disappointment does not constitute failure. As we push onward in eager expectancy of accomplishing all that we have once undertaken, we must never forget that disappointment is necessary and preliminary to entire success. It is only in the struggle of the *living* men of an age after the impossible, that the possible is attained.

How instructive in this respect has been our collegiate course? You all know how commonly and how confidently the attainment of a high scholarly position is predicted for the individual members of every class. The most of our own number have clearly demonstrated that such hopes cannot be fully realized; yet, at the same time, to every man of us his collegiate career has been an undoubted success. So, at the present moment, we cannot but be aware that, however large the number of those for whom the highest of expectations may have been cherished, only two or three of a class, at the most, are usually promoted to superior stations in after-life. Yet all these men may be successful. Although we do not see their names inscribed upon the scroll of fame, still we find each of them the solar center of a little system of acquaintances, shedding upon them, modestly but in the full

fruition of his intellectual powers, the beneficent rays of his culture and attainment.

This is one only of the many lessons of life that, with such thoroughness we have been learning, in miniature, at college. Such an experience may be regarded as a base line which we all have been measuring with the utmost accuracy and precision, both in toil and in recreation, from which we can now plot into the far future a perfect system of triangulation; while, without it, we should have as the known base of our operations only a single point of departure, to advance from which we must strike out experimentally and uncertainly.

Classmates! Graduates tell us that oftentimes after they have become engaged in the study of a profession or the more active pursuits of business, they wake from day-reveries to find that they have been dreaming of the manifold pleasures and delights of their college life, still easy to be revived in imagination, though forever, forever passed away.

They tell us, too, that we never again shall know men so thoroughly, so honestly, as we have known one another here; that we never again shall find associates with whom we may have such sympathy, such communion of feeling, as we have had toward one another in our college days. These visions of what is dead and gone are likely to present themselves to us, these thoughts are likely to be verified in our own after-lives, whether they be spent in the peaceful walks of life or amid the excitements of a camp.

Happy are those of us who shall look back on college life with no misanthropic feelings of enmity or ill-will, but with the pleasant associations of cheerful faces and genial intercourse; who shall be willing rather to drop a tear of regret that those days can never return than to awaken reminiscences of any petty vexations which were incidental to them.

If hereafter our paths of labor ever meet, let us extend to one another the generous and sincere right hand of friendship. Whatever be said of us, let it never be said that as sons of the same *alma mater*, we could not be both honest and charitable, manly and unselfish, always ready to lend a helping hand to any brother not as fortunate, though as deserving, as ourselves.

## MUSIC

Poem.....RANDALL H. WHITE, Peru, N. Y.

## MUSIC

Chronicles.....JAMES A. CLARK, Franklin, N. H.

## MUSIC

Prophecies.....AUGUSTUS W. WIGGIN, Wakefield, N. H.

Ode.....JASON H. DUDLEY, Hanover, N. H.

*The Class will then move in procession to the President's house*

Address.....OLIVER L. CROSS, Northfield, N. H.

Thence proceeding to the

“OLD PINE”

an address will be delivered by

BENJAMIN McLERAN, Barnet, Vt.

MUSIC BY THE GERMANIA BAND



ORDER OF EXERCISES  
AT  
COMMENCEMENT

**Dartmouth College**

JULY 31, 1862

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ORDER OF EXERCISES

PRAYER

MUSIC

THE FOLLOWING SPEAKERS WERE SELECTED  
FROM THE CLASS BY LOT

1. The Modern Tendency to Equality  
AMOS WATERS CRANE, Toledo, Ohio
2. The Best Historians Not Mere Students  
CHARLES MYRON PALMER, Orfordville

3. The Advantages and Temptations of Self-taught Men  
CHARLES RUSSELL CLEMENT, Woodstock, Vt.
4. Sensibility to Public Opinion  
WILLIAM HENRY PECK, Lyndon, Vt.
5. The Moral and Practical Bearings of Direct Taxation  
HORACE STUART CUMMINGS, Exeter

## MUSIC

6. Distinguished Talent Developed by Great Crises  
GEORGE LOVELL RICHARDSON, East Medway, Mass.
7. Scottish Character  
GEORGE HARVEY TAYLOR, Andover, Mass.
8. The Rights of Uncivilized Nations  
JOHN SIDNEY WARREN, Rochester
9. Popular Inconsiderateness the Great Danger of States  
JAMES FRENCH, Hartford, Vt.
10. Count Cavour  
GEORGE MARSHALL FELLOWS, New Hampton

## MUSIC

11. Heroism  
MILON DAVIDSON, Acworth

## 12. American Nationality as Affected by the Civil War

GEORGE FARR, Littleton

## 13. The Present Fields of Geographical Discovery

FREDERICK WOOD EVELETH, Fitchburg, Mass.

## 14. The American Navy

OCTAVIUS BARRELL GOODWIN, Biddeford, Me.

## 15. The Personal Discipline of the Orator

JAY READ PEMBER, Randolph, Vt.

## MUSIC

## 16. Do States Inevitably Tend to Decay?

JOSHUA STUART BANFIELD, Dover

## 17. The Effects of Commerce on Civil Liberty

JAMES FRANKLIN ALLEN, Hopkinton

## 18. The Liberalizing Influence of College Studies

JOSEPH ROBERT MILLIGAN, Braddock's Field, Pa.

## 19. The Scholar-Statesmen of England

JOHN SANBORN STEVENS, Hardwick, Vt.

## 20. The Discipline of Nations

FREDERICK WILLIAM BAILEY, Jaffrey

## MUSIC

## ORDER OF EXERCISES

## AN ORATION IN ENGLISH

## 21. Scholars in Revolutions

MR. ALBERT CORNELIUS PERKINS, Topsfield, Mass.

*A candidate for the degree of Master of Arts*

## MUSIC

## DEGREES CONFERRED

## MUSIC

## PRAYER

# GRADUATES

## DR. GALEN ALLEN

Galen Allen, son of Winslow and Nancy (Grout) Allen, was born at Chelsea, Vt., August 2, 1833. His father was a farmer. He fitted at New London, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was a Democrat; a Congregationalist; paid his own college expenses, and intended to follow teaching as a profession.

After graduation he was principal of Chelsea (Vt.) Academy to spring of 1863; principal of grammar school at Milford, Mass., to fall of 1865; same of high school at Nantucket, for two years, to fall of 1867; principal of high school at Bath, Me., to 1874; studied medicine in meantime with Dr. Wm. E. Payne; attended medical lectures at Hanover in 1874, and at Boston University in 1875, where he graduated the same year. Commenced practice at Boston, but soon removed to Red Wing, Minn., where he resided until his death. He had a good practice, and was successful. He was actively allied with educational interests, and served on the local school board.

He was independent in politics and "Apostolic" in creed.

He died December 25, 1900.

Married Miss Lucy A. Gage, at East Washington, N. H., April 20, 1867.

Children: Annie G. Allen, nat., February 3, 1868.

Harry W., nat., July 10, 1872.

Mary G., nat., January 9, 1879.

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## JAMES FRANKLIN ALLEN, Washington, D. C.

James Franklin Allen, son of Jonathan Leach and Caroline Brown (Allison) Allen, was born at Hopkinton, N. H., August 13, 1841. His father was a farmer. He fitted at

Hopkinton and Pembroke (N. H.) academies, and entered college in the fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet 1-2 inch in height; 175 pounds in weight, brown hair, light complexion, a Congregationalist, a Republican; paid his own college expenses; intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he taught the high school at Bradford, N. H., from 1862 to December, 1863, reading law the while with Hon. Mason W. Tappan. December 23, 1863, he was appointed to a clerkship in the third auditor's office, United States Treasury, Washington; he attended the Columbian Law School, graduating LL.B., June 11, 1866, and admitted to the bar the same month; resigned his position under Government January 1, 1876, and engaged in the practice of law until March, 1881, when he was appointed to a position in the Adjutant General's office, which he resigned February 14, 1882, and was appointed the same day to a position in the Indian office, where he remains, although he holds an appointment as chief of division in the office of the Secretary of the Interior, and is detailed to duty in the Indian office. In November, 1892, he was appointed a commissioner to negotiate with the Nez Perces Indians for the cession of their surplus lands, and spent three months in Idaho on that duty, returning to the Indian office at the expiration of that term.

He served two years as a member of the town council of Rockville, Md., where he has had his legal residence since 1876.

He is a Mason, and has served as an officer of the grand lodge, grand high priest of the grand capter, R. A. M., and grand master of the grand council, R. and S. M., all of the state of Maryland.

In the summer of 1883 he made the trip across the continent.

In 1884 he avowed himself a Republican, but wanted to see another party of the old "Know Nothing Party" principles; in 1909 he is still a Republican of the "reactionary type"—"that is, I am the same kind I have always been."

He is a member of the Lutheran Church.

Married Miss Julia A. Dow, at Washington, D. C., October 25, 1866. No children. His wife died November 10, 1886.

Married Miss Lilabel Mans, of Rockville, Md., August 28, 1888.

No children.

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Rev. AUGUSTUS ALVORD

Augustus Alvord, son of Martin and Martha B. (Clark) Alvord, was born at Bolton, Conn., August 31, 1834. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Monson, Mass., and entered Amherst College in the class of '62, and the class of '62, Dartmouth, in the spring of 1860, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 11 inches in height; 170 pounds in weight; had light brown hair, full beard; paid his own college expenses; a Congregationalist; a Republican, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he taught the high school at Lisbon, N. H., to the spring of 1863; entered the Theological Seminary at Hartford, Conn., in the spring of 1863, and continued to the autumn of the same year, when he, November, 1863, enlisted in the 1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery, and served to January, 1865, when he was appointed and commissioned chaplain in the 31st U. S. Colored Troops; he was present at Appomatox at the surrender of Lee; then the regiment was ordered on duty in Texas, where he was mustered out November, 1865; he preached in Texas, the following six months, and then returned North, and supplied the church at Marlboro, Vt., in 1866-7; preached at Ridgebury, Conn., 1867-71; West Suffield, Conn., and Cumington, Mass., 1871-4; West Granville, Mass., 1874-9; Braintree, Vt., 1879-80; Hillsboro, N. H., 1880-1; and installed at Prescott, Mass., as pastor of the Congregationalist Church, in May, 1881, and there remained until December, 1886. In May, 1887, he moved to Alford, Mass., supplying churches in Alford and West Stockbridge Centre for three years; he was pastor in Monterey, Mass., for two years. May 20, 1892, he

began his service with the church at Barkhamstead Corner, where he was for eleven years. Resigned April 11, 1903, on account of ill health, and was never able to preach again. In May, 1903, he moved to Springfield, Mass., to be near a son engaged in business there. After a long invalidism, he passed away in the Springfield Hospital, July 6, 1907, from a complication of diseases.

Married to Miss Laurestine A. Hartwell, of Lisbon, N. H., September 6, 1866. Second: Miss Emily A. Parsons, at West Granville, Mass., January, 1876, who survives him.

Children: Mabel A., nat., July, 1872.

Frederick P., nat., June, 1878.

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#### FREDERICK WILLIAM BAILEY

Frederick William Bailey, son of Capt. Edward and Sarah (Hayden) Bailey, was born at Jaffrey, N. H., August 15, 1838. His father was a manufacturer. He fitted at Appleton Academy, New Ipswich, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10½ inches in height; 160 pounds in weight; had light brown hair, chin whiskers, light complexion; paid his own college expenses; Congregationalist; Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he taught the Richmond (Me.) Academy in 1862-3; read law in the office of Wheeler & Faulkner, at Keene, N. H., from October, 1863, to November, 1864, when he entered the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, and was admitted to the New York bar May 4, 1865, and to that of New Hampshire in October, 1865; he represented the town of Jaffrey in the New Hampshire Legislature in 1864-5; began practice at East Jaffrey in March, 1866, and continued until January 1, 1870, when he removed to Keene, N. H. He again represented Jaffrey in the State Legislature in 1868-9. He lived but a short time after removing to Keene, as he was taken with a fatal attack of diphtheria, and died April 27, 1870, at Keene, N. H.

Bailey was one of the most promising men of the class while in college, and he gave evidences in his subsequent life of future success, which was only prevented by his early death.

He married Miss Mary Perkins, of Jaffrey, at Hinsdale, N. H., September 2, 1866, who died December 8, 1867.

Children: Mary Fredericka, nat., December 6, 1867, who, in 1884, was living at East Jaffrey with relatives.

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JOSHUA STUART BANFIELD, Boston, Mass.

Joshua Stuart Banfield, son of Joshua and Esther Parkman (Hart) Banfield, was born at Dover, N. H., September 16, 1840. His father was a merchant. He fitted at the Franklin Academy, Dover, and entered college in the spring of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 4 inches in height, 125 pounds in weight, black hair, side whiskers, light complexion; Congregationalist; a Republican, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he taught the Rochester (N. H.) Academy, 1862-3; the high school at Scituate, Mass., 1863-4; then became a teacher and superintendent under the auspices of the New England Freedman's Aid Society at Petersburg, Va., March, 1864, to September, 1864; at Alexandria, Va., to July, 1865; at Norfolk, Va., and Columbus, Ga., to February, 1867; then returned to Boston and engaged in business as real estate and commercial broker until 1868. From 1868 to 1875, he was employed continuously on the staff of the *Boston Evening Traveler*; from 1875 to 1899 he was one of the editorial and business staff of the *Boston Journal of Commerce*. That year he became connected with the editorial staff of the *Boston Commercial Bulletin*, and still remains in that position. He works hard, but has good health and good spirits. Hard as he works, he took time and trouble to get much of the information about some of the men for this book.

He says nothing about any change in his political or religious belief. In 1884 he was Republican and Congregationalist.

Married Miss Harriette Rosevelt Smith, at Brooklyn, N. Y., October 1, 1867.

Children: Henry Stuart, nat., May 20, 1875.

Florence Harriette, nat., November 23, 1878.

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DAVID EMERY BOUTTELLE

David Emery Bouttelle, son of David Bartlett and Anna (Hobart) Bouttelle, was born at Tully, N. Y., October 27, 1837. He entered college in 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 6 inches in height; 138 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair; light complexion, side whiskers; paid his own college expenses; a Congregationalist; Republican; intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he taught at Marcellus, N. Y., from the fall of 1862, to the spring of 1863; he remained at home for one year, being much impaired in health, going to the sea shore in the summer of 1864, where he derived some benefit. He taught at Liverpool, N. Y., from the fall of 1864 to the fall of 1865; principal of Cortland Academy, at Homer, N. Y., from fall of 1865 to fall of 1866; principal of grammar school at Unionville, Conn., from fall of 1866 to spring of 1869, when his health again failed him, and he returned to his home at Tully.

During the summer of 1870, he visited his friends in Connecticut, and took a trip up the New England coast, when he returned home and remained there until the time of his death, which occurred July 5, 1871.

He was a successful teacher, and made many warm friends; he was an honest, true man, and a faithful friend.

He never married.

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Col. CALVIN SMITH BROWN, Washington, D. C.

Calvin Smith Brown, son of Newell and Abigail P. (Leavitt) Brown, was born at Seabrook, N. H., January 4, 1837. His father was a farmer and stock raiser. He fitted at New Lon-

don, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet in height, 170 pounds in weight; had black hair, side whiskers and mustache; dark complexion; smoked; a Congregationalist; Republican, and intended to become a lawyer. While in the senior year, he enlisted in the Seventh Squadron of Rhode Island Cavalry for three months' service. This squadron (Dartmouth men and Norwich cadets) entered the service in May or June, 1862. "George F. Gill and I were the only '62 boys in the squadron."

After graduation he was captain in the 17th Regiment New Hampshire Volunteers from December, 1862, to April, 1863; read law with Hon. Aaron Hayden, of Eastport, Me., to March, 1865, when he was appointed captain in the Maine Volunteers; promoted to be lieutenant-colonel of the 1st Battalion of Maine Infantry in May, 1865; was in command of five districts of South Carolina in the latter part of the same year; mustered out of service in April, 1866.

He then returned to his law studies at Eastport, Me., and was admitted to the bar in October, 1866; removed to St. Louis, Mo., in the December following, and practiced law to the spring of 1870; removed to Montgomery County, Kans., and engaged in the practice of law; member of the Kansas Legislature in 1873; mayor of Parker, Kans., in 1874-5-6; removed to city of Coffeyville, Kans., in 1877; was mayor in 1878; and was quite content with his success, but the failure of Merritt and Stickney, two Dartmouth graduates, in St. Louis, Mo., with whom he had trusted all of his little capital, left him "broke," and, feeling too old to make a new and vigorous start, he took a Government position, which he still holds, in the General Land Office (railroad division), adjusting contests between settlers on public lands and land grant railroads. It is a sort of judicial position.

His wife died January 26, 1898, leaving him with two daughters, both unmarried, with whom he makes his home. He has not remarried, and is not seeking a stepmother for his children.

He is the sole survivor of his generation in his family.

He claims to be an anti-monopoly Republican, and approximating Universalism in creed.

Married Miss Carrie Noyes Witherell, at Eastport, Me., November 15, 1871.

Children: Annie W., nat., July, 1874; ob., August, 1874.

Sarah W., nat., September 2, 1877.

Edith L., nat., March 29, 1881.

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#### HOWARD MALCOLM CHASE

Howard Malcolm Chase, son of Elisha and Sarah (Jewell) Chase, was born at Stratham, N. H., October 17, 1839. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, and entered college in the fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet 2 inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; had brown hair, light complexion, paid his own college expenses; a Baptist, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he felt it to be his duty to aid his country, and at once enlisted in the 15th Regiment New Hampshire Volunteers, and went with the regiment to Louisiana, and engaged in the campaign against Port Hudson; he was taken down with disease and ordered to his home, but died on the way, at Memphis, Tenn., August 16, 1863.

Chase entered the service out of the purest patriotism, was a good soldier, and died a martyr for his country.

He was a man of unexceptionable character in all things.

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#### REV. LEVI GILBERT CHASE, Concord, N. H.

Levi Gilbert Chase, son of Jonathan and Phebe (Page) Chase, was born at Loudon, N. H., April 30, 1840. His father was a farmer. He fitted at the Friends' School at Providence, R. I., and at Thetford, Vt., and entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8 inches in height, 137 pounds in weight; had brown hair, light complexion; was a Republican, a Congregationalist; undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he taught at Wentworth, N. H., in 1862, and then traveled in the West; entered Andover Theological Seminary in September, 1863, and remained to December, 1864; was in the service of the Christian Commission in Virginia and West Virginia, from January, 1865, to the close of the war; taught in Hermann, Gasconade County, Mo., in winter of 1865-6; was licensed to preach in June, 1867, and preached at Jamaica, Fayetteville, and Dummerstown, Vt., from August, 1867, to January, 1870.

Attended lectures at Andover Seminary in 1870, and was ordained pastor at Dummerstown, August 24, 1870, where he remained to December, 1878; preached at Guildhall, Vt., until December, 1879; then removed to his former home in Loudon, his health being impaired, and supplied churches in the neighboring towns, as his health permitted.

Since the end of 1883 he has resided in Concord, N. H. He was partly engaged for more than sixteen years in caring for an aged relative. He has not preached for nearly seven years, and at present is a good deal of a shut-in.

He was in 1884 a Republican and a Congregationalist, and in 1909 he makes no mention of any change. He has never married.

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Prof. THOMAS NOYES CHASE, Atlanta, Ga.

Thomas Noyes Chase, son of Samuel Sewall and Eunice Noyes (Colby) Chase, was born at West Newbury, Mass., July 18, 1838. His father was a farmer and lumber dealer. He fitted at Thetford (Vt.) Academy, and entered Amherst College in 1859, and entered the class of '62, Dartmouth, in 1860, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8 inches in height, 150 pounds in weight; had auburn hair, chin whiskers, sandy complexion; smoked; was a Congregationalist, a Democrat, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he was principal of Royalton (Vt.) Academy, from 1862 to 1864. From 1864 to 1869, he resided in Washington, D. C., first as city missionary for a few months; then was appointed a corresponding clerk in the United States Post-Office Department, teaching private pupils in Greek and Latin in the meantime, and studying theology with Dr. Samson, president of Columbian College.

In 1869 he became a professor in Atlanta (Ga.) University, and was connected with that institution for thirty-seven years, until failing eyesight compelled him, in 1906, to resign his professorship, and he was placed upon the Carnegie Foundation.

While actively engaged in teaching, he kept himself fresh for his work by attending summer schools at Harvard and Cornell universities and by visiting Rome.

During the thirty-seven years of his connection with the university he had very much to do with its management, serving as professor of Greek and Latin, acting president, dean, treasurer, trustee, and member of the executive committee.

The graduates have shown their appreciation of the work of him and his wife by presenting their portraits to the university, in 1900. He is even now one of the trustees.

At different intervals during the time from 1869 on he was absent from active duty on account of health and for other reasons.

For fifteen months he was the Government agent for the Indians of the Green Bay Agency, Wisconsin. Engaged one year in general work for the American Missionary Association, in the South. Was absent six months in inspecting the Mendi Mission, on the west coast of Africa, between Sierra Leone and Liberia, visiting, on the way, Liverpool, London, Paris, and Funchal. Spent about two years in planning and superintending the construction of school buildings at Atlanta and Macon, Ga., and Mobile and Talladega, Ala., New Orleans, La., Austin, Tex., Tougaloo, Miss., and Nashville, Tenn.; erected from the fund of \$150,000, given by the late Mrs. Valeria G. Stone, of Malden, Mass., to the American

Missionary Association, and from other funds. He is a Republican and Congregationalist.

The winter of 1908-9 he spent in Rome, Italy, and wrote from there in January, 1909.

His first wife died in 1900, and was buried in Acton, Mass., her native town. He married Miss Mary Maria Tuttle, of Acton, Mass., at Thetford, Vt., August 1, 1862.

Children: Mary, nat., August 12, 1863.

John Hildreth, nat., October 25, 1874.

Frank Paul, nat., October 18, 1875, ob. July 9, 1876.

Married second time, Miss Helen Elizabeth Walsh, of Stamford, Conn.

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### JAMES ADAMS CLARK

James Adams Clark, son of Joseph and Lucy Jane (White) Clark, was born at Randolph, Vt., July 23, 1842. His father was a merchant and manufacturer. He fitted at Franklin, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8½ inches in height, 150 pounds in weight; had black hair, light complexion, smoked; was a Republican, a Roman Catholic, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he immediately commenced the study of law with his uncle, Hon. Austin F. Pike, at Franklin, N. H., and was admitted to the bar at Concord in 1865, and practiced law with Mr. Pike for two years. His hearing became seriously impaired in 1864, so much so that he was obliged to give up the practice of law—doing so in 1867, and removed to Waterloo, Wis., and engaged in farming, in which he was eminently successful. In 1884, he wrote: "Am pleasantly situated, have a very good farm, plenty of leisure, go off fishing every year, am quite comfortable generally, and always delighted to see a Dartmouth man."

He continued living this open-handed, honorable life until February, 1906, when pneumonia seized him and carried him off.

His death was felt throughout the entire section of the State about Waterloo. He was well known, for at his farm home he had "dispensed a free-handed hospitality to many of the best known men of the State, men drawn to him by the brilliancy of his mind and by his scholarship. He had one of the finest private libraries in the State. He was a gentleman farmer in the best sense of both words, and was loved by all who knew him." It was his constant endeavor to make others happy, and the poor and needy, as well as the rich and distinguished, were drawn to him. Morris characterizes him elsewhere in this book as "that prince of good fellows."

His wife and two children survive him. The daughter is now Mrs. Thomas E. Brittingham, of Madison, Wis., and the son, with his family, lives on the parental homestead.

He reported himself in 1884 as "ouden" in politics, and Roman Catholic in creed.

(I must say that I was under obligations to him for his great interest in the compilation of the Class History sent out in 1884, and for much valuable information he gave me; in fact, he showed more interest in the matter than than any other member of the class.—H. S. C.)

In 1892 he wrote Gage wanting to know all about the men of '62 who were in Washington, and saying that he saw White occasionally, and that Morris had been to see him. The latter seemed to have a very fond recollection of his class, said Clark, and he added: "I hear from Tuck and Tibbetts once in a while."

"My wife and I are the same we always have been, except that my hearing is totally gone."

Married to Miss Mary J. Hughes, at Ashland, N. H., July 31, 1865.

Children: Mary Lucy, nat., December 5, 1868.

|                                          |   |                              |
|------------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Martha Charlotte,                        | } | twins, nat., August 7, 1870. |
| Charles Joseph,                          |   |                              |
| Martha Charlotte ob. September 10, 1877. |   |                              |

STEPHEN WELLS CLARKE

Stephen Wells Clarke, the son of John and Asenath (Wells) Clarke, was born at Pittsfield, N. H., June 30, 1837. His father was a merchant and farmer. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, and entered college in 1858 (in the class of 1861), and afterwards entered the class of '62 in 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8½ inches in height; weighed 135 pounds; had black hair, chin whiskers, and dark complexion, smoked, paid his own college expenses; was a Congregationalist, Republican in politics, and intended to become a teacher.

After graduation he was teacher of Greek and mathematics at Nichols Academy, Dudley, Mass., from 1862 to 1865. He then removed to Portsmouth, N. H., and was teacher in the Boys' High School at that place from 1865 to 1874; principal of the United High School of Portsmouth from 1874 to 1881, when he was compelled to give up teaching on account of impaired health. In 1881 he removed to Manchester, N. H., where he engaged in the jewelry business—the firm being "Clarke & Dixon," 877 Elm Street, but the last two years of Clarke's life he was in business alone.

He was treasurer of the church he attended, superintendent of the Sunday-school, president of the City Mission Society, member of the city school board from 1884 to the time of his death, member of the American Legion of Honor, also of the lodge of Knights of Honor, and was the first grand commander of the United Order of the Golden Cross in the State.

He died of consumption April 24, 1889, and was buried at Portsmouth, N. H.

He was a Republican and a Methodist.

He married Miss Jane Annie Hill, at Portsmouth, N. H., May 5, 1868.

Children: Marion Hill, nat., February 25, 1869.

Gertrude Wells, nat., January 26, 1875.

Ruth Libbey, nat., January 15, 1884.

CHARLES RUSSELL CLEMENT

Charles Russell Clement, son of Rev. Jonathan and Phebe Foxcraft (Phillips) Clement, was born at Chester, N. H., November 8, 1840. He fitted at Kimball Union (Meriden) Academy, and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7 inches in height, 135 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, chin whiskers, light complexion, smoked; was a Congregationalist, a Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he was appointed to a clerkship in the Treasury at Washington, which he retained until 1865, when he returned to his home at Woodstock, Vt., and commenced the study of law in the office of French & Johnson; he was soon appointed assistant clerk of the county court, and was the acting clerk till July, 1867; in July, 1867, he was appointed to a responsible clerical position in the superintendent's office of the Pennsylvania railroad at Altoona, Pa., which he held a few weeks only, when he was appointed chief clerk of the office of Superintendent of Transportation; in 1870 he was appointed Division Superintendent of the Pullman Palace Car Company, at Jersey City; in November, 1871, he was made the advertising agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; from this position he was promoted to the responsible place of General Baggage Agent, having charge of all matters connected with the transportation of baggage on all the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company east of Pittsburg and Erie.

Under his skillful management, the loss and damage to baggage was reduced to the minimum, and his success in settling claims and tracing lost articles was notable in railroad circles. As an example, during the Centennial Exhibition, in 1876, although the Pennsylvania railroad moved 1,384,966 pieces of baggage that year, they had to pay only \$167.69 on account of baggage destroyed or damaged, and only \$1,739.30 for baggage lost or stolen, and the management of the company highly complimented Mr. Clement for the great ability displayed by him in his official duties.

He was very popular, and a general favorite in all circles, and a successful future was predicted for him.

He was taken with a severe, and, as it proved, a fatal illness of but a few weeks' duration, and died at Philadelphia, January 8, 1881.

He was buried in West Laurel Hill Cemetery, on the banks of the Schuylkill.

He was never married.

The *Railway Journal*, at the close of a long notice of his life and death, says: "The memory of 'Charley Clement' will be tenderly cherished in the New England home of his earlier years, as well as in the State of his adoption, where the prime of his life was passed."

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#### AMOS WATERS CRANE, East Toledo, Ohio

Amos Waters Crane, son of Gabriel and Mary Ann (Whitmore) Crane, was born at Toledo, Ohio, November 7, 1837. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Toledo, and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 3 inches in height, 129 pounds in weight; had dark complexion, black hair; was a Republican, a Baptist, and intended to become a teacher.

After graduation he returned to his home at Toledo, and engaged in farming, which he has since followed, leading a quiet and useful life. He has for some years given his attention to growing vegetables under glass. He does not report any change in religious or political views.

He married Miss Emma Cook, at Toledo, Ohio, March 22, 1865.

In 1884 his children were:

Alice, aged 17; Fidelia, aged 15; Edward, aged 13; Fanny C., aged 6. Two deceased.

He now has two others:

Eunice L., aged 24, and Carly A., aged 18.

## OLIVER LYFORD CROSS, Esq., Concord, N. H.

Oliver Lyford Cross, son of Jeremiah and Sarah (Lyford) Cross, was born at Northfield, N. H., June 11, 1836. He fitted at Sanbornton Bridge, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course. His father was a farmer.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 140 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, full beard, dark complexion, smoked; was a Congregationalist, Democrat, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he taught in Hanover, N. H., in the winter of 1862-3; studied law with Pike & Barnard, at Franklin, N. H., and was admitted to practice at Concord, in 1865, and began practice in Franklin; spent much of the year 1866 in traveling in the West, and located at Montgomery City, Mo., where he engaged in the practice of law January 1, 1867; was City Attorney and Mayor of Montgomery. On the death of his father he returned to his old home, at Northfield, in 1873, where he resided until 1893, when he went to Concord, N. H. Since then he has done considerable law business, especially as counsellor and in the settlement of estates. He has done some literary work for the newspapers, and in assisting in getting out the history of Northfield, N. H., published by the town and edited by Mrs. L. R. H. Cross, his wife.

In this history are tributes by others than the Cross family to his two sons, of whom and their loss he has not the heart to write.

His daughter is married, the wife of Mr. Charles J. VanCor, a merchant, of Boston, and there are two grandchildren.

Cross gave up politics when he left Missouri, and has acted independently for several years, though his general principles are the same. He would not vote for Cleveland the second time, nor could he vote for Bryan the second or third time. In his religious views he has grown more liberal. He thinks that if he were to join any church it would be the Congregational, as the most democratic in its government.

He is a Mason and a Knight Templar.

He married Miss Lucy R. Hill, of Northfield, at Tilton, N. H., November 14, 1866. Mrs. Cross is a brilliant scholar, and delivered a poem at the Centennial of Northfield, in 1880, which has since been published.

Children: Arthur Benson, nat., May 29, 1868.

Robert Lee, nat., January 26, 1872.

Evelyn Montgomery, nat., January 6, 1875.

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HORACE STUART CUMMINGS, Washington, D. C.

Horace Stuart Cummings, son of Rev. Jacob (Dart., 1819) and Harriot (Tewksbury) Cummings, was born at Southborough, Mass., July 1, 1840. His father was a Congregational minister. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, and entered college at the Fall term of 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 9 inches in height, 175 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, light complexion, smoked; was a Republican, a Congregationist, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he at once began the study of law with Hon. Charles H. Bell (Dart., 1844), at Exeter, with whom he had previously studied law during two Winter vacations.

He entered the Albany, N. Y., Law School in August, 1863, and was admitted to the New York bar by examination in December, 1863; continued the study of law in New York City until May, 1864, when he returned to his home in Exeter and began practice.

He was appointed to a position in the Treasury Department at Washington, D. C., in February, 1865, which he retained until the summer of 1873, when he resigned and entered upon the practice of law at 1411 F Street, and so continues at 1416 F Street.

He retains his legal residence in New Hampshire, and was the Assistant Secretary of the New Hampshire Senate in 1863 and 1864, and Secretary of the same 1865 and 1866; represented the town of Exeter in the New Hampshire Legislature

in 1876 and 1877, and was Chairman of the Committee on Elections, and was permanent Chairman of the Republican Legislative Caucus; was aide on the staff of the Governor in 1877, with the rank of colonel.

He spent most of the years 1870 and 1871 in traveling for pleasure in Europe, visiting most of the important points.

He was Vice-president of the West End National Bank (Washington) until it was merged into the Metropolitan National Bank; took out the charter and was President of the National Capital Telephone Company, which was afterward changed into the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company, of which he was President, Vice-president, Member of the Executive Committee, and Director until it was merged, in 1907, into the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania, a concern with \$60,000,000 capital. He built the Brightwood and the Forest Glen Railways, and was President until their purchase by the Washington Electric Railway Company. He was also interested in the Florida Coast Line and Canal Company, and in other like concerns. He has been Vice-president of the Washington Loan and Trust Company. Since 1907, however, his active interests in all such matters have ceased.

He has done moderately well, despite the fact that at times, like all who have gone into large schemes, he has sustained heavy losses, as well as made fair profits.

He is a member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society, of the Sons of the American Revolution, and of the Descendants of the Mayflower, in which he takes great interest, as four of his ancestors were on that vessel.

The past two years he has suffered from physical ills, which came upon him suddenly, and, along with the other troubles, impairment of eyesight.

However, he does not complain, and has a good hope that his physical ailments will grow no worse, but may steadily improve.

He married Miss Jeannette E. Irvin, at Pittsburg, Pa., October 15, 1874.

No children.

MILON DAVIDSON

Milon Davidson, son of Alvan and Ann (Howe) Davidson, was born at Unity, N. H., November 28, 1834. His father was a farmer. He entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 6½ inches in height, 148 pounds in weight, had dark brown hair, dark complexion; paid his own college expenses, was a Democrat, a Congregationalist, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he was the principal of the Bath (N. H.) Academy, to Summer of 1863; taught Select School at Worcester, Vt., to Summer of 1864; principal of the Northfield (Vt.) Academy, to Summer of 1865; principal of the Franklin (Vt.) Academy, to Summer of 1866; same at Henniker, N. H., in the Fall of 1866; at the Wilson (N. Y.) Academy, 1866-7; then associate principal of the New Hampton Literary Institution, Fairfax, Vt., for one year, and principal of the same for one and one-half years, when he resigned and began the study of law in Fairfax; in 1870, removed to Townsend, Vt., and was principal of the Leland and Gray Seminary for four years; during this last period he continued the study of the law, and was admitted to practice in the Fall of 1872; the same year he was made Treasurer of the Windham County Savings Bank, and held this position until his death, January 23, 1897. He was also attorney for the Bank and a member of the Investment Committee. It was while on a trip to the West on business for the bank that he died suddenly in Alexandria, Minn.

He was Treasurer of Leland and Gray Seminary; Treasurer of the Windham Creamery Association; Director of the Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Montpelier, Vt.; Director of the Brattleboro and Whitehall Railroad Company.

He was for a time Superintendent of Schools and his services were constantly sought as an administrator of estates.

In addition to this financial work he found time for literary work, chiefly historical and genealogical. He also wrote in behalf of temperance and prison reform. Several poems of

his in commemoration of important events have been published.

Throughout his entire career he had a reputation for strict honesty and high moral character. His sudden death from heart trouble filled the entire community with sorrow.

In earlier years as a Democrat and later as a Prohibitionist he received the votes of his party as a candidate for the office of Representative in the State Legislature and for State's Attorney. He was a delegate to the National Convention of the Prohibition Party in 1888, and on that ticket, as Presidential elector, the same year. He was also nominated for State Treasurer in 1892 and again in 1896. His wife survives him.

Married Miss Gratia E. Andrews, at Richmond, Vt., November 28, 1864.

Children: Lula E., nat., May 29, 1866.

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#### DAVID FRANKLIN DAVIS

David Franklin Davis, son of Jacob and Anna (Davis) Davis, was born at Nottingham, N. H., November 25, 1832. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, and entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7½ inches in height, 150 pounds in weight, had black hair, full beard, dark complexion, smoked; liberal in creed, a Democrat, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he taught a school near Cincinnati, Ohio, for one year with good success; from 1863 to 1865 he was connected with the Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, principally at Washington.

In 1865 he went to Texas as an assistant to collect the United States direct tax, and resided in Waco, that State, until his death. He became actively engaged in the politics of the state, and became Justice of the Peace for McLennan County, Clerk of the District Court, and Probate Judge of the same county from 1870 to 1874; presided over the State

Republican Convention in 1869, when Gov. E. J. Davis was nominated and elected, the last victory for the Republican Party of Texas.

Later he was engaged in the United States Postal Service. He also owned a hotel in Waco, which he leased, and he was successful in a financial way. He was an out-and-out Republican. In creed he was liberal, with a leaning toward Spiritualism.

He kept alive the poetic fire that he evinced at college in the shape of many poetical effusions, in one of which, "The East Line Zephyrs," in speaking of himself, he says:

"In the classic halls of Dartmouth,  
This Davis once hath trod,  
Back to historic England,  
He traces up his blood."

He died August 17, 1892, and is survived by his entire family.

He married Miss Sophie F. L. Wiebusch, at Waco, February 4, 1873.

Children: Franklin H. J., nat., December 16, 1873; ob. February 14, 1874.

Olive J. L., nat., August 14, 1874.

Jennie Lee, nat., May 7, 1879.

Walter Lamar, nat., February 23, 1881.

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#### JASON HENRY DUDLEY, Colebrook, N. H.

Jason Henry Dudley, son of Jonathan and Minerva (Armstrong) Dudley, was born at Hanover, N. H., November 24, 1842. His father was a farmer. He fitted for college at Hanover, and entered the Spring term of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet in height, 110 pounds in weight; had light hair and complexion, smoked, Episcopalian in creed and Democratic in politics, and intended to become a teacher.

After graduation he was principal of Colebrook (N. H.) Academy, from 1862 to 1865, reading law at the same time with Hon. W. S. Ladd; principal of Danville (Vt.) Academy, 1865 and 1866, and studied law with Hon. Bliss N. Davis; principal of the West Randolph (Vt.) Academy, 1866 and 1867, and reading law with Hon. Edmund Weston, and was admitted to the Supreme Court of Vermont, at Chelsea, December, 1867.

He then went to Colebrook and entered into the practice of his profession, and has so continued, having won a good reputation as a lawyer and gained a profitable practice.

He was Town Clerk of Colebrook, 1870-1.

Superintendent of Schools, 1872-6.

County Solicitor, five terms, 1878-88.

Member of State Legislature (House), 1889 and 1890.

Member of Legislature (Senate), 1891 and 1892.

Member of State Constitutional Convention, 1903.

Appointed Trustee of State Normal School, August 16, 1889.

Appointed Trustee of State Agricultural College, July 28, 1896.

Member of I. O. O. F. and K. of P.; New Hampshire Bar Association, and Dartmouth Alumni Association.

Trustee of Colebrook Academy since 1872.

In the three years that he was principal of Colebrook Academy, immediately after his graduation, he brought up the attendance of pupils from forty to nearly 100. The office of County Solicitor he held longer than any other man in the state under the elective system. When Senator in the State Legislature he was made Chairman of the Committee on the Revision of the Laws, although a member of the minority party. He is a prominent factor in the politics of "Upper Coos," say those who know.

He says that he is getting old and "gray as a rat," but his love for his classmates and old Dartmouth burns as brightly as ever. He is now (June, 1909) getting back to his work after a serious illness. He asks: "Why can't old age pass by and give us a decent chance for our lives?" Both his boys have gone over the river, but he has his two grandchildren with him to comfort him.

He says nothing of any change in creed, and is still a Democrat. He married Miss Lucy A. Bradford, daughter of Dr. Austin Bradford, of Vergennes, Vt., September 22, 1869.

Children: Allen Bradford Dudley, nat., June 18, 1871; ob. September 18, 1898.

William Allen Dudley, nat., April 13, 1873; ob. July 2, 1876.

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#### LUTHER WILSON EMERSON, New York City

Luther Wilson Emerson, son of Hon. Abraham and Abigail (Dolbear) Emerson, was born at Candia, N. H., October 14, 1838. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Phillips (Andover) Academy, and entered college in the Spring of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 5 inches in height, 130 pounds in weight; had black hair, dark complexion, full beard; paid his own college expenses; was a Congregationalist, a Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he was the principal of the Muncie (Ind.) Academy, from September, 1862, to the Fall of 1863; principal of the State Street Grammar School, at Columbus, Ohio, from Fall of 1863, to April, 1865; then went to New York City and taught, in the year 1866; and began the study of law in the office of Lewis & Cox (Hon. S. S. Cox); was admitted to the Supreme Court bar in April, 1867, and entered upon practice. In March, 1868, he was appointed Assistant U. S. Attorney in the office of the United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York, and held the position until January 1, 1873. Later he was for a year Assistant District Attorney for the County of Kings, N. Y., when he met with a fair degree of success in murder cases and criminal matters generally. Otherwise he has been in the practice of law at 206 Broadway, where he is still located.

He is generally Republican, with a tendency to Electicism, and a firm believer in New England Orthodoxy. Said in 1884 "that his experience in New York confirms his predilections in favor of hell—and a good deal of it—for those who seemingly

escape all punishment in this life, and that there must be a balancing of accounts somewhere to complete my sense of exact and equal justice."

Married Miss Anna Melvina Sharpe, at Columbus, Ohio, December 29, 1870.

Children: Harold S., nat., November 9, 1871.

Luther L., nat., August 3, 1874.

Nannie M., nat., September 4, 1877.

Isabel D., nat., August 9, 1881.

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### FREDERICK WOOD EVELETH, Jersey City, N. J.

Frederick Wood Eveleth, son of John Henry and Martha (Holman) Eveleth, was born at Farmington, Me., December 16, 1840. His father was a merchant. He fitted at the High School at Fitchburg, Mass., and entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7½ inches in height, 146 pounds in weight, had dark brown hair, light complexion, side whiskers; was a Congregationalist, a Republican, and undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he remained for some time at his home at Fitchburg, and in 1865 he went to Idaho in the employ of the "Northern Mining Company," of which company he was a member.

In 1867 he returned to the East by way of Oregon, California, and Panama, and opened a private school at Havre de Grace, Md., in which he was quite successful. In 1870 he returned to Fitchburg, where he was principal of the Day Street Grammar School to 1875; was principal of the High School at Saugus, Mass., to 1879, when he went to Colorado and engaged in hotelkeeping at Monument, and was also interested in mining. He made an extended tour in Europe in 1878; in 1881 he removed to West Virginia and engaged in teaching at Raleigh Court House; in 1882 he was appointed principal of the "Swayne School," at Montgomery, Ala., where he remained until 1885. In that year he settled in Cambridge, Mass., and taught there until Jan-

uary, 1892, when he resigned to take the principalship of a grammar school in Jersey City. He has received the degree of A.M. and in 1898 that of Ph.D. at New York University. Since 1884 he has been abroad twice. He has held no public office. He owns a pleasant city home, as well as a much-admired bungalow on Casco Bay. His health has been good, and he has escaped many of the ills that afflict us mortals, and trusts that there are some years still of active life before him. His memories of old Dartmouth, and of Reed Hall in particular, are very much alive.

Clings to his former political and religious creeds.

He married Miss Mary L. Hanscom, of Auburn, Me., at that place July 10, 1874.

One child born in 1886, but it did not survive.

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#### Capt. GEORGE FARR

George Farr, son of John and Tryphena (Morse) Farr, was born at Littleton, N. H., February 12, 1836. His father was a lawyer. He fitted at Thetford (Vt.) Academy, and entered Amherst College, and remained one year, when he entered Dartmouth at the beginning of Sophomore year, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 9½ inches in height, 154 pounds in weight; had black hair, dark complexion, full beard; a Congregationalist, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he enlisted in the Thirteenth Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers, and was commissioned captain and served with his company until June 1, 1864, when he was wounded in the charge at the Battle of Cold Harbor; remained in hospital until February, 1865, when he was put on court-martial duty at Norfolk, Va., until the close of the war. His wounds did not heal until the Winter of 1867. After his return home he engaged in the manufacture of starch until 1867; then went into trade until 1873, when he sold out; in 1870 he was appointed Deputy Sheriff, and in 1873-4 he devoted

himself entirely to his official duties; in October, 1874, he bought the Oak Hill House, a summer hotel at Littleton, which he managed personally.

He was prominent in G. A. R. circles; Commander of the Marshall Sanders Post, 1882; Department Commander for New Hampshire, 1884; and delegate to the National Encampments, 1884-5-6. He held numerous town offices; Police Justice for fifteen years; Moderator seven years; Selectman two years; Member of the Board of Education nine years, and Treasurer of the same four years. He was also president of the N. H. Grange Fair Association in 1894, and Master of Northern N. H. Pomona Grange, 1888-92; President of the Littleton Musical Association, and Director of Littleton Savings Bank, 1889-95. He died March 20, 1895.

He "was an ideal citizen; the dominant trait of his character was purity of thought and action, and all his aims were high." "He left a record without a stain."

He intended becoming a lawyer, but his severe wound, together with sunstroke, so injured his health that he had to give it up. He remained in the same political faith, and his creed was the "Golden Rule;" was a Mason.

Married Miss Eliza C. Boynton at Springfield, Mass., January, 1871.

Children: Grace Emma, nat., December 3, 1871.

Gertrude T., nat., October 15, 1873.

Leslie B., nat., December 1, 1878.

The son, Leslie B. Farr, graduated from Dartmouth in 1902, and is an engineer with offices at 41 Wall Street, New York City.

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#### GEORGE MARSHALL FELLOWS, Hyde Park, Mass.

George Marshall Fellows, son of Calvin Peterson and Mary Jane (Worthen) Fellows, was born at Britsol, N. H., May 8, 1837. His father was a farmer. He fitted at New Hampton, N. H., and entered college in the Fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8 inches in height, 150 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, side whiskers, sandy complexion, smoked; a Methodist, Republican, and undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he was principal of the High School at Contoocookville, N. H., to November, 1862; then principal of the High School at Franklin, N. H., to May, 1865; taught at the Academy at Corinth, Vt., and at the Falley Seminary, N. Y., each for a short time; then was in business at Lawrence, Mass., until June, 1868; then principal of the Avery School, at Dedham, Mass., until August, 1871; principal of the Blake School at Hyde Park, and afterward principal of the "Grew" School, from which position he was made sub-master of the Dorchester Everett School, in Boston, which position he resigned after having filled it for twenty-eight years. In 1907 he was engaged on some literary work which had been in progress for some years, and which he hoped to complete; but it is not yet (1909) finished. He has been at work on a genealogy and a family history, but these are for his children only. The work which, according to him, is the only one that is really literary, is a translation of the "Iliad" of Homer, which is now nearing completion. It is a literal translation, line for line, but no lazy boy could cheat his teacher by a mere copy.

These and a small manuscript volume of poems, written in moments of leisure, are all he has worth mention; at least, that is what he says.

His five sons all married and all succeeded well, and all but one are alive. All the sons had children, so that Fellows has eleven grandchildren to gladden his life. He is a Mason, a Republican, and a Methodist.

Married Miss Ellen Maria Emmons, at Bristol, N. H., August 12, 1862.

Children: Calvin Peterson, nat., September 17, 1863.

Horace Emmons, nat., January 5, 1865.

Edward St. Clair, nat., December 29, 1866.

Frank Marshall, }

George Frederick, } twins, nat., July 24, 1874.

COL. STARK FELLOWS

Stark Fellows, son of Rufus and Sarah Ann (Silver) Fellows, was born at Sandown, N. H., April 15, 1840. His father was a merchant. He entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7 inches in height, 165 pounds in weight; had black hair, side whiskers and mustache, light complexion, smoked; no religious preferences, Democrat, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he enlisted in the Fourteenth Regiment New Hampshire Volunteers, and was made Second Lieutenant October 9, 1862; resigned September 4, 1863; went before United States Military Board, and passed competitive examination for a field officer's position—he received the highest marking, and was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the Second United States Colored Troops. He was in command of Fort Taylor, Key West, Fla., when he was taken down with the yellow fever; he became convalescent, but a relapse coming on, he died May 23, 1864.

Stark Fellows had a quick and brilliant mind, and, had he lived, would have become a man of note and influence.

He never married.

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DAVID FOLSOM

David Folsom, son of Hon. John and Dorothy (Underhill) Folsom, was born at Chester, N. H., January 4, 1839. His father was a farmer, and also Judge of the Probate Court. He fitted at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.; entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 9 inches in height, 150 pounds in weight; had brown hair, light complexion, chin whiskers; paid his own college expenses; Congregationalist, Republican, and undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he at once entered commercial pursuits in connection with his brothers, who were prominent merchants. He was in business in Memphis, Tenn., from 1862 to

1863; at New Orleans, from 1863 to 1864; at St. Louis, from 1864 to 1866; at New York City, from 1866 to the day of his death. He did a large and successful business under the firm name of The H. D. Folsom Arms Company, at 314 Broadway, New York.

He was a Republican and an Episcopalian. He had traveled much abroad, having crossed the Atlantic more than a dozen times.

He died at Orange, N. J., October 20, 1897.

He married Miss Eleanor Titus, at Providence, R. I., December 21, 1865. She died at New York City, October 7, 1883. A great loss to her husband and son.

Children: David Folsom, nat., October 25, 1868.

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#### JAMES FRENCH, Boston, Mass.

James French, son of Moses and Almira (Herrick) French, was born at Meadville, Pa., October 21, 1839. His father was a merchant. He fitted at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet in height, 165 pounds in weight; had brown hair, light complexion, chin whiskers; a Congregationalist, Republican, and undecided as to future vocation.

Since graduation he has been engaged in commercial business entirely, having been in business in Boston from 1863 to 1867; Burlington, Iowa, from 1867 to 1871; Louisville, Ky., from 1871 to 1879; St. Louis from 1879 to 1881; Chicago, Ill., from 1881 to 1883; Boston, from 1883 to 1890, when he formed a business connection which took him to New York City. In June, 1895, he returned to Boston, and is as active in his business life as his near approach to the age limit of three-score and ten usually admits.

His son, the only child left him, married a few years since, and there is a grandson who rules the house of the grandfather.

French is connected with the Robey-French Company, 34 Bromfield Street, Boston, and his home is at Crescent Beach, a suburb of Boston.

He does not mention politics or religion, and they remain unchanged, in all probability.

He married Miss Emma J. Day, at Portland, Me., January, 1869.

Children: Margaret Clare, nat., November, 1870; ob. January, 1876.

James McDonald, nat., September, 1877.

Roberta S., nat., February, 1880; ob. June, 1880.

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#### NATHANIEL PARKER GAGE

Nathaniel Parker Gage, son of Samuel Kimball and Myra (Parker) Gage, was born at Pelham, N. H., April 26, 1838. His father was a shoe manufacturer. He fitted at Phillips Andover Academy, entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; had black hair, full beard, dark complexion; paid his own college expenses; a Congregationalist, Republican, and undecided as to future occupation.

After graduation he became a teacher, and followed that profession until his death.

He taught at North Hampton, N. H., to March, 1864; Ripon, Wis., to August, 1866; Fort Atkinson, Wis., to August, 1867; Prescott, Wis., to July, 1868; Lake Forest, Ill., to July, 1869; Mystic River, Conn., to July, 1870, when he removed to Washington, D. C., where he resided the remainder of his life.

He was the principal of the Seaton School to 1874, and from that date was supervising principal of schools.

He had the reputation of being an able and valuable instructor and supervisor.

In the memorial address by Mr. A. T. Stuart, superintendent of the Washington public schools, are these words: "I disparage no one, living or dead, when I say that no teacher in the Capital City has ever exerted a wider or more beneficent influence upon

our people as a teacher, as a citizen, or as a man, than did Nathaniel P. Gage." "He was not only a superior teacher and a model supervisor, but he was an accurate scholar, a man of discriminating taste and a student of art." "The relations between him and his friends were those of absolute confidence and affection." Mr. Stuart knew Gage and his worth, for they had worked side by side for thirty years, beginning their careers in the schools of Washington on the same day.

In 1905 one of the new public school buildings was dedicated the "Gage School" in honor of him.

He met his death on August 7, 1903. He died in Vermont at the top of a mountain, which he had ascended for the view. At the time of his death he had as supervising principal about 100 teachers under him.

His sympathies were with the Republican Party, and he was a Congregationalist. He made the tour of Europe in 1878. He lived and died a bachelor.

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#### Dr. GEORGE FULLER GILL

George Fuller Gill, son of Charles and Deborah Ann (Belcher) Gill, was born at Farmington, Me., February 5, 1843. His father was a sea captain and merchant. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, entered college in the Fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 145 pounds in weight; had black hair, dark complexion, smoked; a Congregationalist, a Democrat, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he at once entered the military service as hospital steward in a regiment of Rhode Island cavalry; attended Harvard Medical School in 1862-3; was appointed a United States Medical Cadet in March, 1863, and was on duty at St. Louis, and pursued his medical studies at the Medical College of the University of St. Louis, graduating M.D. in March, 1864; at that date he was made Acting Assistant Surgeon of the Army at Madison General (Army) Hospital in Indiana, and so continued to the close of the war in July, 1865, when he left the service and settled in the prac-

tice of medicine at St. Louis, where he resided until his death.

He was in the frontier service in the Indian campaign of the Winter of 1869-70, as Surgeon to the Fifth and Tenth regiments, United States Cavalry.

He was abroad the years of 1873-4 and 1882 studying at the principal hospitals of Europe. He held the professorship of diseases of children at the St. Louis Medical College, and was one of the staff of St. Luke's Hospital. He died June 4, 1892, at Magnolia, Mass.

It was characteristic of the man that during the outbreak of cholera at St. Louis, shortly after the Civil War, he remained constantly at his work. Taken away in the prime of life, he had accomplished a full life's work, and left the memory of a noble nature and skilful physician.

The medical staff of St. Luke's Hospital thus gave voice to their grief:

"Dr. George F. Gill died at Magnolia, Mass., on June 4th, 1892.' In this brief sentence is told the loss, to us, of a trusted friend and colleague, and to the hospital of a valued supporter. He was a man whose honor was above reproach, and whose life should be to us an encouragement and a stimulus.

"As a physician, he was able, conscientious, and charitable; ever ready to assist by his services or advice those who needed help.

"Of a nature eminently retiring, his real worth was known only to his friends. Of such a man the world may hear little, but those who knew him loved him, and to them his death means the loss of a friend, sympathetic, genial, honest, and true."

He married, in 1889, the daughter of the late Hon. Richard Frothingham, Charlestown, Mass.

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#### OCTAVIUS BARRELL GOODWIN

Octavius Barrell Goodwin, son of John Marston and Mehitabel Walker (Day) Goodwin, was born at Hollis, Me., July 22, 1840. He fitted at Phillips Andover Academy, entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 11 inches in height 150 pounds

in weight; had dark brown hair, light complexion, side whiskers; Unitarian in creed, Democrat, undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he engaged in mercantile business in North Carolina; returned to Maine in 1864; went to Oil City, Pa., in 1865, and was there engaged in real estate and machinery business (sale of engines, boilers, and steam pumps) until 1883, when he went to Norfolk, Va., where, also, he dealt in machinery. While at Oil City he was a member of the city council and president of the Water and Gas Commission of the city. In 1893 his health was seriously impaired and he moved to Erie, Pa., to become manager of the sales department of T. M. Nagle's boiler and engine works. However, early in 1894 he bought the tool factory of Wm. Ross & Bros., at Sharon Hill, Pa. This was his last business change.

In 1897 he lost his wife, and in October, 1907, his mother died at Biddeford, Me. Though his health was uncertain for some time, there were no manifest critical symptoms, but on the 14th of January, 1908, he died very suddenly. His two sons survive him—the elder at Rome, Italy, the younger at Philadelphia, Pa.

He was a Democrat, and in 1884 was attending the services of the Episcopal Church.

He married Miss Gertrude Murdoch, of Philadelphia, Pa., May 2, 1871.

Children: Frederick D., nat., September 18, 1873.

George K., nat., September 9, 1881.

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#### GEORGE FRANK HOBBS

George Frank Hobbs, son of Josiah Hilton and Rhoda Davis (Chapman) Hobbs, was born at Wakefield, N. H., May 6, 1841. His father was a lawyer. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, entered college in the Fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet in height, 170 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, chin whiskers, smoked, paid his own college expenses; Liberal in creed, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he read law with Hon. Charles Chesley, at Wakefield, and with Jordan & Rollins, at Great Falls, until September, 1864, when he enlisted in the First New Hampshire Heavy Artillery; was discharged by special order, and was made first lieutenant and adjutant of the Eighteenth New Hampshire Regiment (infantry) in October, 1864; served until the spring of 1865, when he was obliged to resign on account of ill health; he then returned to Wakefield and resumed his legal studies—as far as his impaired health would permit; after remaining a few years at that place, he removed to Dover, and was connected with the Hon. S. M. Wheeler in the practice of law for about one year, when he engaged in the profession alone, and gained a very high position at the New Hampshire Bar, and gathered a large and profitable practice. His success was remarkable, and his labor unceasing—so much so that his health became most seriously impaired in 1879 by overwork, and from that time he was obliged to give up all business. Within two years after moving to Dover he was city solicitor, an office held by him again in 1878-9. He was also a member of the city school board.

In the celebrated trial of Joseph B. Buzzell, in Carroll County, for murder, Hobbs was associated with the attorney-general for the prosecution, and bore a prominent part. His reputation became extended and his practice grew rapidly.

It was said of him that he “flashed into distinction like a meteor in the starry midnight,” and another styled him “the first lawyer in New Hampshire of his years.”

“His amiable disposition, his modesty and generosity, his complete uprightness, his high sense of honor, and his lofty professional ideals endeared him to all who knew him.”

He died in the asylum at Somerville, Mass., October 7, 1891, twelve years after his breaking down.

While practicing at Dover he was director in the Stratford National Bank, and trustee of the Stratford County Savings Bank.

He married Miss Emma J. Christie, daughter of Hon. Daniel M. Christie (Dartmouth, 1815), at Dover, N. H., November 18, 1873.

There were no children.

## GROSVENOR SILLIMAN HUBBARD, New York

Grosvenor Silliman Hubbard, son of Professor Oliver Payson and Faith Wadsworth (Silliman) Hubbard, was born at Hanover, N. H., October 10, 1840. His father was a member of the Faculty of Dartmouth (see page 6, this book). He fitted at Phillips Andover Academy, entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10½ inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; had brown hair, light complexion; Congregationalist in creed, a Republican, and undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he taught at Grand Ligne, Canada, from October, 1862, to March, 1863; May, 1863, to July, 1865, he held an appointment in the Register's office, Treasury Department, Washington; September, 1865, to September, 1866, was in the Yale Law School; studied law with Man & Parsons, New York City, until October, 1869; also attended Columbia Law School, and was admitted to practice in May, 1867. Practiced law by himself from October, 1869, to May, 1873; then formed the partnership of Chittenden & Hubbard; dissolved this partnership in May, 1881, and since that time has been alone in business at 35 Wall Street.

Since 1884 he has continued to attend strictly to business and has held no public office. He has been appointed Referee in over four hundred cases in the New York Supreme Court, and Commissioner in numerous proceedings for condemnation for school sites, parks and water front property.

He was abroad in 1877, '78 and '79, 1888 and '89, 1891, '94 and '98, in 1906, and hopes soon to go again.

He lives with his sister at No. 117 West Fifty-fifth Street, where he would be glad to see his friends and classmates.

He has never married.

He still retains the same religious and political belief; is a member of the University Club.

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Dr. SIMEON HUNT, East Providence, R. I.

Dr. Simeon Hunt, son of William D. and Lydia (Chase) Hunt, was born at Seekonk, Mass., April 27, 1837. His

father was a farmer. He fitted at the Friends' School, Providence, R. I., and entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7½ inches in height, 138 pounds in weight; had dark hair, chin whiskers, light complexion; a Congregationalist, Republican, and intended to become a doctor of medicine.

After graduation he studied medicine with Drs. Dixi and A. B. Crosby, at Hanover, and Dr. Buck, at Manchester; attended lectures at Hanover, and took degree of M.D. there in the Fall of 1864; was appointed Assistant Surgeon U. S. A. (colored troops), at graduation, but was taken down with inflammatory rheumatism, and was not mustered into service on that account.

Commenced practice at Corry, Pa., in February, 1865, and after remaining there three months, removed to Springfield, Pa., and entered into a large country practice, but was obliged to return East in the Spring of 1868, on account of the ill health of his wife. He then settled at East Providence, and still resides there.

He has associated with him in the practice of his profession his son William, who graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons (New York) in 1898, and has given up to him the surgical part of his practice. The past few years he has given some attention to outside business and is "interested somewhat in oil and mining, but has not become a J. D. R." "Am leading a very quiet, easy life; have not amassed a fortune or been obliged to beg my daily bread." "Hope to meet many of the class at our next reunion."

Is a member of various medical societies and associations, a Mason of high degree, is examiner for several life insurance companies, was Health Officer of his city 1885-7, member of the school committee 1886-8, State Medical Examiner 1885-91. He has travelled extensively in the Northern States and the British possessions; made the trip of Europe in the Summer of 1877. He had invested largely in the drug business in 1874, and was burned out in 1877, losing some \$10,000 besides his library. Is a Republican, and his religion the "Golden Rule."

Married Miss Anna M. Balch, of Lyme, N. H., October 25, 1865.

Children: Charles Balch, nat., September 2, 1866; ob. October 27, 1866.

William W., nat., April 22, 1868.

Charles Balch, nat., July 24, 1869; ob. August 21, 1869.

Fred. Balch, nat., January 8, 1872; drowned August 10, 1882.

Archie J., nat., November 3, 1878; now a civil engineer in the West.

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#### ANDREW INGRAHAM

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Andrew Ingraham, son of Robert and Phebe (Coffin) Ingraham, was born at New Bedford, Mass., December 19, 1841. He fitted at New Bedford, and entered college in 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 135 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, dark complexion, smoked; was Liberal in creed, a Republican, and intended to become a teacher.

After graduation he soon enlisted in Company I, Third Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers; was on detached service in the Signal Corps most of the time while in service; discharged in 1863. Was principal of Plymouth (Mass.) Academy in 1865-6, and went thence to New Bedford, Mass., to teach in the Friends' Academy. In 1878 he succeeded Dr. John Tetlow as Principal of this school. Some years later he became Principal of the Swain Free School, and this position he held until the school suspended. In 1903 he moved to Cambridge, Mass., in order to have the literary and library advantages of Harvard University. With failing health, he continued his literary work until a few months before his death. He was a profound scholar and a man of learning. He was the author of a number of pamphlets and other publications, among them:

"Subjunctive and Meanings."

"Science of Relations."

"A Spencerium in Symbols."

"Swain School Lectures," and an edition of Chaucer.

Of the "Swain School Lectures" the critics said:

"Not scientific treatises, but a scholarly and often whimsical exhibition of groups of mental phenomena or analyses of matters that unscientific minds take for granted without thought of investigation."

"They are scholarly, but are written in a popular style attractive to the student of to-day, who must be interested before he can be instructed."

"They are brief, pointed, and interesting."

"But these 50,000 words are so employed by the author as to reveal the meaning of hundreds of volumes of writers upon philosophy which would be meaningless to the mind that had not received some such revelation."

He was a member of the American Philological Society and of the Rodman Post, G. A. R.

At the time of his death he had projected a work on a new system of logic, and his notes are now in the hands of an eminent scholar for examination to see if they are sufficiently complete for publication.

While he was living at Cambridge his only daughter, unmarried, died at his home. His wife survives him, as do his three sons.

He always held to his free and liberal thought in matters religious. He died August 7, 1905.

He married Miss Mary Eva Hunt, of Providence, R. I.

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#### WILLIAM EDWARD JOHNSON, Woodstock, Vt.

William Edward Johnson, son of Eliakin and Harriet Augusta (Collamer) Johnson, was born at Woodstock, Vt., June 26, 1841. His father was a banker. He fitted at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches in height, 165 pounds in weight; had light brown hair; light complexion;

smoked; a Congregationalist, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he at once began the study of law at Woodstock, with Washburn & Marsh, and was admitted to the bar at the May term, 1865; commenced the practice of law at Woodstock, July 1, 1865, with Hon. Warren C. French, under the firm name of French & Johnson; this continued till December 1, 1867, when they dissolved, and Johnson has since been in practice alone at Woodstock. He is living in Woodstock quietly and happily with his wife and daughter, has entirely retired from the practice of his profession, has a fine home where he spends most of the year, but goes South or to California for the Winter. He finds enough to keep him busy in managing his own affairs and attending to the business of the corporations with which he is connected.

He was State Attorney from 1872 to 1874, and has been a Director of the Woodstock National Bank since 1875, and President of it since 1895. He was State Senator from 1888 to 1890. Is a Director in the Woodstock Railway Company, the Woodstock Hotel Company, and the Woodstock Aqueduct Company.

He says nothing about his creed or his politics in 1909.

Married Miss Elizabeth M. Hatch, of Woodstock, August 20, 1866.

Children: Margaret Louise, nat., October 17, 1869.

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#### Rev. JOSIAH WEARE KINGSBURY

Josiah Weare Kingsbury, son of Rev. Samuel and Mary (Badcock) Kingsbury, was born at Underhill, Vt., October 2, 1838. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, and entered college in 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; brown hair, chin whiskers; paid his own college expenses; Congregationalist, a Republican, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he was the principal of the classical department of the City School at Schenectady, N. Y.; entered Princeton Theological Seminary in the Fall of 1863, and continued there nearly two years, leaving on account of trouble with his eyes; preached at Eden, Vt., some four months in the summer of 1864; installed pastor of the Congregational Church at Quechee, Vt., June 28, 1866, where he had already preached one year, and so continued till September 28, 1869, when he was dismissed at his own request, in order to accept a call to North Woodstock, Conn., where he remained till April 1, 1871; he supplied the First Church at Biddeford, Me., from October, 1871, to October, 1872; installed at North Reading, Mass., October 16, 1872, and remained till April, 1877; acting pastor of the Congregational Church at Montague, Mass., from August, 1877, to April, 1879; acting pastor of the Congregational Church at Rye, N. H., from November 1, 1879, to May, 1882; in September, 1882, removed to Exeter, N. H., and later supplied churches in Derby and Charleston, Vt., returning to Exeter in October, 1883.

He accepted a call to Deerfield, N. H., in 1884, where he preached four years, and was then at Chichester for one year. His last pastorate was at Middleboro, Mass., where several of his children graduated from the Thayer Academy.

The latter years of his life were devoted to a study of the Ancient Tabernacle and Solomon's Temple. He was also the author of several sketches and temperance lectures.

He died at Braintree, Mass., in January, 1899. His wife and eight children outlived him.

Married Miss Mary H. Jackson, at Tamworth, N. H., October 2, 1865.

Children: William Josiah, nat., November 10, 1866.

Joseph Jackson, nat., August 5, 1868.

Samuel, nat., September 14, 1870.

George Dean, nat., July 26, 1872.

Mabel Hope, nat., July 19, 1874.

Mary Lizzie, nat., February 9, 1876.

Noah, nat., January 10, 1878.

Grace Ethel, nat., July 30, 1881.

## ARTHUR SEWELL LAKE, Shenandoah, Iowa

Arthur Sewell Lake, son of David and Julia B. (Sanborn) Lake, was born at Chichester, N. H., November 11, 1836. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Pittsfield, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 6 feet in height, 150 pounds in weight; black hair, light complexion; paid his own college expenses; a Republican, a Congregationalist, and undecided as to future vocation.

After graduation he was principal of the Conway (Mass.) Academy in 1862; taught at Bradford, Mass., in 1863; Highham, Mass., in 1864; Hanover, Mass., 1865; Thomaston, Conn., 1865-70; Winsted, Conn., 1871; Wolcottville, Conn., 1872; in 1873 he removed to Shenandoah, Iowa, where he has since resided; engaged in the hardware business for two years, and since in the real estate and loan business.

He was Mayor of Shenandoah in 1874, and has been a member of the School Board. He is a Congregationalist and a Republican.

When the Western Normal College Company was organized at Shenandoah, in 1892, he was elected president of the corporation, and has held the position from that time on.

Every year for the past several years he has conducted on Memorial Day a patriotic concert in honor of the old soldiers. He has been prospered in his business, but nothing unusual has happened in his life the past twenty-five years.

Married to Miss Jennie H. Fox, at Thomaston, Conn., November 18, 1869.

Children: Carrie H., nat., September 16, 1870.

John F., nat., November 16, 1873.

Arthur, nat., January 31, 1879, ob. February 5, 1879.

George F., nat., May 8, 1881, ob. January 31, 1882.

## REV. HENRY PHELPS LAMPREY, Concord, N. H.

Henry Phelps Lamprey, son of Ephraim and Bridget (Phelps) Lamprey, was born at Groton, N. H., November 3, 1832. His father was a farmer. He fitted at New Hampton, N. H., and entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8 inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; auburn hair, full beard, dark complexion; paid his own college expenses; was a Free-will Baptist in creed, Republican, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he was employed by the American Tract Society, from 1862 to 1864; then studied divinity at the Free Baptist Theological School at New Hampton, from 1864 to 1866; then pastor of the Free Baptist Church at Phillips, Me., from 1866 to 1868; pastor at Wilmot, N. H., from 1868 to 1871; at Brunswick, Me., 1871-2; East Corinth, Me., 1872-3; South Parsonsfield, Me., 1873 to 1876; Northwood, N. H., 1876 to 1878. In 1878 he transferred his ecclesiastical standing to the Congregational Church, and was pastor of the church at West Stewartstown, N. H., in 1878-9; at Danbury, N. H., 1879 to 1881, when, on account of the failing health of a brother, he returned to his old home at Concord and cultivated an extensive market garden at that place. Since then he has been at Acworth, N. H., May, 1885-7; Lower Waterford, Vt., October, 1887-9; Centre Ossipee, N. H., 1889-90; supplied at Epsom, N. H., 1890-1, and later bought a home at the south end of Concord, N. H., and still resides there.

His older daughter graduated from Mt. Holyoke College in 1891 and is engaged in literary work in New York City. The younger daughter also is in New York and engaged in musical and literary work.

He is a Republican and of the Congregationalist creed.

He married Miss Nellie S. Hardy, at New Hampton, July 11, 1867.

Children: Lunette Emeline, born April 17, 1869.

Elmira Adrienne, born October 21, 1878.

## BENJAMIN McLERAN, San Diego, Cal.

Benjamin McLeran, son of William and Eliza (Gleason) McLeran, was born at Barnet, Vt., February 5, 1840. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Peacham, Vt., and entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course, and was the recorder of the sins and transgressions of the Class of '62 for four years, known as class monitor.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7 inches in height, 150 pounds in weight; had black hair, mustache, dark complexion; paid his own college expenses; a Republican, a Presbyterian, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he entered the U. S. Navy, in the war of the Rebellion, and served faithfully for two years; then entered the service of the Engineer Corps of the Army of the Gulf, and was topographical engineer on the staff of General Canby at the close of the war; he was a teacher at Shreveport, La., under the auspices of the Freedmen's Bureau, in 1866-7; in the latter year he was elected member of the State Constitutional Convention, representing the parish of Caddo; then resumed his profession of civil engineering and was engaged on many important surveys, and on nearly every projected railroad in the State; surveyor of Ouachita parish two years, division engineer of the N. O., Mobile and Texas R. R. in 1869-70; State engineer of levees in 1871-2; land surveyor in 1873-6; chief draftsman of Board of State Engineers in 1876; draftsman to Surveyor General's Office, 1877-80.

Later he was a civil engineer in New Orleans until he removed to North Carolina, where he remained until 1889, when he went to San Diego, Cal. All of this time he has been in the practice of his profession, but of late years has spent much of his time on a ranch, bee keeping.

While living in New Orleans he was a member of the N. O. Academy of Sciences, of the Society of Civil Engineers of the Gulf States, and of the N. O. Sanitary Association. He was Commissioner of Forestry at the Cotton Centennial at New Orleans.

He has not been much in public life nor has he ever been in public office, though sometimes a candidate. Has written no book, but occasionally writes for the newspapers.

In politics a Republican, in religion a Unitarian.

Married Miss Martha M. Fitts, of Saratoga, N. Y., at New Orleans, in 1870.

Children: Rhoda, nat., 1871.

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### REV. HENRY MARDEN

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Henry Marden, son of Samuel and Phebe (Noyes) Marden, was born at New Boston, N. H., December 9, 1837. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Francestown and Mount Vernon (N. H.) Academies, and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7½ inches in height, 135 pounds in weight; sandy hair and complexion; paid his own college expenses; was a Republican, a Presbyterian, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he taught at Bradford, Mass., 1862-4; at the Hitchcock Academy, Brimfield, Mass., 1864-6; studied divinity at Andover Theological Seminary till 1869; ordained a Congregational minister at Francestown, September 2, 1869; at once went as missionary to Aintab, Central Turkey, under the auspices of the American Board, having general oversight of the Central Turkey Missions; returned to this country in July, 1875, and remained until October, 1878, engaged in ministerial work; then he returned to Turkey and was stationed at Marash, where he resided until 1905. He had the supervision of some twenty-five Protestant congregations, besides being a teacher and trustee in the Theological Seminary at Marash. He was of important service to the cause of humanity and Christianity during the terrible scenes that occurred in Central Turkey in the years of 1878-9, when the city of Zeitoon, which had a population of 10,000 Christians, was in open rebellion against the Turkish Government, being driven to beggary and

desperation by the merciless exactions and extortions of the Turkish rulers, who made it a point to rob the Christian population. A large force of troops was on its way to destroy Zeitoon and its inhabitants, being impelled by love of plunder and hatred of Christianity, when Mr. Marden was asked by the English Consul and the Turkish Governor at Aleppo to go to Zeitoon and seek to adjust the difficulties without bloodshed. He at once started with two native guides, on his hazardous mission for Zeitoon, which is situated among the wild peaks of the upper Taurus; the way was infested by Moslem robbers, brigands and outlaws, but he passed them all and entered Zeitoon in safety, and after holding a conference with the outlaws and rebels for one week, he succeeded in adjusting their wrongs to such a degree that they capitulated and signed pledges of loyalty. When he started on his return, the soldiers, impatient to attack the Christian at Zeitoon, were making demonstrations to that end. The lives of the 10,000 Christians being imperiled, he sent a messenger on a hazardous ride of 130 miles on horseback, through a wild country and amidst bitter foes, to Aleppo, in order to report his successful mission before the army could make any attack, and thus prevent any movement. The messenger reached Aleppo the next day; the result of Marden's mission gave great satisfaction to the Turkish Government, the hostile movement was stopped, to the rage and disgust of the army, and Zeitoon was saved.

For this signal service he received the thanks of the Turkish Governor-General and the English authorities, and was afterwards appointed by our Government United States Consular Agent at Marash.

His health failing, he left Marash for the United States in April, 1890, with his wife and daughter. When he reached Athens on the 4th of May he was seriously ill, and by the advice of friends was removed to the "Hospital Evangelismos." His disease proved to be a malignant form of typhus, and despite the best medical skill and the best nursing, he died, on the 13th of May. He was buried in the beautiful Greek cemetery.

Such was the sympathy awakened throughout the American community at Athens, that it was proposed to endow an American ward in the "Hospital Evangelismos."

Just before leaving his work in April he wrote: "I long for home at times more than tongue can tell, yet I am sorry to leave the work even for a year."

Married Miss Mary L. Cristy, at Brooklyn, N. Y., September 10, 1869, she died at Aintab, October 1, 1874; married Miss Alice M. Kingsbury, at Francestown, October 1, 1878, she died at Marash, October 17, 1879; married Miss Ettie C. Doane, of Owasso, Mich., at Marash, December 28, 1882.

Children: Jesse Krekore, nat., March 10, 1872.

Mary L., nat., September 30, 1874.

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JOHN WESLEY MILLIGAN, Swissvale, Pa.

John Wesley Milligan, son of Robert and Mary Ann (Shartess) Milligan, was born at Braddock's Field (now Swissvale), Pa., May 15, 1838. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Wilksburg, Pa., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 145 pounds in weight; had light auburn hair, sandy complexion; was a Republican, a Presbyterian, and intended to go into business.

After graduation he at once entered upon the study of law in the office of J. H. Hampton, at Pittsburg, and was admitted to the bar in 1864; practiced law in the same place till 1876, when he gave it up in order to carry out his business plans, and for thirteen years was connected with the Edgar Thompson Steel Works, the largest of their class in the country, and has not been in any business since 1889.

His home is at Swissvale, a most charming spot on the Pennsylvania Railroad, eight miles from Pittsburg, on the farm where he was born, and which has been the family homestead for more than ninety years.

He adheres to the same political and religious creeds as in college days.

Married Miss Mary E. Agnew, at Wilkinsburg, Pa., July 17, 1866. She died March 27, 1891.

Children: Robert, nat., August 28, 1869.

Joseph Frederick, nat., November 13, 1871.

Edwin Irwin, nat., August 27, 1873; ob. March 9, 1874.

Mary Graham, nat., September 14, 1874.

Matilda Carothers, nat., April 9, 1876.

Margaretta Bell, nat., April 9, 1877; ob. March 9, 1881.

James Carothers, nat., August 22, 1884, at St. Georges, Del.

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REV. JOSEPH ROBERT MILLIGAN, D.D., St. George's, Del.

Joseph Robert Milligan, son of Robert and Mary Ann (Shartess) Milligan, was born at Braddock's Field, Pa., May 25, 1844. His father was a farmer and coal dealer. He fitted at Wilkinsburgh (Pa.) Academy, and entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10½ inches in height, 140 pounds in weight; had light auburn hair, sandy complexion; was a Presbyterian, Republican, and intended to engage in business.

After graduation he was engaged in the coal business with his father, in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City, Pa., from 1862 to 1865, residing at the family homestead; from 1865 to 1868 he was a student in the Princeton Theological Seminary, taking the full course of three years. He was then prostrated by a severe sickness of long duration, and by advice of his physician was obliged to indefinitely delay any immediate work in the ministry, and engage in active outdoor pursuits. He consequently engaged in the coal business, and afterward had an interest in the "Iron City Planing Mill," in Pittsburgh.

He continued in active business until 1880, when he went to New York City, where he remained some months in business; in 1881 he lived in Newark, N. J., and while there

organized the Young Men's Christian Association of that city. In 1882 he was ordained to the ministry and was pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Gloucester, N. J., 1882-5; Rock and Zion churches, Presbytery of New Castle, 1885-92; at First Church, Wilmington, Del., 1892-7; at Olivet Church, Wilmington, 1897-1901; at St. George's, Del., from 1901 to the present.

He has received the following degrees from Dartmouth: A.B., A.M., D.D. Stated clerk of Presbytery of New Castle, 1900 to present time.

He married Miss Mary Elizabeth Marchand, daughter of John I. Marchand, M.D., at Pittsburgh, Pa., September 17, 1874.

Children: John Irwin Marchand, nat., August 6, 1875; now an electrical engineer.

Rebecca Conner, nat., November 1, 1876; wife of Lieut. A. W. Foreman, U. S. Army.

Mary Josephine, nat., September 16, 1878; wife of C. T. Rommel, M.E.

Sara Everson Marchand, nat., April 13, 1881; ob. 1909.

Howard Prescott Marchand, Cadet U. S. Military Academy, West Point.

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#### GEORGE WASHINGTON MORRILL

George Washington Morrill, son of George E. and Hannah (Bartlett) Morrill, was born at Nashua, N. H., June 27, 1836. His father was a physician. He fitted at Kimball Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7½ inches in height, 160 pounds in weight; black hair, dark complexion, full beard; smoked; paid his own college expenses; liberal in creed, Democratic in politics, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation, read law with Morrison, Stanley & Clark, at Manchester, teaching school occasionally till March, 1864;

went then to New York City and continued the study of law; was admitted to the New York bar in May, 1864, and engaged in practice of law and real estate business till the spring of 1870, when he removed to St. Paul, Minn., where he pursued his profession for three years; removed to Anoka, Minn., where he was engaged in the practice of law until his death, in May, 1905. His son still lives in Anoka.

Morrill had been a member of the School Board in Anoka, and also its president; he had also been city attorney and State attorney for his county.

He clung to his liberal ideas in matters religious, remained a Democrat, was a Mason, and in 1884 wrote, "There has not been any very remarkable event in my life, but have worked hard and enjoyed good rest at night."

Married Miss Olive I. Caldwell, at Dunbarton, N. H., December 25, 1866.

Children: Eliza C., nat., Concord, N. H., July 14, 1869.

Mary P., nat., Anoka, October 29, 1874.

George B., nat., Anoka, October 15, 1876.

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#### Rev. CHARLES MYRON PALMER

Charles Myron Palmer, son of Asa and Pamela (Rugg) Palmer, was born at Orford, N. H., January 16, 1837. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Kimball Academy, Meriden, N. H.; entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 6 feet 1 inch in height, 180 pounds in weight; had black hair, dark complexion, full beard; was a Republican, a Congregationalist, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he taught the Hitchcock High School at Brimfield, Mass., from 1862 to 1864; entered the Union Theological Seminary, at New York City, in November, 1864; entered Andover Theological Seminary in 1865 and graduated there August 1, 1867; he preached at Harrisville, N. H., from

1867 to 1871; at Cornish, N. H., from 1871 to 1873; at Meriden, N. H., from 1873 to 1881; at Saratoga, Cal., in 1881-2; and at Westminster, Mass., from March, 1883, to April, 1891, being pastor of the Congregational Church at that place. After a rest at Poxton, Mass., till January, 1893, he went to Sharon, Vt., where he labored until November, 1897, when he went to Stoddard, N. H., and there remained until September, 1899, when his work was ended by his death.

He suffered from bodily ailments without cessation from 1888 on, but with a cheerful spirit he kept on with his chosen work until close to the end of his life.

He was in ill health after entering the ministry, and on that account went to California in 1881, and to Europe for three months in the summer of 1889; but he always remained an active worker.

He was a trustee of Kimball Union Academy several years, and was President of the Alumni Association of that school. He took a great interest in the academy, and in many ways labored to promote its welfare.

Politically he was a Republican and a Prohibitionist.

He married Miss Marien W. Powers, at Cornish, N. H., August 26, 1868.

No children.

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#### EDWIN FRANKLIN PALMER, Waterbury, Vt.

Edwin Franklin Palmer, son of Aaron and Sarah (Thayer) Palmer, was born at Waitsfield, Vt., January 22, 1836. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Northfield, Vt., and entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8½ inches in height, 145 pounds in weight; had light brown hair, chin whiskers, sandy complexion; smoked; a Congregationalist, a Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he entered the army as Lieutenant in the 13th Regiment Vermont Volunteers.

In 1864 he began the study of law in the office of Gov. Dil-

lingham, and, after admission to practice, settled in Waterbury, where he has ever since resided in the active practice of his profession.

He has gained a high position as a lawyer at the bar of Vermont, and has been engaged in many important trials.

He represented the town of Waterbury in the State Legislature in the years 1880, 1888, 1896, and has taken an active part as a speaker in some of the political campaigns. He was a State Reporter of the Supreme Court from 1880 through 1888, and published eight volumes of the State Reports.

He was elected, by the Legislature, State Superintendent of Education in 1888, and was re-elected in 1890, serving four years in all. He made two exhaustive reports, and it was said at the time of his retirement that the adoption by the Legislature of the town system of education in Vermont was largely the result of his able and exhaustive arguments in his last report. It was also said that by his earnest efforts he was able to accomplish something toward every one of the reforms he advocated.

He is a Republican and a Congregationalist.

Married Miss Addie D. Harthorn, of Guildhall, Vt., June 15, 1865.

Children: Edwin F., nat., February 24, 1868.

Annie D., nat., March 23, 1870, ob. November 17, 1891.

Alice C., nat., May 23, 1872, ob. February 8, 1895.

Mabel, nat., August 15, 1874, ob. July 2, 1892.

John H., nat., June 9, 1877.

Charles C., nat., April 8, 1879.

Robert W., nat., July 9, 1884.

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REV. GEORGE BELA PATCH

George Bela Patch, son of William and Adeline (Wright) Patch, was born at Hartford, Vt., May 6, 1837. His father was a shoe manufacturer. He fitted at Thetford, Vt., and

entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 11 inches in height, 145 pounds in weight; had light complexion, brown hair, side whiskers; paid his own college expenses; was a Republican, a Congregationalist, and intended to become a minister.

After graduation he at once went to Washington, having a call to labor as missionary under the auspices of the First Presbyterian Church of that city. He received an appointment to a clerkship in the Treasury Department in June, 1863, which he retained some years, being several times promoted. While attending to his duties as clerk and laboring as a missionary, he pursued a course of theological study. In 1868 he was ordained an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and in 1875 was ordained minister and called to the pastorate of the Eastern Presbyterian Church of Washington. Here he remained six years. In 1881 he began work in a mission at Clabaugh Hall in the northwest section of the city, and this grew so rapidly that a chapel had soon to be built, and a new church organized, the Unity Presbyterian Church, and he was installed pastor of the same April 15, 1882.

In 1892 the corner stone of a new building was laid, and in memory of the donor the name of the church was changed to Gunton Temple Memorial Church. The building was soon finished and dedicated, and here Dr. Patch labored faithfully until 1896, when a stroke of paralysis compelled his retirement from active work, and he was made pastor emeritus. He lived two years longer, and died April 1, 1898.

He did good work, and, as a faithful pastor and true Christian, he had the respect and esteem of all who were brought in contact with him.

He made the trip of Europe in the summer and fall of 1878.

He published a volume of poems of much merit a few years previous to 1884.

He was a Republican, and expressed the belief that he was "thoroughly orthodox, as every Presbyterian clergyman should be."

He married Miss Elizabeth Walker at Washington, January 13, 1864. She died July 24, 1909.

No children.

WILLIAM HENRY PECK

William Henry Peck, son of George Clinton and Melinda P. (Wingate) Peck, was born at Lyndon, Vt., January 3, 1841. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Lyndon, and entered college in 1858, and continued through the whole course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10½ inches in height, 145 pounds in weight; black hair, dark complexion; smoked; paid his own expenses in college; was a Congregationalist in creed, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he sold subscription books in Ohio during the Summer and Fall of 1862; taught at Union, Rock County, Wis., the following Winter; taught at Mineral Point, Wis., from 1863 to 1867, excepting one year, when he taught at Stoughton, Wis.

He started the *National Democrat*, at Mineral Point, and published the same during 1867 and '68; sold out and continued teaching at the same place for two years; in 1870 he bought the same paper and published it till 1874, when he sold out and removed to Chicago in the Fall of that year.

During his residence at Mineral Point he was County Superintendent and also City Superintendent of Schools. He engaged in the job and book printing business in Chicago, and so continued for some time. Later he moved to Madison, Wis., where he had an excellent clerkship in the office of the Secretary of State.

There he died, in December, 1891, of heart disease. J. A. Clark, writing Gage, shortly after Peck's death, said that every one liked him. Clark had seen a good deal of him for five years and was very fond of him, and wrote Gage that Peck's death was a heavy loss to him.

His wife and two daughters survived him.

He was a Democrat in politics, and in creed a Unitarian.

Married Miss Johanna Hildebrand, at Mineral Point, October 26, 1864.

Children: Mary H., nat., September 2, 1865.

George C., nat., August 11, 1867; ob. August 28, 1868.

Agnes Antonia, nat., January 18, 1869; ob. April 20, 1871.

Ida H., nat., May 26, 1872.

Etta H., nat., March 12, 1879.

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JAY READ PEMBER, Woodstock, Vt.

Jay Read Pember, son of Dr. Jacob Read Pember and Violet (Hidden) Pember, was born at Randolph, Vt., September 2, 1841. His father was a physician. He fitted at the Orange County Grammar School, at Randolph, and entered college in the Spring of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 11 inches in height, 136 pounds in weight; had light brown hair, light complexion; was a Republican, an Episcopalian, and undecided as to future vocation. During his college course he became an efficient shorthand writer.

After graduation he entered upon the business of shorthand reporting; reported the official proceedings of the Vermont Legislature, in the fall of 1862, and soon after removed to Boston, residing there ten years engaged in reporting.

Being called to Vermont to do the official reporting for the State Courts, he, in 1872, removed to his old homestead in Randolph, where he resided till 1878, when he removed to Woodstock, Vt., and has since resided there.

He was the official shorthand reporter for the courts in Vermont and New Hampshire, being highly complimented by the court and bar for his efficiency, and reported many of the most important legal cases in New England up to the time of his giving up this work. In March, 1885, he was appointed Clerk of Windsor County, by virtue of which he is Clerk of the County Court and Supreme Court and the Court of Chancery for Windsor County, and has held that office for twenty-four years.

He has been organist in church for over twenty years, occasionally conducting chorus and concert work. He has been occasionally delegate to State or District Republican conventions, and sometimes takes an interest in local politics.

His daughter is now Mrs. Frederick A. Wilson, and lives in Woodstock. His son is unmarried, and lives at Woodstock. He is Deputy County Clerk.

"Eighteen sixty-two seems, when you go to Hanover, as away back in the vista; but the college days are still mighty pleasant memories to me."

Is a Republican and an Episcopalian.

Married Miss Alida Goodwin, of Milwaukee, Wis., September 12, 1866.

Children: Minnie Gertrude, nat., July 26, 1868.

Karl Albright, nat., November 9, 1879.

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Hon. ALVAH KIMBALL POTTER, Lockport, N. Y.

Alvah Kimball Potter, son of Thomas and Eunice (Marden) Potter, was born at Concord, N. H., March 31, 1840. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Appleton Academy, Mount Vernon, N. H., and entered college in 1858, and continued with the class till the Fall of 1861, when he left to enter the War of the Rebellion.

He entered the Seventh N. H. Regiment of Volunteers as first lieutenant in the Fall of 1861, and was on duty in Florida and South Carolina till the Summer of 1862, when, by reason of disease contracted, he resigned and returned to New Hampshire.

In 1864, having recovered his health, he again entered the military service as captain in the Eighteenth New Hampshire Volunteers, and went to the front in command of a battalion at City Point, Va.; in the engagement in front of Petersburg, the major being killed, Potter was promoted to major, and was recommended by the brigade and division commanders in general orders for brevet rank on account of "gallant and meritorious conduct."

He was on duty in front of Petersburg till the close of the war, when the regiment was ordered to Washington to do provost duty there, and he was in command of the battalion guarding the assassins of President Lincoln, while awaiting trial.

Studied law at Concord, N. H., and was admitted to the bar in 1865, having pursued his studies in 1862-3, and practiced there three years.

Removed to Niagara Falls in 1868 and practiced there till 1872, when he removed to Lockport, N. Y., and continued to practice his profession until 1907; was City Attorney in 1876-7, and was elected Judge of Niagara County in 1883 for six years, running largely ahead of the regular Republican ticket.

At the expiration of the six years he resumed the practice of law and continued until 1907, when he retired. He was appointed by Governor Odell a Commissioner of the State Reservation at Niagara Falls in February, 1904, and served three years. He is and has been for several years a Director of the Niagara County National Bank, Lockport, N. Y., and of the Cataract City Milling Company, Niagara Falls.

He is spending most of his time in travel at home or abroad, or at his farm in Concord, N. H., which has been in his family since 1771, maintaining a home there and at Lockport.

He sailed from New York on a trip abroad January 30, 1909, expecting to go to Algiers, Naples, etc.

He says these are the "short and simple annals of the poor."

He has interested himself in scientific matters and delivered some lectures on the same. He is a Republican and a "Congregationalist with liberal views."

Married Miss Ellen S. Fifield, at Concord, July 27, 1865. No children.

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#### GEORGE LOVELL RICHARDSON

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George Lovell Richardson, son of Joseph Lovell and Sylvia Pond (Patridge) Richardson, was born at East Medway, Mass., March 9, 1838. His father was a farmer. He fitted for

college at Monson, Mass., and entered Amherst College in the Class of '62; he entered Dartmouth (Class '62) in the Fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 5½ inches in height, 175 pounds in weight; had brown hair, full beard, light complexion; smoked; was a Congregationalist in creed, Republican, and intended to become a business man.

After graduation he taught in Medway till August, 1864; at Abington, Mass., until July, 1865; then removed to Chicago, Ill., and engaged in the grocery business until September, 1866; then in the lumbering business at Medway until April, 1867; then removed to Abington and became a most successful teacher. He taught in the Centre Abington High School, with the exception of one year, until it was consolidated with the North Abington High School, in 1887. In 1889 he was elected Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor, and was Chairman of these boards until ill health caused him to resign, in 1898. He was a member of various Masonic organizations and was a trustee and member of the Board of Investment of the Abington Savings Bank.

His two sons are still living, one in Needham, the other in Brookline. He died January 12, 1899, in Abington.

His second wife survives him.

He remained a Congregationalist and clung to his political belief of 1862. [The next paragraph is reprinted from the class report issued in 1884, because most of it is in his own words.—H. S. C.] :

“‘Jack’ claims to have always been ‘a most quiet, peaceable, and law-abiding citizen; a sort of torch for others to go by; a model husband and father, and a patriotic citizen generally,’ and no one of '62 will dispute it.”

He married Miss Amelia B. Boyd, at Rockville, Mass., December, 1864; ob. July 19, 1879.

Married Miss Alice A. Giles, at Abington, December, 1880.

Children: Joseph Lovell, nat., Medway, November 5, 1865.

Fred Boyd, nat., Abington, September 1, 1870.

## JOHN SANBORN STEVENS, Peoria, Ill.

John Sanborn Stevens, son of Joshua and Abigail (Walker) Stevens, was born at Bath, N. H., September 16, 1839. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Peacham, Vt.; entered college in 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 9 inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, side whiskers, light complexion; smoked; was a Congregationalist in creed, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he taught at Peoria, Ill., from 1862 to 1864, also reading law with Alexander McCoy of that place; admitted to the bar at Chicago, June, 1865; began practice at Peoria in January, 1866, and has so continued to date; the firm was McCulloch, Stevens & Wilson, now Stevens & Horton. He is still at work, as he has been for the past forty years. He determined at the outset to be a candidate for no political office, but has always been interested in politics for his friends, and has taken an active part for many years. His energies have, however, been devoted to his profession. He was very strongly urged by the judges of his State and the bar of Chicago and his district for appointment to the district judgeship of Northern Illinois by President McKinley. He is glad that the appointment did not fall to him, as he is fond of the independence of his position. Had he not been so much opposed to running for an elective office, he would have been upon the Supreme Bench of his State a number of years ago.

He has served as President of the State Bar Association of Illinois and was a delegate to the Congress of Jurists and Lawyers in St. Louis. Has been president of one of the largest and most useful Homestead Associations for twenty-seven years; is a Director in the First National Bank of Peoria, and is President of what is known as the "John C. Proctor Endowment" Home for Aged People of both sexes.

The endowment is one of more than two millions, and the building and equipment are complete in every respect.

His wife is still living. He does not report any change in religious or political views.

"I have had my full share of the pleasures of living, and my fair share of the hardships and trials of it." The past seven or eight months he has been much out of health, but thinks he is now regaining health and strength, and is attending to business.

He married Miss Sarah M. Bartlett, at Peoria, June, 1868.

Children: Bartlett, nat., 1875.

John S., jr., nat., 1877. Both deceased.

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#### GEORGE HARVEY TAYLOR

George Harvey Taylor, son of Dr. Samuel Harvey (Dart., 1832) and Caroline Persis (Parker) Taylor, was born at Andover, Mass., June 19, 1840. His father was for many years the head of Phillips Andover Academy. He fitted at Andover, entered Dartmouth in 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 9½ inches in height, 147 pounds in weight, had brown hair, side whiskers, light complexion; smoked; was a Congregationalist, Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he studied law in Boston with Hon. Lyman Mason (Dartmouth, 1839), and Hon. D. W. Gooch (Dartmouth, 1843), and was admitted to the bar. In November, 1864, he entered the army as First Lieutenant, and was mustered out June, 1865; resumed practice in Boston and continued till 1867, when he returned to Andover and became an instructor in Latin and Greek in Phillips Academy; while there, he, in conjunction with his father, translated and re-edited Kuhner's Greek Grammar. In 1875 he resigned his connection with the academy, and removed to Nashua, N. H., where he engaged in literary work, and was Justice of the Police Court. In 1877 he became principal of the Kinderhook (N. Y.) Academy; in 1880 principal of the Amsterdam (N. Y.) Academy, and was such at the date of his death. He suffered

greatly during the latter years of his life with rheumatism, and died at Amsterdam, June 19, 1881, of rheumatism of the heart. At the time of his death he was making arrangements to publish a new series of Greek text books. He was a member of St. Ann's Episcopal Church, Amsterdam, and, at the time of decease, a candidate for orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He was a most successful teacher, and a man of high character.

He married Miss Jessie Pierce Emerson, of Nashua, N. H., July 8, 1868.

Children: Charles Edward, nat., June 18, 1869.

Harvey Emerson, nat., January 17, 1871.

Caroline, nat., May 2, 1880.

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#### CHAUNCEY WARRINER TOWN

Chauncey Warriner Town, son of Ira Strong and Frances Miretta (Witherell) Town, was born at Montpelier, Vt., July 4, 1840. His father was a merchant. He fitted at Fort Edward, N. Y.; entered college in 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8 inches in height, 155 pounds in weight; had black hair, mustache, light complexion; smoked; was an Episcopalian in creed, Democratic in politics, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he resided at his home at Montpelier, and was Assistant Secretary of the State of Vermont, and Assistant State Librarian from 1862 to 1865; in the meantime he studied law with Hon. T. P. Redfield (Dartmouth, 1836). He went to New York City in 1865, and settled in the practice of law, and so continued a successful lawyer, at 47 Wall Street, New York City, until his death, December 22, 1903.

Was an Independent Democrat, and an Episcopalian.

Late in his life he married, and his wife survived him.

## EDWARD TUCK, Paris, France

Edward Tuck, son of Hon. Amos (Dartmouth, 1835) and Sarah (Nudd) Tuck, was born at Exeter, N. H., August 26, 1842. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, entered college during the Freshman year, and continued throughout the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 8 inches in height, 132 pounds in weight; had light brown hair, light complexion; was a Unitarian, a Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

After graduation he read law in the office of his father at Exeter during the fall of 1862, but was obliged to give up study on account of weakness of his eyesight, and spent the following winter in Louisville and St. Louis. In December, 1863, by the advice of an oculist, he sailed for Europe on the sailing vessel Isaac Webb, a clipper ship of the old Black Ball line, for the benefit of the sea voyage and also to consult a distinguished oculist in Switzerland, as well as for rest and travel. In June, 1864, his eyesight being considerably improved, he received the appointment of Consular Clerk under a law that had just been passed for the establishment of a better consular service. He went from Geneva to Paris and passed a severe examination under the supervision of Mr. Dayton, United States Minister, and John Bigelow, United States Consul. Mr. Dayton died in December, 1864. Mr. Bigelow was appointed United States Minister in Mr. Dayton's place by W. H. Seward, Secretary of State, and Tuck was made Vice-consul, and, in fact, Acting Consul during the interregnum of five months preceding the appointment of John G. Nicolay as Consul, in the summer of 1865. In June, 1866, he resigned his position as Vice-consul and entered the service of John Munroe & Co., foreign bankers, New York (Paris house, Munroe & Co.), August 1, 1866. He became a partner in the firm in 1871, was married in 1872, and retired from business January 1, 1881. He was for many years afterward a Director of the Chase National Bank, and became largely interested with James J. Hill in the construction and development

of the Great Northern Railway of Minnesota, and in this he has ever since had his largest interests.

While actively engaged in business he divided his time between New York and Paris, but since his retirement he has lived for the most part in Paris, though maintaining a residence at No. 7 East Sixty-first Street, New York.

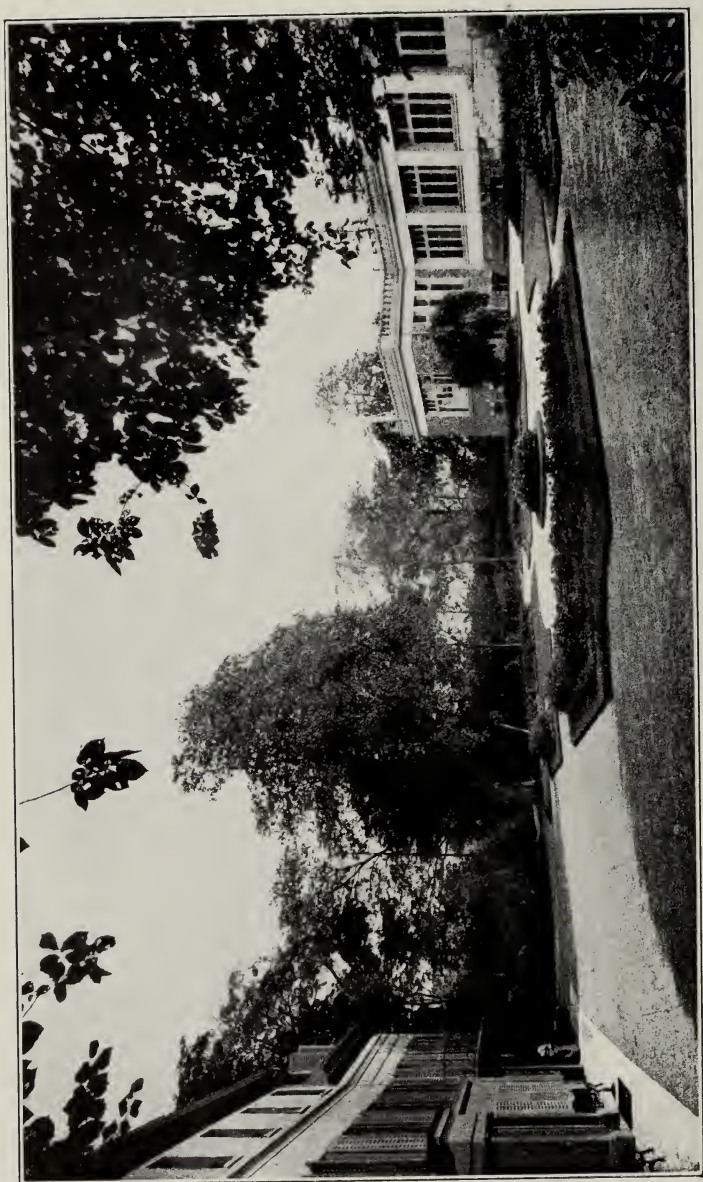
In politics he is an independent, and in matters religious a Free Thinker.

He married Miss Julia Stell, daughter of William S. Stell, formerly an American merchant, established in Manchester, England, at St. George's, Hanover Square, London, April 22, 1872, and at the American Church, Paris, April 23, 1872.

No children.

[NOTE.—This is all the record Tuck gives me; but this is not enough. When women and men, not connected with Dartmouth, to whom I have sent formal letters asking for information about some one of the dead and gone, bring in the name of Tuck in their replies as if he were their friend, or quote from him as if to bolster up their opinion; when I have the letter of one classmate to another telling of Tuck's kindness to a third; when men can find time to send me merely the barest outlines of their own doings, but have time enough to tell me about having "had an interview with Tuck as he passed through," or receiving "a nice letter from Ned Tuck a little while ago," or seeing "Ned Tuck several times last spring," or hearing "from Tuck once in a while," and another writes: "He is a noble fellow, and I am proud of him publicly and privately as a classmate;" and yet another, "Why could not we, as a class, what are left of us, make some suitable acknowledgment to our classmate, Edward Tuck, for his generous gifts to old Dartmouth? Think of it"—then I know that their fondness for him demands of me more of a sketch than he has given. Again, as I find that Doctor Tucker, briefly reviewing the period of reconstruction and expansion which covers the past sixteen years, in his Report issued to the Alumni over the date of June 7, 1909, has much to say of Tuck's gifts to Dartmouth and the work and aims of the Tuck





HOPITAL STELL—FONDATION TUCK

School, I feel that it is very meet that the men of '62 insist on more of Tuck's history than he has given us. As his life is not at all explained without some knowledge of his father, I give the barest outline of the work of a man who held the same place in the hearts of the men who knew him best as does the son in ours.—H. S. C.]

Like every other boy in the Phillips Exeter Academy during the years that Dr. Soule was principal, Tuck had a thorough preparation for college, and at Dartmouth his scholarship was good and at graduation he stood among the first men of his class, and was elected Class Orator.

Most men who stand at or near the head of their class owe that position not to text-book scholarship alone, but to something above and beyond that, and an illustration of this is Tuck's rapid rise in the Consular Service and his achievements in the financial world. His successes have all been in keeping with the spirit of his life and work at school and college.

Even his retirement at the early age of forty was not a narrowing but an enlarging of his activities and interests. He has never let go his accurate knowledge of commercial and monetary affairs nor his active relationships with men of affairs both social and political, and concerning many public questions he has expressed his views through the columns of the *London Economist*, the *Statist*, and the *Nineteenth Century*. While all this is true, his retirement has given him the opportunity to give himself largely to things higher. One who has good means of knowing writes that in art Tuck is an experienced judge, a connoisseur, whose collections of tapestry and of Sevres and Oriental porcelain are a delight to all. His highest work, however, is his labor for Humanity.

Many have been the recipients of his benefactions in Paris—the Fresh Air Fund, the Society for Promoting the Welfare of Young Women and Girls, and numerous other charitable organizations or associations in which Mrs. Tuck takes an active personal interest. In 1902 the Hospital Stell at Rueil was built by Mr. and Mrs. Tuck and was so named after Mrs. Tuck's father and mother. It is a free hospital for the benefit of the inhabitants of the town of Rueil, in which is included the

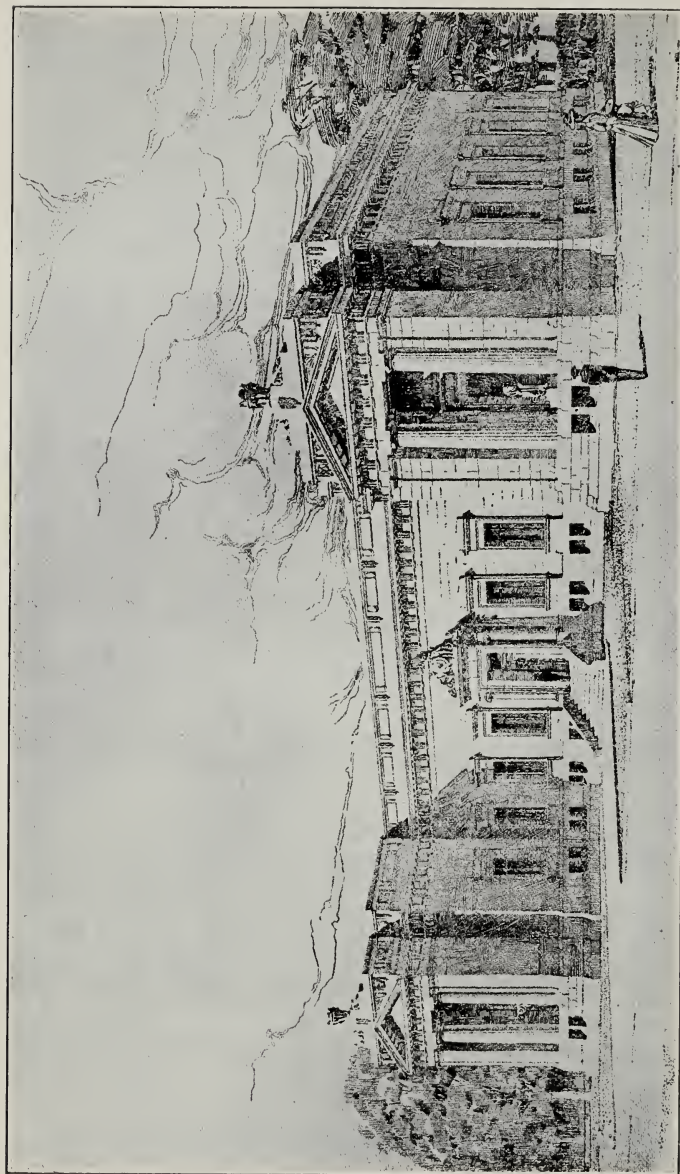
Chateau de la Malmaison, adjacent to their country home. The hospital has accommodations for twenty patients, and is supported entirely by Mr. and Mrs. Tuck.

France has officially proved her appreciation of these things and her esteem of the man by conferring on him the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

So much for the work away from his real home. Here, large contributions have been made to the New York Diet Kitchen, to the French Hospital in New York, and to the Cottage Hospital in Exeter, his native town. His affection for New Hampshire and his pride in its history have had more than one illustration. Adjoining Exeter is the little town of Stratham, and its most attractive spot, Stratham Hill, was well known to him in his boyhood days. Learning that it was to be sold, he purchased it, and on Old Home Day, 1905, presented it to the town of Stratham to be used as a public park. The meaning of this gift, both to him and to the people, is best told in his own words: "It would be a misfortune if this beautiful hill, with its grand views of the surrounding country and of the ocean, to which the people have had access from time immemorial, should be closed to the free use of the public, or stripped of its fine growth of timber. I fully share in the sentiments of affection with which the inhabitants of the neighboring towns always regarded it, and I should be glad to ensure its preservation as a historic landmark and public resort by presenting the property to the town of Stratham."

For all the sons of New Hampshire (and what a crowd of them are Dartmouth men!), though nominally for the New Hampshire Historical Society, he is providing the funds for the erection of a building that will be the permanent home of the society and an abiding place for its library and deposits of historic and artistic value. Before this gift the outlook was gloomy. The society had outgrown its quarters and its means were too meager to procure a home suited to its needs if its work were to continue and its purposes to be realized. The gift of the money is not all, but time and toil has he devoted to the preparations for the construction of the building. "It





NEW HAMPSHIRE HISTORICAL SOCIETY BUILDING, CONCORD, N. H.

is," says the architect, "to be of classic dignity. The exterior, all of granite, is designed in the Greek Doric spirit. The interior as well as the exterior will be of a dignified monumental type." The cut in this book is from a drawing and cannot show the true beauty of the building.

A quotation from a personal letter just received will help us to picture to ourselves a little more clearly what the cut so imperfectly represents:

"I wish I could adequately describe the wonderful beauty of the Historical Society building, for truly its chaste and exquisite lines are fair to look upon. Although the material is Concord granite, still, owing to the exceedingly refined cutting—the ten-inch cut—the exterior presents the appearance of white marble. The story immediately above the basement has been begun, revealing the superb designs.

"Surely, it is a royal gift, if ever a royal gift can be imagined."

When finished, this will be as complete, elaborate and beautiful a structure as any of its kind in this country. The probable cost of the building alone will be but little short of a half-million dollars.

Interesting as all these things are to us, his classmates, because we love him and want to know all that he does, the gift we care most about and the one that prompted the suggestion that as a class "we make some suitable acknowledgment," is the one to old Dartmouth. In 1899 he wrote to President Tucker that he wished to make a donation to the College, to be known as the "Amos Tuck Endowment Fund," in memory of his father. He expressed the desire that the fund with which he presented the College should be kept intact and separate and distinct from the general funds of the College, and that the income should be applied to the following purposes:

First and principally, to the maintenance of the salaries of the President and Faculty at figures which would tend to secure and retain for the College the services of men of the highest ability and culture. He stated it to be his expectation that the Trustees would apply a portion of the income to the

increase of existing salaries and a portion also to additional professorships which might in the future be established in the College proper or in post-graduate departments.

Secondly, and in minor part, the income was to be applied to the maintenance and increase of the College Library.

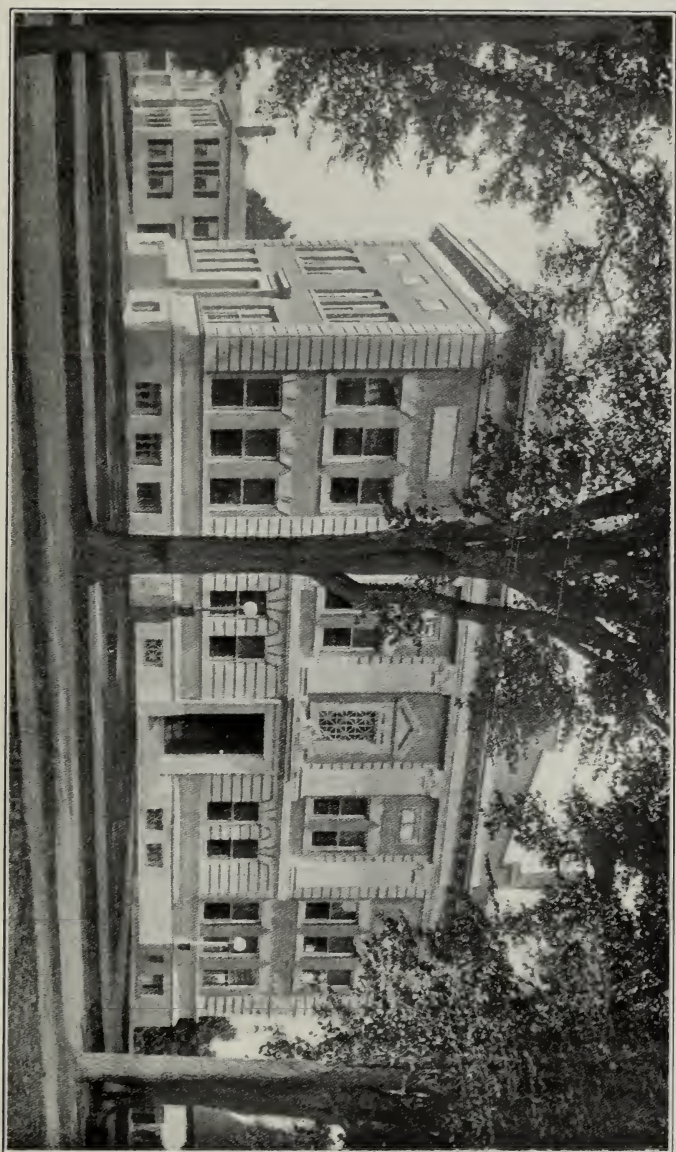
Later on Doctor Tucker expressed a desire to extend the work of the College in semi-professional ways, and asked that this extension take a definite form in the foundation of a post-graduate course to be called the "Amos Tuck School of Administration and Finance," to the support of which the income of the fund should in part be applied, and Tuck consented.

In 1901 he made a further donation to supply the necessary means for erecting, equipping, and maintaining a building suited to the uses of the Tuck School.

In his recent report to the alumni Doctor Tucker says: "The noble benefaction of Edward Tuck, class of 1862, of \$300,000 (now \$500,000), exclusively for instruction, is a stimulating force working quietly but effectively throughout our graduate fellowship." The Tuck building, costing \$140,000, was an additional gift. In thinking of these gifts it is worth our notice that Doctor Tucker distinctly avers in his report that "the larger benefactions of recent years have not been the result of my personal efforts." That is, Tuck's gifts came from the promptings of his own heart, not another's head.

To show what Tuck wished the scope and purpose of this new School to be, a brief quotation from him is not out of place:

"In the conduct of the school to which you have done my father's memory the honor of attaching his name, I trust that certain elementary but vital principles, on which he greatly dwelt in his advice to young men, whether entering upon a professional or business career, may not be lost sight of in the variety of technical subjects of which the regular curriculum is composed. Briefly, these principles or maxims are: Absolute devotion to the career which one selects, and to the interests of one's superior officers or employers; the desire and determination to do more rather than less than one's



THE TUCK BUILDING



required duties ; perfect accuracy and promptness in all undertakings, and absence from one's vocabulary of the word 'forget;' never to vary a hair's breadth from the truth nor from the path of strictest honesty and honor, with perfect confidence in the wisdom of doing right as the surest means of achieving success. To the maxim that 'honesty is the best policy' should be added another that altruism is the highest and best form of egoism as a principle of conduct to be followed by those who strive for success and happiness in public or business relations as well as those of private life."

Who was this father who by practice more than by precept set these ideals before his son and all other men? His life was a full one, and its story would mean the story of the political issues in his State and in the nation for more than a quarter of a century.

The man upon whose principles the Tuck School is founded was born August 2, 1810; prepared for college at Hampton (N. H.) Academy, and graduated from Dartmouth in 1835. On leaving college he taught, first at Pembroke Academy and later at his old school in Hampton. Here some of his pupils were young men of his own age or beyond, and they never forgot their teacher or his teachings. While at Hampton he studied law and was admitted to practice in 1838. He settled in Exeter and steadily rose in his profession and in public esteem. In 1842 he was elected as a Democrat to the New Hampshire Legislature, and soon gained a standing among the party leaders. It was not long, however, before the people and the politicians alike discovered that he put principles before party, self-respect before high office. Despite his fearless independence of party rule, he was elected by the people to represent them in the lower house of Congress. When, in 1847, he went to Congress, one of only three "Free Soil" members at that time, he was still a young man, but prudent, tactful, and conciliatory in his conduct, though rigidly firm in purpose. He was not an abolitionist nor an advocate of extreme measures, but he was a staunch anti-slavery man, and that at a time when the espousal of such a doctrine meant ridicule and worse. Still he never once faltered or paused, and by his course conferred lasting distinction on his State.

After six years' service in Congress, he returned to Exeter and resumed the practice of law. This release from the routine of Congressional life did not mean to him release from his sense of duty to principles and the people, and he ceased not to labor with voice, pen and deed until the victory was won.

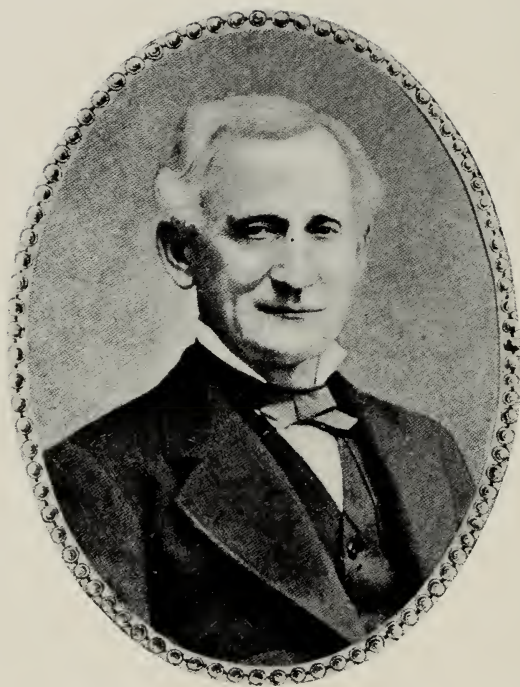
In September, 1853, Mr. Tuck wrote Doctor Batchelder, of Londonderry, inviting that gentleman to be present at an informal meeting of some of the principal members of the parties of Exeter on the 12th of October. "One of the principal objects of this informal meeting is to fix on a plan of harmonizing the different party organizations, whereby a more united cooperation can be secured, and the four parties may pull together under one title of organization."

This meeting was held, and there it was, according to Doctor Batchelder, that Mr. Tuck suggested that the comprehensive name, Republican, be given to the elements that were to constitute the new party. This antedated by several months the mass-meeting at Ripon, Wis., that adopted the same name. The name Republican was first given by Amos Tuck to the forces gathering to resist slavery.

In June, 1856, he was one of the prominent men of the American Republicans of New Hampshire, who assembled at Concord to choose delegates to the National Convention to be held at Philadelphia on the 17th of the same month. Mr. Tuck called the meeting to order and, after the choosing of a president, read the resolutions, of which he was the author-in-chief. The new party had nothing to explain or modify, and the resolutions were of sterling character and honest brevity. Mr. Tuck was chosen one of the four delegates-at-large to the Quaker City convention, the first held by the Republicans, and served as vice-president.

On the 26th of April, 1860, the Republican State convention met at Concord, and again he was chosen as one of the delegates-at-large to the approaching convention. When this second national Republican convention assembled in Chicago, in May, he was assigned to the Committee on Resolutions, where he had as his associates Horace Greeley, George S. Boutwell, Francis P. Blair, Carl Schurz, and John A. Kasson.





AMOS TUCK  
CLASS OF 1835

To the famous Peace Conference he was appointed as one of the New Hampshire delegates, and at that conference, without abatement of one iota of principle and with unbending firmness, he still strove to win and conciliate, not to drive or coerce.

Though recognized as one of the leaders of the Republicans, he now prepared to resume the practice of his profession.

His work for others did not stop with his interest in political issues. He found the time and the strength to serve for a long period as a member of the Board of Trustees of Dartmouth, of his old Academy at Hampton, and for thirty years of Phillips Exeter Academy. He helped to organize Robinson Female Seminary, Exeter, N. H.; was a constant benefactor to it, and as President of the Board of Trustees spared himself no labor in its behalf.

In his private life there was the same devotion to high ideals that guided him in his public career, and, as every '62 man will surmise, his charities were many, no worthy object appealing to him in vain. Always, to all men, in every sense, he was the gentleman. Theodore Parker said of him that to look upon his face was a benediction, and many another has echoed this thought. Such a man was he on whose life and example is built the Tuck School.

[Because Tuck has not only given to Dartmouth so much more than any other man, but has made so many other benefactions, I thought that the class would be interested in seeing buildings erected at his personal cost other than the Amos Tuck Building, and so have inserted the Hospital Stoll and the New Hampshire Historical Society Building, the latter from a drawing.—H. S. C.]

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Dr. AUGUSTUS CHAPMAN WALKER, Cambridge, Mass.

Augustus Chapman Walker, son of Joseph A. and Abigail Walker, was born at Barnstead, N. H., June 9, 1833. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Thetford (Vt.) Academy,

entered college at the beginning of the course, and left during Junior Spring (1861). He was given the degree of A.B. with the class of 1871.

While in college he studied medicine with Dr. Crosby in the winter of 1859-60, and with Dr. Mark Walker in the winter of 1860-1. After leaving college he attended the Burlington (Vt.) Medical College in the Summer of 1861; Harvard Medical College Fall of 1861 and the Spring of 1862; at the Soldiers' Hospital, New York City, from May, 1862, to September, 1862. Asst. Surgeon 133d New York Volunteers, from September 8, 1862, to September 20, 1864; Surgeon of the 18th New York Cavalry from October 15, 1864, to June 14, 1865; attended Harvard Medical School from September, 1865, to March, 1866, when he took the degree of M.D.; was in New York City to July, 1866; removed to Greenfield, Mass., and engaged in the general practice of medicine, which he continued until recently, and was very successful.

He has been U. S. Pension Examiner since 1888; member of the State Board of Registration in Medicine since 1894; Trustee of the Greenfield Savings Bank since 1877.

With his wife he made visits to California in the winters of 1897 and 1900, and the latter year they went also to the Hawaiian Islands.

He lived in the same town, Greenfield, from 1872, until recently, when he moved to Cambridge. Impaired eyesight has relegated him to private life.

His youngest son died in 1905.

He is a Republican and "a Congregationalist of the mild form."

He married Miss Marcia C. Grant, at Lyme, N. H., September 11, 1862.

Children: Robert Turner, nat., October 16, 1867.

Sidney Grant, nat., July 11, 1869.

William Augustus, nat., September 4, 1872.

## Dr. JOHN SIDNEY WARREN, New York City

John Sidney Warren, son of Dr. Moses Roberts and Hannah (Walker) Warren, was born at Middleton, N. H., July 4, 1841. His father was a physician. He fitted at Wolfboro' (N. H.) Academy, entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 7 inches in height, 138 pounds in weight, had dark brown hair, light complexion; smoked; was a Congregationalist, Republican, and intended to become a physician.

After graduation he commenced the study of medicine with his father at Rochester, N. H.; was principal of the High School at Rochester, in 1863-4; at the Portland Medical School in the Summer of the same year; in the Fall (1864) he passed an examination before the United States Army Medical Examining Board, at Boston, and received the appointment of Acting Assistant Surgeon, and served in the 8th U. S. (Col.) Troops, Heavy Artillery, in Kentucky, and later in the Post Hospital at City Point, Va.

Graduated as M.D. at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, in the Spring of 1866.

Went into practice at once in New York City, and has continued to date; his residence is 164 West 73d Street.

He has been assistant surgeon for the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled; physician to the Northwestern Dispensary; visiting physician to Almshouse and Hospital at Blackwell's Island, and to other public institutions. Is a member of the New York Medical Society, New York Obstetrical Society, New York Academy of Medicine, etc.; ten years physician to Dennit Dispensary (Diseases of Women); member of New York State Medical Society; member Physicians' Mutual Aid Association; sixteen years treasurer of the Medical Society, County of New York; sometime president of "New York Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men."

Mrs. Warren died June 1, 1906. His son graduated M.E. from Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J., 1907, and is in Montreal, Canada, busy in his profession. The daughter is Mrs.

H. B. Fisher, Pelham Manor, N. Y., and there is a son, Harris B. Fisher, Jr., nine years old.

He is a Republican and a Congregationalist.

Married Miss Sara Benedict Hutchinson, at New York, April 23, 1874.

Children: Edward Cyrus, nat., March 6, 1876.

Madeline, nat., October 22, 1877.

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### HON. RANDALL HOBART WHITE

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Randall Hobart White, son of Andrew and Lydia Sophia (Hobart) White, was born at Chesterfield, N. Y., May 5, 1833. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Pembroke, N. H., and Thetford, Vt., entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued through the full course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 10 inches in height, 170 pounds in weight; had brown hair, light complexion, full whiskers; smoked; was a Methodist, a Republican, and intended to become a lawyer.

No better account can be given of his life immediately after graduation than as described by himself: "One week after I graduated I found myself in the woods of Mississippi, in the neighborhood of Corinth, amid tents and soldiers, with them and among them, but not of them. I was south till the war ended, and until March, 1866; was at the battle of Corinth, October 3-4, 1862, and carried a musket; was at Vicksburg for many weeks, and at the time of its surrender, and saw much of that historic struggle."

In the Spring of 1866 he resumed the study of law at Plattsburg, N. Y., and in the Fall of that year he entered the law school at Albany, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar at Albany, April 6, 1867, and, going at once to Chicago, Ill., entered upon the practice of law.

He represented Chicago in the State Legislature, in the years 1880-1, and in July, 1883, was, by the Governor of Illinois, on the recommendation of the Judges of Cook County, appointed trial Justice of the Peace for South Chicago, with jurisdiction in matters not exceeding \$200, and gave great

satisfaction, both to the bar and the people, in his judicial determinations.

During some of the many years he held this office (1882-94) the Justice Court system was in bad repute, but no charge was ever made against White reflecting on his integrity as a magistrate. He was an able lawyer, and could have served as a Judge of a Court of Record with distinguished success, for his judgment on questions of law was exceptionally accurate, and he knew well how to distinguish between the letter and the spirit of the law. He often brushed aside technicalities and decided cases on the simple question of what was essentially just. In close questions he often persuaded parties to agree to a compromise settlement.

In 1871 he joined with Gen. Webster, John Wentworth and others in forming the Dartmouth Alumni Association of Chicago, and was its second secretary. At the second annual dinner he read a poem filled with witty allusions to Hanover, its Vale of Tempe, Mink Brook, Prex's Garden and other local points. Later he was president of the association.

His nephew says of him: "His great centralizing thought in his life, and that which was nearest to his heart, was 'Dartmouth College and the men whom he met there.'"

He was mentally strong to within a few hours of his death. He left an estate of about \$100,000. He left fragments of a great many poems, which his nephew intends to place in shape and have printed.

He died on the 17th of April, 1905, and his body was taken to Peru, N. Y., for burial in the family lot.

J. A. Clark, in 1892, writing to one of the '62 men, said: "I see White occasionally. He changes not at all."

In politics he was a Republican, and in religion was in his own words, in 1884, "unsettled." He made a reminiscent address at the memorial services to Putnam the evening of December 27, 1896.

He never married. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Dr. AUGUSTUS WISWALL WIGGIN

Augustus Wiswall Wiggin, son of Henry Lamson and Elizabeth Bond (Wiswall) Wiggin, was born at Wakefield, N. H.,

June 9, 1841. His father was a merchant and hotelkeeper. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, entered college in the fall of 1859, and continued through the course.

At graduation he was 5 feet 11½ inches in height, 158 pounds in weight; had dark brown hair, full whiskers, light complexion; smoked; paid his own college expenses; was an Episcopalian, a Republican, and intended to become a physician.

After graduation he taught at Belmont, Mass., in 1862-3; then studied medicine with Dr. M. B. Warren, at Rochester, N. H., in 1863; at Bowdoin Medical College, Me., in 1864, and at Georgetown Medical College, Washington, D. C., graduating M.D. March 2, 1865; became a medical cadet, U. S. Army, June 17, 1864; assistant surgeon March 15, 1865, and attached to the Fifth U. S. Heavy Artillery, June 6, 1865; made brevet major of U. S. Volunteers, August 6, 1866, to date from March 15, 1865; he then resigned from the army and entered upon the practice of his profession at St. Louis in August, 1866.

During most of 1867-8 he was engaged as acting assistant surgeon in the army of the Department of the Missouri; appointed assistant surgeon, Regular Army, November 16, 1868, on duty at West Point, N. Y., to December, 1868; at Camp Warner, Oreg., to May, 1870; ordered to Fort Hall, Idaho, and while on the way he fell from the top of the stage coach and fractured his right leg and severely injured his head, and was carried to Camp Douglas, Utah, and was under treatment till August, 1870, when he went on duty at Fort Stevens, Oreg., and was there to October, 1870; at Fort Colville, Washington Territory, to November 25, 1873; at Fort Vancouver, Washington Territory, to February, 1874; at Portland, Oreg., and in the field to July, 1874; at Fort Stevens to March 7, 1875. He retired about nine p. m. on the 6th, and was found dead on the morning of the 7th, from the effects of an overdose of chloral, taken to relieve pains caused by the fall from the coach in 1870, and from which he suffered to the time of his death.

He was a fine officer with excellent prospects for promotion, and was under orders, at the time of death, to proceed to the East for examination to the rank of full surgeon.

# NON-GRADUATES

## COL. IRA McLAUGHLIN BARTON

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Ira McLaughlin Barton, son of Hon. Levi W. and Mary A. (Pike) Barton, was born at Newport, N. H., March 11, 1840. His father was a lawyer. He fitted at Meriden, N. H.; entered college at the fall term of 1858, and left at the end of the Freshman year.

After leaving college he commenced the study of law in the office of his father at Newport; at the very commencement of the war he enlisted a company of men, took them to Concord, and was mustered into service, receiving the *first* captain's commission issued in New Hampshire during the War of the Rebellion; he was captain of Company E. First N. H. Regiment Volunteers; when the term of this regiment had expired (three months), he returned to his home and at once raised another company and was commissioned captain of Company F in the Fifth N. H. Regiment, known as the famous "Fighting Fifth," and was in many of the most desperate engagements of the war; he was badly impaired in health by exposure during the peninsula campaign, and was compelled to resign. Having recovered his health, he enlisted another company of heavy artillery and went in command of the same to Fort Foot, near Washington, as Company B, First Regiment N. H. Heavy Artillery; in 1864 he was sent home and appointed to organize a regiment of artillery, which he did, and was commissioned lieutenant colonel, and was stationed in command at Fort Sumner, near Washington; was mustered out of service in the Summer of 1865.

Soon after the close of the war he was appointed second lieutenant in the Twenty-eighth Regiment of the U. S. Regular Army, and was ordered to Pine Bluffs, Ark., where he was promoted to first lieutenant; after serving two years he resigned, and was appointed Prosecuting Attorney of the

Tenth Arkansas Judicial District; he remained in this position until he was appointed Judge of the Criminal Court for the same district, which office he resigned, and entered upon the practice of law, and was editor of the *Jeffersonian Republican*, a leading newspaper of that State.

During the eventful troubles in Arkansas known as the Brooks and Baxter contest, Colonel Barton was in command of Governor Bishop's troops, and stationed at Little Rock. One evening, while walking on the public street, a person whom he had caused to be arrested for a crime a short time before came behind him and, unknown to him, struck him a terrible blow on the head with a heavy revolver, felling him to the ground, causing a severe wound. He was a long time recovering from its effects, and it caused him much pain during the remainder of his life. After his partial recovery he left Arkansas, presumably on account of the danger of his living there, and returned to his home in Newport, in December, 1874, and engaged in the practice of law with his father; he never fully recovered his health, and died, after a brief illness, January 19, 1876.

Colonel Barton was a brave man and gained the reputation of being a thorough soldier; he had a warm heart and was a true friend to all who knew him.

He married Miss Helen M. Wilcox, at Newport, in 1861, who died in 1864.

He married Miss Addie L. Barton, in 1867, who survived him.

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#### Hon. CHARLES W. CHASE

Charles W. Chase, son of Charles and Almira (Moore) Chase, was born at Loudon, N. H., December 8, 1834. His father was a farmer. He fitted at New Hampton, N. H., entered college in the Fall of 1858, and left at the end of the Freshman year. After leaving college he at once began the study of law with Col. Thomas J. Whipple, at Laconia, N. H., and was admitted to the bar of New Hampshire, in September, 1862; he then enlisted in the 12th

N. H. Regiment Volunteers, was appointed captain of Company G, and was in service until the Fall of 1864, when he resigned and removed to Clinton, Iowa, and engaged in the practice of law.

He was a member and president of the School Board of Clinton; was City Solicitor for four years; Clerk of the District, Circuit and Probate Courts for four years, and was Circuit Judge of the 1st Circuit, 7th Judicial District of the State of Iowa, till January 1, 1885.

Was Mayor of Clinton, March, 1888, to March, 1890. During his term much was done to improve his home city. Paving of the streets was commenced and a paid fire department was organized. He paid especial attention to municipal law, and his advice was much sought.

"His career was such as to warrant the trust and confidence of the business world. He was broad-minded and public-spirited, and true to every engagement."

He was a Republican and of no particular religious creed. In 1884 he thought it would take a long while to tell exactly what he did believe, and his law partner writes that there was no change in his politics or religious belief.

He died August 10, 1907, and was buried in Clinton. His wife and four children survived him.

He was married to Miss Susan M. Cole, at Lake Village, N. H., September 22, 1862.

Children: Nora W., nat., August 1, 1863; ob. August 1, 1864.

Kate M., nat., November 9, 1865.

Charles P., nat., May 15, 1868.

Susan, nat., March 2, 1870.

Vernie, nat., April 1, 1879.

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#### DANIEL CAMPBELL CLARK

Daniel Campbell Clark, son of Jonathan and Hannah Clark, was born at Orford, N. H., April 25, 1834. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Kimball (Meriden) Academy, and

entered college in the fall of 1858, remaining but a part of the fall term, when he was obliged to give up the course on account of his own health and sickness in his father's family.

He continued to reside at Orford until his death, after a week's illness of pneumonia, January 29, 1909. He had been selectman of his town, and for several years since 1884 had served as Superintendent of Schools, an office he had filled for six years previous.

He was deacon of his church until physically disqualified. During most of his life he was a sufferer from lameness and a sore leg, which threatened his life until he submitted to its removal. He was always a patient sufferer. He was esteemed highly for his sound judgment and extreme sense of honor.

His son, Leonard N., is a physician at Mancos, Colo.; the other son, George C., succeeds his father on the farm, and the daughter is successful at Woodstock, Vt.

He continued to be a Republican and a Congregationalist.

He married Miss Sarah M. Richardson, at Hartland, Vt., July 31, 1861. She survives him.

Children: Leonard N., nat., May 29, 1862.

Mary A., nat., February 8, 1864.

George C., nat., April 3, 1867.

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#### WILLIAM Z. COLLINS

William Z. Collins, son of Stephen Z. and ——— (McCoy) Collins, was born in McIntosh County, Ga., in 1840. His father was a lumber manufacturer at Darien, Ga. He entered college in the Fall of 1858, and continued through the Fall of the Sophomore year, 1859.

After leaving college he returned to his home in Georgia, and was principal of the McIntosh County Academy till the breaking out of the war. While engaged in aiding to fire a salute in honor of the capture of Fort Sumter, he was most terribly injured by the premature explosion of the cannon, and was confined to his bed for several months, and lost the use of his left arm almost entirely. While confined to his bed

he was elected Lieutenant of the McIntosh Dragoons, but could not accept on account of his injuries; after his recovery he was employed as a tutor for about two years in the family of a Mr. Spalding, at Darien. In 1863, he entered the confederate service under the command of the noted raider, Gen. John Morgan, and served to the close of the war. He returned to his home, and in 1867 married Miss Lizzie Bass, who died the following year at the birth of her child; in 1869 he went to Savannah, Ga., where he remained for a year, and then removed to Sumpter County, where he lived a few years, and then moved away, and nothing has been heard of him since, and the general belief among his friends is that he is dead.

He was a Presbyterian and a Democrat.

No children living. \_\_\_\_\_

#### WILLIAM PADDOCK FAIRBANKS

William Paddock Fairbanks, son of Joseph Paddock and Almira (Taylor) Fairbanks, was born at St. Johnsbury, Vt., July 27, 1840. His father was one of the firm of Fairbanks & Co., scalemakers, at St. Johnsbury.

He entered college in the Fall of 1858, and was a member of the class during the Freshman year.

After leaving college he was engaged in a milling business, and for a short time owned a share in a bakery. Later he became connected with his father's firm and was for several years its treasurer. In 1888, he left St. Johnsbury and resided in New York City until his death, which occurred suddenly, December 15, 1895. During this period he was an official of the Fairbanks Company, of New York.

He represented the town of St. Johnsbury in the Legislature of Vermont in 1881.

He was a Republican and a Congregationalist.

He married Miss Rebecca Pike, at St. Johnsbury, April 18, 1861.

Children: Almira Taylor, nat., February 12, 1865.

Mabel, nat., August 14, 1871.

Joseph, nat., January 12, 1881.

Hon. HARMON DEWEY FOLLETT

Harmon Dewey Follett, son of E. D. and Sarah (Bull) Follett, was born at Bellevue, Ohio, March 17, 1838. His father was a tanner. He fitted at Kalamazoo (Mich.) College, preparatory department, and entered Kalamazoo College in 1858, and remained through the Sophomore year; entered the Class of 1862, Dartmouth, at the beginning of Junior year, and remained part of that year, then entered the Junior Class at the University of Michigan, where he graduated in 1862; entered the law department of the same institution in 1864, and graduated in 1866; located at LaSalle, Ill., in the practice of his profession, where he remained six years, when he was forced to abandon it on account of bleeding at the lungs; removed to Ann Arbor, Mich., where he remained three years; then lived at Brainerd, Minn., struggling for restoration of his health, with varied success, until June 24, 1885, when he succumbed to the dread destroyer.

Despite his poor health, he continued his legal pursuits, and was County Superintendent of Schools, Court Commissioner, and later Judge of Probate.

In politics a Republican; his creed, "Love the Lord thy God, and thy neighbor as thyself;" was a Mason.

Married to Miss Lillia Morwick, at Ann Arbor, Mich., October 23, 1866.

Children: Jamie D., nat., July 6, 1878; ob. August 18, 1878.

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Col. CLARENCE DYER GATES, Burlington, Vt.

Clarence Dyer Gates, son of Gardner and Clara (Dyer) Gates, was born at Cambridge, Vt., September 23, 1839. His father was a farmer and County Judge. He fitted at Fort Edward (N. Y.) Institute, entered college in the Fall term of 1858, and left at the end of Sophomore year.

He enlisted in May, 1861, in the army in Illinois, but the organization was disbanded in August following; enlisted September 1, 1862, in the First Vermont Cavalry, and was

made Adjutant of the same October 4, 1862; was aide-de-camp on the staff of General Farnsworth when the latter was killed in the Battle of Gettysburg; appointed aide-de-camp on the staff of General Custer, from September 14, 1863, but was captured at the Battle of Culpeper, September 13, and was a prisoner until exchanged, May, 1864; he participated in fights (thirty-six in number) in which his regiment was engaged, when not a prisoner, till it was mustered out, November 18, 1864.

He was tendered the command of a veteran cavalry regiment being organized at Washington, but it was disbanded by reason of the close of the war.

He was Inspector and Deputy Collector of Customs in Vermont, 1865-6; was Colonel and aide-de-camp on the staff of the Governor of Vermont in 1867-8.

He engaged in trade in 1869 at his old home, and continued there until the death of his mother. He then disposed of his property in Cambridge, and in 1895 moved to Burlington. There, with others, he formed a business organization known as "The Burlington Granite Co." Of this company he became and is still the manager.

He has been prominent in the Grand Army organization, and has been the Deputy Grand Commander of the order for Vermont. He is a Republican, a Methodist, and a Mason.

Three years since his wife, whose health had been poor for several years, succumbed to an attack of pneumonia. His son served in the Spanish War, and has spent several years in the Philippine Islands, going out as a Sergeant of his company. His three daughters are married.

With the exception of minor ailments, he has been fairly well, and holds his own as well as the majority of men of his age. He hopes his letter will find his classmates of '62 enjoying equally as good health.

He married Miss Frances C. VanArnam, at Troy, N. Y., in 1860.

Children: Eugenia, nat., May 6, 1862.

Genevieve, nat., October 7, 1867.

Ardelle, nat., May 19, 1872.

Gardner, nat., April 12, 1874.

EDGAR GLEASON

Edgar Gleason, son of R. M. and Harriet Gleason, was born at Thetford, Vt., July 26, 1838. His father was the postmaster at that place. He fitted at Thetford (Vt.) Academy, and entered college in the fall of 1858; he was of a weak constitution, and was taken sick during the winter of 1858, and died at his home in Thetford, January 10, 1859.

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ARTHUR DAVID HAYNES, Perry, Kans.

Arthur David Haynes, son of David and Sarah D. Haynes, was born at Alexandria, N. H., in 1838. His father was a farmer. He fitted at New Hampton, N. H., entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued in the class during the Freshman year.

After leaving college he taught one year at Westport, Mass., and then entered the Law Department of the University of Michigan, and continued two years, graduating LL.B., March, 1862; then continued the study of law with Hon. Austin F. Pike, at Franklin, N. H., and was admitted to the New Hampshire bar; taught two years at Hastings and Chatfield, Minn., and removed to Perry, Kans., in April, 1866, where he has since resided, engaged in the practice of law, and interested in farming.

He is "well and quite cosily situated on his farm in the Kaw valley, where he has lived for forty-two years." From his library window he can see the dome of the capitol in Topeka, but he has no political aspirations and never had. His neighbors elect him Justice of the Peace every two years, and this is grandeur enough for him. He has a distinct recollection of the Dartmouth days, and is interested in the class record.

He does not mention any change in politics or creed since 1884, and then he was a Republican and in creed Independent.

Married to Miss Amelia F. C. Hoad, at Lecompton, Kans., in 1868.

Children: Marcus Haynes, nat., December, 1869.

Hugh, nat., March, 1872.

Sarah G., nat., July, 1874.

Arthur, nat., May, 1881.

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HON. ORVILLE RINALDO LEONARD

Orville Rinaldo Leonard, son of John and Lois Leonard, was born at Gaysville, Vt., November 13, 1834. His father was a farmer. He fitted at Randolph, Vt., entered college in the Fall of 1858, and left college in the Fall term of the Junior year, 1860.

After leaving college he at once went to California and commenced the study of law with the firm of Belcher & Belcher, at Marysville; was admitted to the bar in May, 1863; went to Humboldt, Nev., and engaged in practice; was elected District Attorney in 1863, and held the position until 1869; was a delegate to the Chicago Convention in 1868, which nominated Grant; was elected Judge of the Supreme Court of Nevada in 1876, for six years, and was re-elected in 1882 for a term of six years more. He ranked as one of the ablest lawyers on the Pacific coast; he published several volumes of the Nevada Supreme Court Reports. He was Chief Justice of Nevada for a number of years. The years of 1890-4 he lived at Ogden, Utah, where he was greatly beloved.

A few weeks after his second marriage, while on his wedding trip, he died at Woodstock, Vt., September, 1894, and was buried in the family cemetery at Stockbridge.

"A straightforward and honorable man if there ever was one," was the tribute paid him by one of the Supreme Judges of Utah.

His power of winning friends was one of his prominent characteristics. He was the friend of the poor; to commanding strength was added a tenderness and gentleness that was almost womanly. As a judge, he was incorruptible and abstained from even the appearances of evil.

He was a Republican, and in religion believed in the over-

ruling Providence, and that we cannot escape punishment for wrong-doing, but in no other sense did he believe in eternal punishment.

Married Miss Eliza B. Sylvester, of West Newbury, Mass., at Stockbridge, Vt., May, 1868.

No children.

Married (second time) Miss Grace E. Welles, of Elmira, N. Y., at that place, August 30, 1894.

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Dr. JOHN CLAY MCKOWEN

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John Clay McKowen, son of John and Elizabeth (Langford) McKowen, was born at Jackson, La., in 1842. His father was a merchant and planter, and lived mostly in Paris, France. He fitted at Mt. Holly and Elizabeth City, N. J.; entered college in 1859, and continued until the summer of 1861, when he left at the breaking out of the Civil War.

After leaving college he returned to his home in Louisiana, and entered the Confederate service, became lieutenant colonel of the Fifteenth Confederate Cavalry, and as such was in active service until the close of the war.

He made a good reputation as an able and daring officer; among other things, he, with five men, entered the Federal lines at Port Hudson, during the memorable siege of 1863, and captured Gen. Neal Dow and his guard while in their headquarters, and carried them inside the Confederate lines and sent them to Libby Prison at Richmond. General Dow was afterward exchanged for Gen. Fitzhugh Lee.

After the close of the war he returned to Dartmouth, and graduated with the Class of 1866.

He then went to Europe and became a student of medicine at Paris in 1866-7; returned to America in 1868, bought a ranch in California and became a ranchero at Los Angeles, and was elected the Alcalde; in 1870 he sold out and removed to San Francisco, and became vice-principal of the public schools in that city in 1870-2. In 1872-6 he was a student of medi-

cine at Vienna, Austria, and Munich, Bavaria, taking his degree of M.D. at Munich; engaged in the practice of medicine at Rome in 1876, but in 1878 he was taken with malarial fever and went to Capri, in the Bay of Naples, for his health, and was so attracted by the beauties of that earthly paradise that he resided there a number of years. He had a fine villa, a vineyard, and an olive orchard, and occupied his time in writing, painting, making oil and wine, and traveling. Many of his Winters he spent in Egypt, Greece, Tunis, Spain, or other near by places.

He published a history of Capri, which was valuable historically and of interest to the reader. He accumulated what was said to be the finest private collection of medieval arms in the world. Later he returned to the United States and practiced his profession in New Orleans.

He was shot near Wilson, La., September 18, 1897, by State Senator R. E. Thompson. The men met on a country road, one driving and the other on horseback. "With scant preliminaries, the pair drew revolvers and began shooting. McKowen, shot through the neck, started his horse, and, as he rode, evidently realizing his wound was mortal, took out his notebook and wrote out a statement of the affair."

He married a sister of D. W. Pipes, a prominent politician of Louisiana.

In political faith he was a Southerner, and his religious tendencies were (in his own words), "Buddhism mixed with the maxims and precepts of our old college friend, Horace."

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#### SAMUEL JONES MORRIS, DeWitt, Iowa

Samuel Jones Morris, son of James L. and Agnes E. Morris, was born at Morgantown, Pa., June 16, 1839. His father was a merchant. He fitted at Fort Edward, N. Y., entered college in the Fall of 1858, and remained through the Sophomore year, being obliged to give up his studies on account of his eyes.

After leaving college, he at once "went West," and settled at Princeton, Scott County, Iowa, where he remained until October, 1882, when he removed to DeWitt, his present residence. His own words will best describe his life up to 1882.

"My life, since my eyes forbade my continuance with the boys of 1862, has been mainly spent in bucolic pursuits, in the '*otium cum dignitate*' of farm life, although I am free to confess that the '*otium*' was not at all times discernible to the naked eye. As a relaxation therefrom—the '*otium*'—I spent some years with moderate constancy and fair success as a teacher, and take rather pardonable pride in the style and manner of 'fitting' which I gave several young men for college. I had thought that the '*tupto, tupso, tetupha*,' the '*arrecti comæ*,' and all that, had gone off on a tangent, and had well nigh hoped it had, and have only to thank one young man, half Irish, half German, and wholly polyglot, for the novel discovery that it had not wholly gone, and it is fitting that I bid welcome to what is left."

In October, 1882, he removed to DeWitt, Iowa, where he was the head of the firm of Morris, Barr & Morris, patentees and manufacturers of the "Iowa Cyclone Hub Borer," and for many years he was "a wayfarer, a commercial pilgrim," and his duties led him into almost all the States north of Mason & Dixon's line, and sometimes beyond it, being the General Agent of the Iowa Assessment Mutual Insurance Association, of DeWitt, Iowa.

He has filled responsible positions, such as Assessor, Collector, Justice of the Peace, etc.; and was interested in the publication of a history of Scott County, furnishing much of the material.

He is in good health and better spirits, an optimist all through, and hopes rather than expects to reach the century mark.

He continues steadfast in Republican faith, tries to grow with its growth, is an ardent admirer of Mr. Roosevelt, and has the largest measure of faith in President Taft.

Time has thinned his family as he has lost his youngest daughter and his wife, about his life with whom he wrote in

1883 that he had a firm belief in "matches made in heaven," as "Mrs. M. and myself have the same measure of years, days, hours; twins, so to speak."

In his travelling days, he used sometimes to run across some of the men of '62, "John S. Stevens, of Peoria, for instance, and Add Clark, of Waterloo, Wis., who was a very prince of good fellows."

He takes great interest in the class and its record, and writes of them as "a lot of boys well worth knowing and remembering."

For nearly eighteen years he has lived with his surviving daughter and her family.

He married Miss Eleanora V. L. Cornog, at Davenport, Iowa, February 5, 1863. She died in DeWitt, Iowa, August 13, 1889.

Children: Eleanora V. L., nat., July 3, 1864.

Agnes E., nat., May, 1868, ob. October 4, 1893.

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#### GILMAN NOYES

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Gilman Noyes, son of Hazen and Lois (Hayford) Noyes, was born at Atkinson, N. H., March 8, 1839. His father was a farmer. He entered college in the fall of 1858, and was in college one year, leaving at the end of Freshman year.

He remained at home until he entered the War of the Rebellion, enlisting April, 1861, in the First Regiment N. H. Volunteers, and remained until the regiment was mustered out of service, August 9, 1861; reenlisted in the Seventh N. H. Regiment Volunteers October 5, 1861, and was discharged November 9, 1864; he was wounded in the right shoulder in the engagement at Olustee, February 20, 1864. He was the first to enlist from Atkinson.

After his military service he remained at home for a season, then went West, where he engaged in business; then returned to Atkinson November, 1867, and studied law in Haverhill, and also in Boston, but was obliged to give it up on account of physical difficulties, and was engaged in farming until his death, August 2, 1889.

He was a Democrat and an Episcopalian.

He was married to Mrs. Caroline S. Nelson, of Haverhill, Mass., at Atkinson, January 3, 1884.

A nephew, Edson Noyes, lives at Haverhill, Mass.

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RETIRE HATHORN PARKER

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Retire Hathorn Parker, son of Retire H. and Hannah (Chase) Parker, was born at Exeter, N. H., January 2, 1840. His father was a tanner. He fitted at Phillips Exeter Academy, entered college in the fall of 1858, and continued until the Sophomore year, when he was compelled to relinquish his studies on account of ill health.

After leaving college he went on a sea voyage which benefited him greatly; after that he entered a store in Boston, where he remained two years; he then engaged in the sugar-refining business, and was the superintendent and manager of the well-known Union Sugar Refinery at Boston, Mass.

In 1878 he left the refining business and established a large commission house, Retire H. Parker & Co., manufacturers' agents for glycerine and various druggists' supplies. In this he was successful and accumulated wealth.

His winter home was in Longwood, a village of Brookline, Mass., and his summer home in Hudson, N. H. Here he died suddenly August 13, 1893. His wife and four daughters survived him, as did also a brother.

He was a Republican, and Congregationalist "orthodox" in creed, and in 1883 he wrote that he had always paid 100 cents on the dollar and had some left.

Married to Miss Caroline D. Pollard, at Charlestown, March 5, 1872.

Children: Mary Ednah, nat., March, 1873; ob. November, 1874.

Edith, nat., March, 1874.

Helen Livingston, nat., October, 1875.

Marion, nat., November, 1879.

Caroline, Margery (twins), nat., June, 1883.

SAMUEL PORTER PUTNAM

Samuel Porter Putnam, son of Rufus A. and Frances H. Putnam, was born at Chichester, N. H., July 23, 1837. His father was a Congregational clergyman. He fitted at Pembroke (N. H.) Academy, entered college in the fall of 1858, and left college during Junior year to enter the army.

He entered the 4th New York Heavy Artillery, and was connected with the same until he passed a competitive examination before the Military (Casey's) Board at Washington, and was appointed Captain in the 20th U. S. Colored Troops, and served until the close of the war. After the war he studied theology at Chicago, Ill., was ordained a Congregationalist (orthodox) minister in 1868, and preached three years; then entered the Unitarian ministry and preached at Toledo, Ohio, one year; at Omaha and North Platte, Nebr., three years; Northfield, Mass., two years; Vincennes, Ind., one year. He left the ministry and accepted a position in the Custom House at New York City, in 1880, and later he was promoted. When, however, he was, in 1884, elected secretary of the National Liberal League, he resigned his Custom House position, and thereafter devoted all his time and energies to the Freethought work. He was one of the chief leaders of an agitation begun in 1885 for the opening of the Museums of Art and Natural History in Central Park on Sunday. The efforts were successful.

In December, 1887, he went to California, and the next month began the publication of *Freethought*, a weekly anti-religious paper. This paper was merged with the *Truth Seeker*, in August, 1891.

He was unanimously elected president of the several annual Congresses (1893-6) of the Freethought Federation.

In April, 1895, he sailed from New York on a visit to England and France, combining a pleasure trip and lecturing tour.

He died suddenly at Boston, Mass., December 11, 1896.

During his ministerial years he wrote some poetry for the Unitarian papers, and in the interval between the time he left the pulpit and re-entered it, about 1877, he contributed

more or less verse to the *Free Religious Index*. His first published volume was "Prometheus, a Poem." Of this work, the late Dr. Bellows said: "It is crammed with life, thought, and profound emotion, poured forth, it seems to me, with extraordinary richness and beauty;" and the *Century*, "The value of the work lies in the vigor, consistency and eloquence with which the moral temptations of to-day are set forth."

His first contribution to the Freethought press was his story, "Gottlieb: His Life." For the same paper, the *Truth Seeker*, he wrote book reviews and other essays. The opening chapter of his first novel, "Golden Throne," appeared in the first number of *This World*, January, 1882. On February 21, 1885, appeared the first of his famous "News and Notes," of which more than five hundred installments were published in the following eleven years. He was also the author of a novel, "Waifs and Wanderings," 1885, and a history, "Four Hundred Years of Free Thought," 1894. His writings have not been brought together in a uniform edition. There are various pamphlets and four or five bound books. Besides this work there were hundreds of lectures, which he delivered in all parts of the country.

He said that he believed in anarchy, but he never used the word without having it understood that he meant "ideal" anarchy—that is, a condition in which no government would be needed, because no one would infringe the equal rights of others.

By heredity he was a Republican, but no party engaged his active support. Regarding religion, he was an Atheist. His philosophy was materialistic.

"So unaffected was he, that his intimates usually addressed him as 'Put' or 'Sam.'" Those who knew him loved him, and numerous were the tributes paid him.

"I knew him from the early eighties to the time of his death, and never saw in him a streak of what is called 'yellows.' I cannot speak of him without praising him."

"I have never met a man who appeared to be more thoroughly devoted to the great cause of mental freedom. I never heard him utter a harsh word about any human being."

Randall H. White (a '62 man) said of him in an address at Chicago that he knew the world was better for Putnam's having lived in it, and that if there was another world beyond the dark river, he believed that Putnam would be one of the most honored inhabitants. White knew him first at Pembroke Academy, then at college, later when he was attending the theological seminary in Chicago. "He has often been a guest at my house, and no guest was ever more welcome."

He married Miss Louise Howell, at Chicago, May 1, 1868.

Children: Harry, nat., May 1, 1869.

Gracie nat., April 29, 1871.

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JOHN J. SANBORN, Washington, D. C.

John J. Sanborn, son of John and Laura (Swasey) Sanborn, both of whom were of New England extraction, birth, and education, was born at Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va., September 6, 1840. His father was a teacher. He entered college in the fall term of the Sophomore year, 1859, and left college in 1860.

After leaving college he returned to his home in Virginia and entered the Confederate army; he left that service and came into the Federal lines, and has resided in Washington since 1863, where he has been engaged in various departments of the Government, and so continued, being last employed in the office of the Commissioners for the District of Columbia. He resigned some time ago, in 1891.

He gives no sketch of himself, saying that "life is too short," and that he has held no offices of any kind, has had no degrees, never married, never made any important travels, or engaged in anything of interest; belongs to no political party, and has no religious belief.

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Rev. ARTHUR HUBBARD SOMES, Otis, Mass.

Arthur Hubbard Somes, son of Benjamin and Ruhamah French (Stevens) Somes, was born at Laconia, N. H., January 24, 1835. His father was a mason and contractor. He

fitted at New Hampton, N. H.; entered college in the fall of 1858, and left at the end of the Junior year, 1861.

Directly after leaving college he was engaged as associate principal of the Blairstown (N. J.) Presbyterial Academy, a classical school, where he aided in fitting many students for Princeton, Yale, and Lafayette; here he remained two years; he then entered the Princeton Theological Seminary, and was a student two years, when he was ordained and installed pastor of the West Congregational Church at Warren, Mass., September 18, 1865, where he served till 1869; then returned to Blairstown and took charge of the classical department of the same institution that he was formerly connected with, remaining four years; was elected Principal of the Newton Collegiate Institute, N. J., but declined, and taught a few pupils as private tutor for two years; supplied the Presbyterian Church at South Bethlehem, Pa., 1875-7; the Congregational Church at West Warren, Mass., 1877-82; then removed to Barnstable, Mass.

At Barnstable he was Chairman of the School Board and Superintendent of Schools from June, 1882, to 1888, and served a Methodist Church on Sundays. In October, 1890, he went to Otis, Mass., and there served a church four years. Since 1894 he has "lived an easy life" in the small town of Otis, where, amid the Berkshire Hills, he has a farm of 300 acres.

"Have spent a part of these last years in writing." He sends me a copy of "The Glorious Old Flag," words and music by him. He also sends a manuscript copy of his poem, "March On, Mr. President," a tribute to Mr. Roosevelt.

He is a Republican and a Congregationalist.

Married Miss Helen A. Bodfish, at Barnstable, in 1863.

Children: Helen Adelaide, nat., 1868.

H. Roy Blair, nat., 1874.

Arvilla May, nat., 1878.

ALGERNON SYDNEY SYMMES

Algernon Sydney Symmes, son of Robert Symmes, was born at Ryegate, Vt., February 22, 1838. He fitted at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered college in the fall of 1858.

He was taken with what proved to be a fatal illness in the summer of 1859, and died in September, 1859, at his home at Ryegate.

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NOAH LANE MERRILL

(*Afterward* JOHN ARTHUR TEBBETTS)

Noah Lane Merrill, son of Noah L. and Malinda (Tebbetts) Merrill, was born at Northfield, N. H., in 1838. His father was a storekeeper. He fitted at Tilton, N. H.; entered college in the fall of 1858, and left at the end of the Sophomore year, 1860.

During the last term of the Freshman year he had his name changed to that of John Arthur Tebbetts, a relative promising that he would provide the means for his education and start him in business, in case he took that name.

He went to New Haven and entered the law school, but the promised aid failed, and he was greatly in need; he was attacked with typhoid fever and died (date unknown) and was buried at the public expense.

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CHARLES HENRY TIBBETTS

Charles Henry Tibbetts, son of Charles and Drusilla (Richardson) Tibbetts, was born at Fryeburg, Me., July 22, 1841. His father was a dealer in lumber and real estate. He fitted at the Fryeburg Academy, entered college in the fall of 1859 and left at the end of the spring term of the Sophomore year (1860) on account of trouble with his eyes, from which he always suffered. After leaving college he engaged in business

at North Fryeburg; in 1866 moved to Fryeburg, entered upon the lumber and real-estate trade, and remained in business there thirty years.

"He kept in touch with several of his classmates, Mr. Edward Tuck, among others." His two daughters are married, and with one of them his wife is still living in Spokane, Wash. A sister is living at Lyndonville, Vt.

He died November 15, 1900.

He was a Republican and liberal in creed.

Married Miss Hattie C. Cummings, at Norway, Me., November 8, 1869.

Children: Ellen F., nat., November 24, 1870.

Edith L., nat., December 15, 1872.

## CHANDLER SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

WILLIAM HENRY BALDWIN, Yonkers, N. Y.

William Henry, son of David and Amanda M. (Hobbs) Baldwin, was born at Nashua, N. H., March 10, 1842. His father was a manufacturer. He fitted at Kimball (Meriden) Academy, entered the Scientific School at the fall term of 1859, and completed the course.

After graduation, he entered the army as Lieutenant in the 1st New York Volunteer Engineers, served at Hilton Head and at the siege and capture of Morris Island, and in the army of the James, in front of Richmond and Petersburg, till the close of the war, when he was mustered out as Captain.

Since then he has been engaged in the general practice of civil engineering, at Yonkers, N. Y., where he still resides.

He was assistant engineer in designing and constructing the sewerage works of Memphis, Tenn., Norfolk, Va., Buffalo, N. Y., and other cities under the direction of Col. Geo. E. Waring, Jr.

In 1881-2 he collected the social statistics for the tenth census of the United States, examining and reporting upon the sewerage and sanitary works of New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Louisville, &c.

In 1887 he was appointed engineer of the Yonkers Water Works, and had charge of designing and constructing extensive additions to the water works and sewerage systems. He held this position until Yonkers became a city of the second class, when he was made Deputy City Engineer.

He is a Republican, a Baptist, a Mason, a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Married to Miss Helen Adele Reed, at Nashua, N. H., October 25, 1872. No children.

Dr. GEORGE EDWARD DARLING

George Edward Darling was born January 17, 1840, at St. Stephen, New Brunswick.

After graduation he pursued the study of medicine, and graduated at the Dartmouth Medical College in 1866; was in the hospital at Manchester, N. H., for some months, and then settled in the practice of his profession at Erie, Pa.

He was attacked with typhoid fever and died from its effects at Erie, in 1868.

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CHARLES LEE DOUGLASS, Cleveland, Ohio

Charles Lee, son of Sidney B. and Louisa (Lee) Douglass, was born at Hanover, N. H., October 2, 1843. Was prepared for Dartmouth at Hanover. Entered college in 1858. Was a Republican.

Enlisted in the army in May, 1861, and went out with the First New Hampshire Regiment. Received his diploma after his return in accordance with a college regulation providing that all Dartmouth undergraduates who enlisted and served during the term of their enlistment, and had also attended the college courses a certain length of time, should receive their diplomas and be regularly recorded as graduates.

Went to Philadelphia in 1864, became secretary and treasurer of an oil company, with which he remained four years. He went to Cleveland in 1868, and entered a banking house. In 1870 opened a general insurance office in Cleveland under the title of Everett & Douglass. In 1884 the firm name was changed to Bingham & Douglass, and in 1908 he incorporated under the title of the Bingham & Douglass Co.

He is also engaged in manufacturing, and is interested and associated with the following corporations:

President—The Reliance Gauge Column Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

President—The Bingham & Douglass Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Secretary and Director—The Ohio Cement Co., Lisbon, Ohio.

Director—Lisbon Electric Light and Gas Co., Lisbon, Ohio.

Director—The Chandler & Price Co. (manufacturers printing presses), Cleveland, Ohio.

Director—The Central Institute, Cleveland, Ohio.

He is also a member of the Grand Army of the Republic; Holyrood Commandery, K. T.; and Beta Theta Phi Fraternity.

Was married in 1874, and had one son, the wife losing her life at his birth. Was married again in 1885, and had three children: Leland Sidney Douglass, nat., 1887, now a student at Cornell University; Florence Louise Douglass, nat., 1890, and now a student in Cleveland; Harold Lee Douglass would now be 17 years old, drowned during the summer of 1908.

He reports himself "a red-hot Republican," and says nothing about his religious tendencies.

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Prof. JOHN ROBIE EASTMAN (Retired), Andover, N. H.

John Robie, son of Royal F. and Sophronia (Mayo) Eastman, was born at Andover, N. H., July 29, 1836. He lived and worked on his father's farm in boyhood, attended the "district school," and also the academies at Andover and New London, N. H. In 1860 he entered the Junior Class in the Chandler School at Dartmouth and was graduated in 1862. He began teaching in 1853 and continued, teaching every winter and sometimes in the autumn and spring, until 1862, when he was appointed an assistant in the U. S. Naval Observatory, at Washington, D. C.

February 17, 1865, he was appointed Professor of Mathematics in the U. S. Navy, with the rank of lieutenant commander, and assigned to astronomical duty at the Naval Observatory, where he continued, with occasional absences on special astronomical expeditions, until his retirement from active duty, on account of age, on July 29, 1898. By special order of the Navy Department he was continued on active duty until October 12, 1898. From 1874 to 1891 he had charge of the Meridian Circle observations and computations; and also was in charge during that period of the annual astronomical publications of the Observatory.

He observed the total eclipse of the sun of August 7, 1869, at Des Moines, Iowa; that of December 22, 1870, at Syracuse, Sicily; that of July 29, 1878, at West Las Animas, Colo., and that of May 28, 1900, at Barnesville, Ga. He observed the transits of Mercury, at Washington, D. C., May 6, 1878, and November 10, 1904. He was in charge of the party sent by the Government to Cedar Keys, Fla., to observe the transit of Venus, on December 6, 1882.

He prepared and edited the "Second Washington Star Catalogue," which contains the results of nearly 80,000 observations made at the Naval Observatory from 1866 to 1891. Of these observations he made a much larger number than any other astronomer. Since his retirement he has revised, recomputed and corrected, at his own expense, the results of the observations of the sun, moon, planets and comets, 9,720 in all, made with Meridian Circle at the Naval Observatory from 1866 to 1891, and this work has since been published by the Government. He has published a number of papers on astronomical subjects, but most of his work has been printed in the annual volumes of the U. S. Naval Observatory. He is a member of several scientific societies. He has been the General Secretary and twice Vice-president of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

He was one of the founders, once the President, and is still a member of the Cosmos Club, of Washington, D. C. Was once the President and is still a member of the Philosophical Society of Washington, and was the first President of the Washington Academy of Sciences, of which he is still a member.

Before retirement he purchased the farm on which he was born, in Andover, which he now manages and where he now spends most of his time from April to December. He was a member of the N. H. Legislature in 1905; and is now a member of the N. H. Board of Equalization, which fixes the State tax on railroads and other public-service corporations.

He received the degree of Ph.D. from Dartmouth in 1877.

On June 29, 1906, he was promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy.

During a residence of thirty-six years in Washington he never asked for a *personal* or *political* favor from any official from the President down to his immediate superior, the Superintendent of the Observatory.

In politics he is a "sound-money," "tariff-for-revenue," civil-service Democrat. Is affiliated more or less with the Unitarians.

Married December 25, 1866, Mary J. Ambrose, of Boscawen, N. H. No children. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Dr. CHARLES MELROY FELLOWS

Charles Melroy Fellows was born at Thetford, Vt., June 4, 1831.

After graduation he studied medicine, and graduated at the Bowdoin (Me.) Medical School, in 1865. Was in the Douglas General (Army) Hospital, Washington, D. C., as Hospital Steward during the latter part of the late civil war.

Settled in the practice of his profession at Lawrence, Mass., where he died in 1876.

He married Miss Esther S. Wright, of Bethel, Me., March 15, 1864. \_\_\_\_\_

#### VALENTINE P. FERRIS

Valentine P. Ferris was born at Swanton, Vt., September 15, 1840.

After graduation he became a commercial agent, and removed to Indiana. He was lost in a snow storm on the plains near Fort Hays, Kans., while hunting buffalo, in the winter of 1874.

He married Miss Lou Harrell, of Cincinnati, Ohio, July 9, 1867. \_\_\_\_\_

#### WILLIAM HENRY FESSENDEN

William Henry Fessenden, son of Abijah and Louisa M. Fessenden, was born at Buffalo, N. Y., July 26, 1840.

His father was a plumber. He fitted at Boston, Mass.,

entered the Scientific School in the fall term of 1858 and continued to the fall term of the second class (1860).

After leaving college he was purser of the Boston and Philadelphia Steamship Co. until the Government took their vessels for transports, at the breaking out of the war in 1861; enlisted as a private in Co. L, 1st Massachusetts Cavalry, in November, 1861; was severely wounded at the battle of Pocomtun, S. C., October 22, 1862, and was in hospital at Beaufort, S. C., till April 23, 1863, under treatment, when he was discharged on account of disability; after discharge, he remained at his home at Hyde Park, Mass., an invalid, for a year or more; upon his recovery he entered the employ of the American Telegraph Co., and afterward was in that of the Western Union Co., as Auditor of the Eastern Division, with his office in Boston; in 1874 he resigned and devoted himself to the profession of music, which he followed until 1884 or later.

He was for some years one of the most prominent members of the famous Boston Ideal Opera Troupe, and traveled over much of the United States and the Canadas.

He was a Republican, "of no settled religious belief," a Mason of the 32d degree.

He married Miss Harriet A. Sunderland, at Philadelphia, in 1860; ob. 1875.

Married Miss Mabel B. Burnham, at Boston, in 1876.

Children: Louisa Ewins, nat., 1861.

Alice Harriet, nat., 1865.

(I have not been able to learn anything about Fessenden of late years, but understand that he is dead.—H. S. C.)

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#### LEANDER MILLER HASKINS

Leander Miller Haskins, son of Moses and Betsey D. Haskins, was born at Rockport, Mass., June 20, 1842. His father was a mariner. He fitted at Andover, Mass.; entered the Scientific School in the spring term of 1860, and continued through the course.

After graduating he continued the study of engineering and surveying in Boston; taught in the winter of 1862-3; went to New Orleans in May, 1863, and joined the Nineteenth Army Corps, as Commissary Chief Clerk, stationed at Port Hudson and Carrollton; discharged by reason of sickness in September, 1863; appointed clerk in the Navy Department in December, 1863; resigned in April, 1866; continued the study of engineering in Boston until October, 1866, when he was reappointed a clerk in the Navy Department; resigned in October, 1868, and entered into a partnership with his brother, Moses W. Haskins, in the wholesale fish and oil business; in November, 1879, he engaged in the manufacture of isinglass, which he continued during his life.

He was:

Director, Faneuil Hall National Bank, Boston, Mass.

Director, Rockport National Bank, Rockport, Mass.

Director, Rockport Street Railway Corporation, Rockport, Mass.

He was an active, energetic and successful business man, and acquired a good fortune—probably much more than any other member of the Chandler Class.

He had an adopted daughter, Louise H., nat., December 29, 1873, who married Arthur L. Canfield, of Chicago, now a civil engineer in New York City, with his residence in Somerville, N. J.

Haskins died in Rockport, August 1, 1905, and Mrs. Haskins died January 15, 1898.

He was independent in politics, and a Congregationalist in creed; also a Mason and Knight Templar.

He married Miss Gertrude Davis, of Chicago, at Boston, December 19, 1871.

No children save the adopted daughter.

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#### CHARLES CURTIS HEILGE

Charles Curtis Heilge was born at Boston, Mass., July 8, 1841.

After graduation he became an assistant engineer in the

U. S. Navy. After the war he went into business in Boston, where he died in 1871.

He married Miss Annie Rand, of Hanover, N. H.

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Hon. JOHN HOPKINS

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John Hopkins, son of James and Elizabeth Hopkins, was born at Leonard Stanley, Gloucestershire, England, March 19, 1840. His father was a fuller. He fitted at Phillips (Andover) Academy, entered the Scientific School in the fall of 1858, and continued through the course.

After graduation he began the study of law with Joseph B. Cook, at Blackstone, Mass., and was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in March, 1864; began the practice of law in Milbury, Mass., in 1864, and practiced there and in Worcester, having offices in both places; had a good practice in both civil and criminal law; was twice a member of the Massachusetts Legislature (1882 and 1883), and held important chairmanships of committees. He was Selectman, School Committee, Assessor, Trustee of Library, Treasurer of the Episcopal Mission, etc.

He said, in 1884: "Haven't had time to travel; haven't published anything. I don't know whether or not my classmates will be glad to know it, but as a matter of fact I have been the defeated candidate of the Democratic party for Congress (Ninth Massachusetts district), for State Senator, for District Attorney, and for State Auditor."

He was appointed to the Superior Bench in 1891, continuing actively till stricken by severe illness, while sitting in Worcester, in March, 1902. His appointment to the bench was urged by the unanimous action of the Worcester bar. He had the full respect and confidence of the bench and bar of Massachusetts. On the bench he was the serene arbiter.

He was one of the visitors of the Chandler School from 1892 until the time of his death, and rendered the legal opinion which made possible the incorporation of the school into Dartmouth College.

He died at Millbury, his home, May 19, 1902.

He married Miss Mary C. Salisbury, of Blackstone, Mass., November 21, 1864.

Children: Grace E., nat., January 17, 1866.

Paul Fenner, nat., March 12, 1867; ob. August 6, 1867.

Herbert Salisbury, nat., February 5, 1868.

John Earl, nat., February 14, 1869; ob. August 4, 1869.

Herman Phillips, nat., January 22, 1873.

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JOHN A. STAPLES, Somerville, Mass

John A. Staples, son of James H. and Sarah E. (Dudley) Staples, was born at Lyman, Me., September 5, 1841. His father was a grocer. He fitted at Biddeford (Me.) High School, entered the Scientific School in the fall of 1858, and continued through the full course. After graduation he was engaged in business at home for two years; in 1864 he went to Buffalo, N. Y., in the interest of the Shaw & Clark Sewing Machine Co., and remained there two years, then was transferred to Chicago, where he was two years, when he closed his connection with the said company and made an engagement with the Union Paper Collar Co., of New York. Returning to Biddeford, was elected City Clerk in 1870, which office he held till 1873, when he was appointed freight cashier Boston and Maine Railroad, which position he still retains.

He resided in Revere, Mass., from 1873 to 1900, and was Chairman of the Board of Selectmen of Revere from 1882 to 1889; first president of the Revere Co-operative Bank; president the Revere Real Estate Association from its organization, in 1891, to present time; president Boston and Maine Railroad Relief Association from 1892 to 1898.

He was a Democratic candidate for the Massachusetts Legislature, but was defeated. Is a Democrat of that Grover Cleveland type that rejects the Bryan heresies, but firmly believes in a low tariff and an honest administration of public affairs.

Is a Universalist.

Is not possessed of wealth which burdens, but has reaped success according to opportunities.

He married Miss Josephine Goodwin, at Biddeford, Me, December 5, 1867. She died October 19, 1898.

Children: Walter Henry, nat., August 28, 1879; ob. January 30, 1877.

Philip Clayton, nat., October 24, 1882; now living in Baltimore.

Married a second time to Miss S. Harriet Dearborn, at Charlestown, Mass., June 10, 1901.

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### SAMUEL WELLES

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Samuel Welles was born December 15, 1841, at Glastonbury, Conn.

After graduation he was appointed an assistant at the Naval Observatory in Washington, August, 1862, and resigned the same in October of the same year. Was appointed a civil engineer in the United States Navy in 1862, and was on duty at the Washington Navy Yard, and afterwards at the New York Yard. He was then ordered on duty at the Mare Island Navy Yard, California, where he died July 10, 1866, from injuries received from the explosion of the boiler of a portable engine.

He had an excellent reputation as engineer and as an officer. He never married.

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### EDWARD BENTLEY YOUNG, Boston, Mass.

Edward Bentley Young, son of Edward and Harriet E. Young, was born at Reading, Mass., June 29, 1841. His father was a mechanic. He fitted at the Reading High School, entered the Scientific School at the beginning of the third year (1859), and continued through the course.

After graduation he began the study of medicine, but concluded to teach. Taught at Gloucester, Mass., in the winter

of 1862-3; at Winchester in 1863; at South Amesbury, Mass., in 1864-6; then at Boston, where he has since continued. Was junior submaster of the Brimmer School, 1866-8; senior submaster of the same, 1868-76; master of the same, 1876-80; master of the Prince School from 1880 to date.

He has devoted much time to the study of the sciences; is prominent in the Odd Fellow Brotherhood; is a Mason of the 32d degree, and has held many high positions in the order; is a Republican and an Episcopalian.

His residence is 104 Appleton Street.

He married Miss Ella L. Bird, at Boston, October 1, 1873.

No children.

He wants, some time before he is called away, to see old Dartmouth again, but says there is nothing to add to his history. His life has been full of work, and he is happy in the thought that in that work he has done his best. He is still master of the Prince School, in Boston, and is said by competent critics to be a successful teacher.

## RECAPITULATION

| ACADEMIC            |        |          |           |           |
|---------------------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|
|                     | LIVING | DECEASED | NO RECORD | TOTAL     |
| GRADUATES - -       | 28     | 29       |           | 57        |
| NON-GRADUATES -     | 5      | 15       |           | 20        |
|                     |        |          |           | <u>77</u> |
| CHANDLER SCIENTIFIC |        |          |           |           |
| GRADUATES - -       | 5      | 7        | 1         | 13        |
| NON-GRADUATES -     |        | 1        | 12        | 13        |
|                     |        |          |           | <u>26</u> |
|                     |        |          |           | 103       |

# ADDRESSES OF THE MEN OF '62 LIVING IN JUNE, 1909

## ACADEMIC

James S. Allen.....Rockville, Md.  
 Joshua S. Banfield...*Commercial Bulletin*, 41 India St., Boston, Mass.  
 Col. Calvin S. Brown.....General Land Office, Washington, D. C.  
 Rev. Levi G. Chase.....Concord, N. H.  
 Prof. Thomas N. Chase.....Bellows Falls, Vt.  
 Amos Waters Crane.....Toledo, Ohio  
 Oliver L. Cross.....Concord, N. H.  
 Horace S. Cummings.....1416 F St., Washington, D. C.  
 Jason H. Dudley.....Colebrook, N. H.  
 Luther Wilson Emerson.....206 Broadway, New York  
 Frederick Wood Eveleth.....585 Bergen Ave., Jersey City, N. J.  
 George Marshall Fellows.....Hyde Park, Mass.  
 James French.....34 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.  
 Grosvenor S. Hubbard.....35 Wall St., New York City  
 Dr. Simeon Hunt...Second St. and Warren Ave., East Providence, R. I.  
 William E. Johnson.....Woodstock, Vt.  
 Arthur Sewell Lake.....Shenandoah, Iowa  
 Rev. Henry P. Lamprey.....Concord, N. H.  
 Benjamin McLeran.....3931 L St., San Diego, Cal.  
 John Wesley Milligan.....Swissvale, Pa.  
 Rev. J. R. Milligan.....St. George's, Del.  
 Edwin F. Palmer.....Waterbury, Vt.  
 J. R. Pember.....Woodstock, Vt.  
 A. K. Potter.....Savings Bank Building, Lockport, N. Y.  
 John Sanborn Stevens.....Y. M. C. A. Building, Peoria, Ill.  
 Edward Tuck.....82 Champs Elysées, Paris, France  
 Dr. John S. Warren.....164 West Seventy-third St., New York  
 Dr. Augustus C. Walker.....Cambridge, Mass.

## NON-GRADUATES

Col. Clarence Dyer Gates.....124 College St., Burlington, Vt.  
 Arthur D. Haynes.....Perry, Kans.  
 Samuel J. Morris.....De Witt, Iowa  
 Rev. Arthur H. Somes.....Otis, Mass.  
 John J. Sanborn.....Washington, D. C.

## CHANDLER SCIENTIFIC DEPARTMENT

William H. Baldwin.....Assistant City Engineer, Yonkers, N. Y.  
 Charles L. Douglass.....Cleveland, Ohio (Bingham & Douglass Co.)  
 Prof. John R. Eastman.....Andover, N. H.  
 John A. Staples.....Somerville, Mass.  
 Edward B. Young.....104 Appleton St., Boston, Mass.









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